

The Macrobenthic Fauna Monitoring in the Dutch Sector of the North Sea, MWTL 2009

and a comparison with previous data

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1 Summary

Rijkswaterstaat Waterdienst organises a series of national monitoring programmes within the framework of MWTL (Monitoring Waterstaatkundige Toestand des Lands Milieumeetnet Rijkswateren). One of these programs is the annual monitoring of macrobenthos in the North Sea, Wadden Sea and Delta Estuary. The monitoring programme of macrobenthos in the Dutch part of the North Sea was formerly referred to as BIOMON (biological monitoring). In this report, this project is henceforward referred to as MWTL. A consortium of the companies Grontmij (team Ecology) and Ecosub was involved in the execution of the monitoring in 2009.

This report presents the results of the macrobenthos survey on the Dutch continental shelf (DCS), carried out in 2009. To achieve an optimal comparability with previous surveys, great care has been taken to adhere to the systematics. The purpose of the programme is to obtain insight into the year-to-year variations of the macrobenthic assemblages and to detect trend-like changes. These changes possibly indicate anthropogenic influences on the marine environment (e.g. eutrophication, pollution, beam trawl fishery) or effects of climate changes such as rise in sea water temperature or the occurrence of anoxia near the sea bed. Like previous years, in spring 2009, 100 stations were sampled with a Reineck boxcorer ($0,078 \text{ m}^2$ between 2 March and 16 April). In combination with data from previous years, an analysis was made of the visual trends and fluctuations of some species and of basic community attributes over the period 1991-2009.

The community attributes studied were diversity, abundance and biomass of the total macrobenthos found. Temporal variations and visual trends were investigated separately for each of the four sub-areas on the DCS (Dogger Bank, Oyster Grounds, Coastal and Offshore areas).

Totally, 216 taxa were found in the boxcore samples of the MWTL North Sea monitoring programme of 2009.

At the Dogger Bank, there was a steep increase in the number of species and total density. The biomass increased only slightly. This indicates that the high density increase is due to high numbers of small individuals. The total density increase is mainly related to the presence of Phoronida ($3000 + \text{ind/m}^2$) and polychaetes. About 50% of the fauna consists of phoronid worms, polychaetes and amphipods. The most commonly recorded species are Phoronida, *Magelona filiformis*, *Spiophanes bombyx* and *Bathyporeia elegans*. The density of *Acrocnida brachiata*, *Kurtiella bidentata*, *Amphiura filiformis* and *Bathyporeia elegans* was comparable to 2008. Regarding bivalves, *Tellina fabula* was found in high numbers on the Dogger Bank.

The total density at the Oyster Grounds slightly decreased compared to 2008. The numbers of species found remained similar to 2008. Also the biomass slightly decreased in 2009 compared to previous years. Echinoderms were the most numerous species group, followed by phoronid worms. The brittle star, *Amphiura filiformis*, phoronids, *Corbula gibba* (common basket shell) and the polychaetes *Magelona johnstoni* and *M. filiformis* present 50% of the total density. The density of *Corbula gibba* showed a strong decrease in density from 500 ind./m^2 to 80 ind./m^2 in 2009. The bivalve *Nucula nitida* shows a continuous increase in density in the last decade.

The densities in the Offshore area remained similar to 2008. The total density remained as high as in 2008. The number of species slightly decreased (in range with 2007). The Offshore area was dominated by polychaete worms (54% the total density). Especially the polychaete *Magelona johnstoni* was present in very high numbers (44% of the total density). The amphipods *Urothoe poseidonis*, *U. brevicornis* and *Bathyporeia elegans* were also present in high numbers (21% of the total density).

In the Coastal area, the number of species and the total hardly changed. The coastal zone was dominated by polychaete worms (*M. johnstoni*). The amphipod *Urothoe poseidonis* and the polychaetes *Capitella capitata* slightly increased in numbers compared to 2008. The American razor clam *Ensis directus* decreased in density again, especially compared to the years 2002–2007 when numbers were extremely high. However, *Ensis directus* still dominates the biomass of the Coastal zone.

2 Samenvatting

De Waterdienst van Rijkswaterstaat organiseert een reeks nationale monitoringprogramma's in het kader van MWTL (Monitoring Waterstaatkundige Toestand des Lands milieumeetnet rijkswateren). Een van deze programma's is de jaarlijkse monitoring van macrobenthos in de Noordzee, Waddenzee en de Zeeuwse Delta. De monitoring van macrobenthos in de Noordzee werd in het verleden over het algemeen aangeduid als BIOMON (biologische monitoring). In dit rapport wordt dit project aangeduid als MWTL Noordzee. De MWTL Noordzee-monitoring wordt georganiseerd door de Waterdienst van Rijkswaterstaat. Een consortium, bestaande uit medewerkers van Grontmij (team Ecologie) en Ecosub voerde de bemonstering, determinaties, analyse en rapportage van deze monitoring in 2009 uit.

Dit rapport geeft de resultaten van de monitoring in 2009 van het Nederlands Continentaal Plat (NCP) weer. Om een vergelijking het verleden te kunnen maken, is ervoor gezorgd dat de systematiek van de voorgaande monitoringsjaren werd gehandhaafd. Het doel van het monitoringprogramma is om inzicht te krijgen in de jaar-op-jaar variaties van de samenstelling van het macrobenthos en visuele trends. Deze duiden op mogelijke antropogene invloeden op het mariene milieu, zoals eutrofivering, vervuiling of visserij. Maar ook veranderingen in het klimaat zoals toename van zware stormen, stijging van de zeewatertemperatuur en het optreden van zuurstofloosheid op de bodem als gevolg van stratificatie in de diepe delen van de Noordzee, kunnen met deze data onderzocht worden. In het kader van dit project wordt iedere lente een veldcampagne uitgevoerd. In 2009 zijn 100 MWTL stations met een Reineck Boxcorer ($0,078 \text{ m}^2$) bemonsterd in de periode tussen 2 maart en 16 april. Dit rapport bevat ook een vergelijking met data uit voorgaande jaren met visuele trends en fluctuaties in soorten en eigenschappen van de benthosgemeenschap over de periode 1991-2009.

De bestudeerde gemeenschapskenmerken zijn dichtheid en biomassa van de totale macrobenthosgemeenschap. Temporele variaties en visuele trends werden afzonderlijk onderzocht voor ieder van de vier deelgebieden op het NCP: Doggersbank, Oestergronden, Kust- en Offshoregebied.,

In totaal werden er in 2009 216 taxa gevonden in de boxcoremonsters van de MWTL Noordzee monitoring.

Op de Doggersbank, nam het totaal aantal soorten en de totale dichtheid toe ten opzichte van de voorgaande jaren. De biomassa is echter slechts licht gestegen. Dit geeft aan, dat de stijging in de dichtheid te verklaren is door een toename in densiteit van kleine individuen. Dit wordt vooral veroorzaakt door de aanwezigheid van grote hoeveelheden hoefijzerwormen (Phoronida, $3000+ \text{ ind/m}^2$) en polychaeten. Ongeveer 50% van de fauna bestaat uit hoefijzerwormen, borstelwormen en vlokreeften. De meest voorkomende soorten waren Phoronida, *Magelona filiformis*, *Spiophanes bombyx* en *Bathyporeia elegans*. De dichthesen van de *Acrocnida brachiata*, *Kurtiella bidentata*, *Amphiura filiformis* en *Bathyporeia elegans* zijn vergelijkbaar met 2008. De talrijkste tweekleppige op de Doggersbank was *Tellina fabula*.

Op de Oestergronden daalde de totale dichtheid licht ten opzichte van 2008. Het totaal aantal soorten bleef ongeveer gelijk. De biomassa daalde ten opzichte van voorgaande jaren. Stekelhuidigen (*Echinodermata*) waren het meest talrijk, gevolgd door hoefijzerwormen (Phoronida). De slangster *Amphiura filiformis*, phoronide wormen, *Corbula gibba* en de borstelwormen *Magnola johnstoni* en *M. filiformis* droegen voor 50% bij aan de totale dichtheid. In 2008 bereikte *Corbula gibba* in een gemiddelde dichtheid van 500 ind/m^2 , in 2009 werden er slechts 80 ind/m^2 aangetroffen. De laatste 10 jaar vertoont de tweekleppige *Nucula nitida* vertoont een continue stijgende trend.

In het Offshoregebied bleven dichthesden nagenoeg gelijk ten opzichte van 2008. Dit relatief hoge aantal individuen in 2008 werd in 2009 ook gevonden. Het aantal soorten is echter licht gedaald. (vergelijkbare aantallen met 2007). Het Offshoregebied werd gedomineerd door borstelwormen, deze bepalen meer dan 54% van de totale dichtheid. Vooral de borstelworm *Magelona johnstoni* is in zeer grote hoeveelheden aanwezig (44% van de totale dichtheid). De vlokreeftjes *Urothoe poseidonis*, *U. brevicornis* en *Bathyporeia elegans* zijn ook aanwezig in relatief hoge aantallen (21% van de totale dichtheid). Deze soorten zijn sterk toegenomen in aantal in 2009.

In de Kustzone is het totaal aantal soorten en de totale dichtheid per locatie vrijwel gelijk gebleven. De Kustzone werd gedomineerd door borstelwormen (*M. johnstoni*). De vlokreeft *Urothoe poseidonis* en de borstelwormen *Nephtys cirrosa* en *Capitella capitata* zijn licht gestegen in dichtheid ten opzichte van 2008. De dichtheid van de Amerikaanse zwaardschede (*Ensis directus*) nam opnieuw af, vooral in vergelijking met de jaren 2002-2007 toen de aantallen extreem hoog waren. Ondanks deze afname is *Ensis directus* nog steeds de dominante soort voor wat betreft biomassa.

3 Introduction

In 1989 the **BIO**logical **MON**itoring program of marine waters was initiated to study the temporal variation of the marine ecosystems on the Dutch continental shelf (DCS) including the Wadden Sea and the Delta area. This program started as an initiative of the National Institute for Coastal and Marine Management (former RIKZ), which has now integrated in Rijkswaterstaat Waterdienst and Deltares (Yland, 1995). Recently this programme was renamed to **MWTL** (Monitoring Waterstaatkundige Toestand des Lands). This programme monitors benthic fauna, plankton, fish, sea grass, hard substrate populations, seabirds and marine mammals. For the period 2009-2011 the consortium of Grontmij and Ecosub has been assigned to perform the monitoring of macrobenthos on the DCS.

In this report the data from the benthos survey of spring 2009 are presented. Data on all invertebrate species found in this survey are supplied. The result is compared with MWTL data from previous years (1991-2008), data obtained during the ICES North Sea Benthos Survey (ICES-NSBS, 1986) and the MILZON-BENTHOS programme (1988-1993). In 1990 a pilot study of the BIOMON project was carried out at 7 locations on the DCS. These results have also been included in the dataset.

The aim of the MWTL program is to gain insight in the spatial and temporal variation of the benthic fauna and to detect possible visual trends. During the first years (1991-1994), 25 stations located along five transects perpendicular to the Dutch coast were sampled. On every station five replicate boxcore samples were collected. This method was reviewed and starting from 1995 it was decided to take single samples on 100 stations scattered on the DCS. These locations were selected according to a stratified random sampling design in each of the 4 sub-areas of the DCS: Dogger Bank, Oyster Grounds, Offshore area and Coastal area (Fig. 1). The number of stations within each subarea is proportional to its surface area. Each station is sampled for benthic fauna and sediment. The 100 stations that are sampled nowadays include the 25 original BIOMON stations. The procedure for the selection of locations is described in more detail by Essink (1995) and Holtmann *et al.* (1996).

4 Materials and Methods

To ensure that observed changes are not due to methodological differences, the procedures for sampling and processing the fauna samples have been standardized (Essink, 1991) and have remained unaltered since the beginning of the monitoring project in 1991.

4.1 Sampling

In 2009, all 100 MWTL stations were sampled with a Reineck Boxcorer in the period 2 March - 16 April. In 98 stations the water depth exceeded 5 m. These stations were visited using the research vessel MS Rotterdam (North Sea Directorate, Rijkswaterstaat). Two stations in the coastal subarea with a water depth less than 10 m (VOORDTA3 and VOORDTA4) were sampled using the research vessel Delta. These final two locations were sampled on 16 April 2009. Figure 4-1 shows the positions of the stations. For geographical locations of the stations with DONAR codes and depth, see Appendix 1, table A1-1.

4.2 Sample treatments

On each station, two samples with a Reineck boxcorer (0.078 m^2 , minimal depth 15 cm) were taken. One of the samples was used for sediment analysis, from which two subsamples ($\varnothing 3.4 \text{ cm}$, sampling depth 10 cm) were pooled and immediately stored at -20°C . The other boxcore sample was washed through a sieve (mesh size 1 mm - circular holes). The sieved fraction was preserved in a borax-buffered solution of 4-6 % formaldehyde in seawater and stored at room temperature.

In the laboratory (Grontmij, Amsterdam) the macrobenthic samples were stained with Rose Bengal to facilitate sorting and washed in a set of nested thread sieves with 0.7 mm being the smallest mesh size. In the laboratories of Grontmij (Amsterdam) and ecosub (Doorn), the benthos found was identified to species level, except for anthozoans, phoronids and most nemerteans (because identification in these groups is difficult), and subsequently counted. Juvenile macrobenthic animals which, because of their size, could not be identified to species level, were recorded on higher taxonomic levels, usually the genus level. Lengths ($\pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$) were recorded for most molluscs and echinoids.

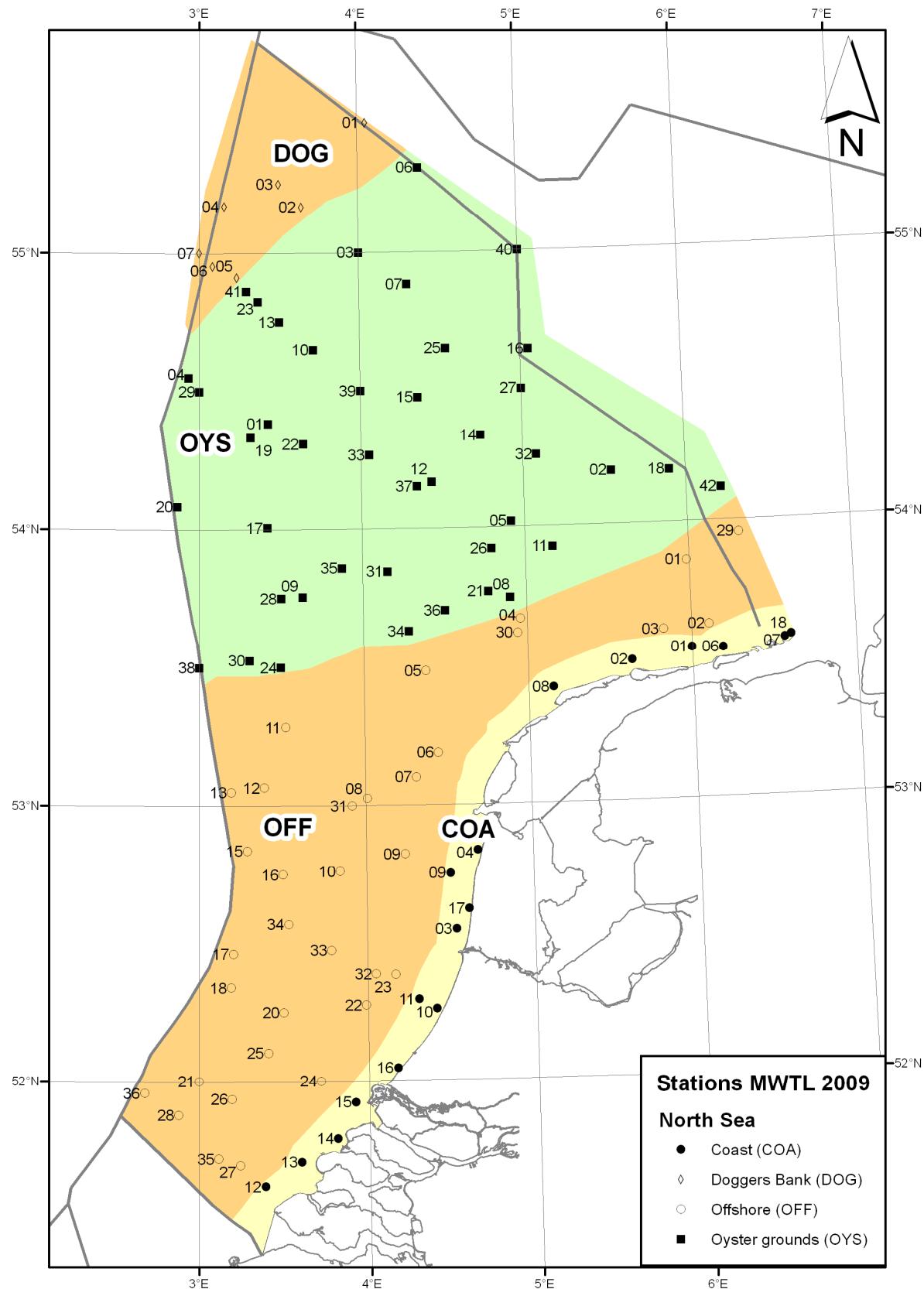


Figure 4-1 MWTL 2009, sampling stations

4.3 Ashfree dry weight

The ash-free dry weight (AFDW) of the different taxa was determined in one of the following ways:

Molluscs and echinoids:

by means of length-AFDW relationships of the formula $W = a \cdot L^b$
with W = ash-free dry weight (g), L = length (mm), a and b are conversion factors varying for different species.

Polychaetes, larger crustaceans, ophiuroids and remaining taxa:

indirectly, by converting the (blotted) wet weight into AFDW by means of conversion factors provided by Rumohr *et al.* (1987) and Ricciardi & Bourget (1998). Wet weights were measured with a Mettler PJ300 balance to the nearest mg.

Small amphipods and cumaceans were assigned an average individual AFDW of 0.2-0.5 mg. The same value was used by Holtmann & Groenewold (1992; 1994) in their analysis of macrobenthos from the MILZON-BENTHOS project in the southern North Sea between 1991 and 1993. These estimated individual weights are based on previous determinations of the AFDW of these taxa (Duineveld; Holtmann, unpubl.).

4.4 Diversity analyses

For each sample, density (ind./m²) and biomass (g AFDW/m²) were calculated. In the literature a number of indices have been proposed to represent biological diversity (Hill, 1973; Peterson, 1977; Pearson & Rosenberg, 1978; Harper & Hawksworth, 1994; Diaz, Solan & Valente, 2004; Dauvin & Ruellet, 2007). In this report, three indices are used, each representing a different aspect of the faunal diversity. The species richness ($Hill_0$) stands for the number of species per boxcore sample and is the simplest index. The other two indices, the Shannon-Wiener index (H') (Shannon & Weaver, 1949) and the Simpson index (D) for dominance (Simpson, 1949), are based on the proportional abundances of the individual species in the samples. The Simpson index is determined by the abundance of the most common species and can therefore be regarded as a measure of dominance (Hill, 1973). A high value of the Simpson index means low diversity, whereas a high value of $Hill_0$ or Shannon-Wiener's index indicates high diversity.

In this report, visual trends are discussed on a number of occasions. The description of these trends is based on information from the figures, and not from statistical trend analyses.

4.5 Sediment analysis

On each station a separate sediment sample was taken. From each sediment sample, two subsamples were taken from an intact boxcore sample and subsequently pooled for laboratory analysis of the sediment composition (e.g. grain size, content of calcium carbonate). The grain size was analyzed by laser diffraction (Malvern Mastersizer) at the laboratory of Rijkswaterstaat Waterdienst in Lelystad. Several parameters were derived from the grain size data: the median grain size (μm) and the silt content. The silt fraction was defined as the total fraction of mineral particles $< 63 \mu\text{m}$. For the purpose of comparison with previous years we also calculated the fraction of $16-63 \mu\text{m}$. Sediment types were classified on the basis of the median grain size as shown in table 4-2.

Table 4-2 Characterization of the sediment type according to the median grain size (after Gullentops et al., 1977).

< 175 µm	Very fine sand
176 - 250 µm	Fine sand
251 - 300 µm	Medium-fine sand
301 - 350 µm	Medium-coarse sand
> 351 µm	Coarse sand

The organic carbon content was calculated by multiplying the amount of organic carbon by 1.97. Results of the sediment analyses are given in table A1-3.

5 Results and discussion

5.1 Sediment composition

The median grain size and silt content of the sediment for each station are listed in Table A1 - 2 of appendix 1. Spatial and temporal patterns are illustrated in appendix 1; Figure A1 - 2 and Figure A1 - 3.

The median grain size in 2009 was quite similar to those in preceding years (Figure 5-1). A comparison of 2009 data with previous years (Table A1 - 3) shows that at eight stations, a large difference is found. Station OYS39 shifted four size classes. The median grain size shifted from very fine sand to coarse sand. It is highly unlikely that this shift is correct (see below). In the Offshore area, four stations (OFF06, OFF27, OFF 29 and OFF34) showed a change of one size-class.

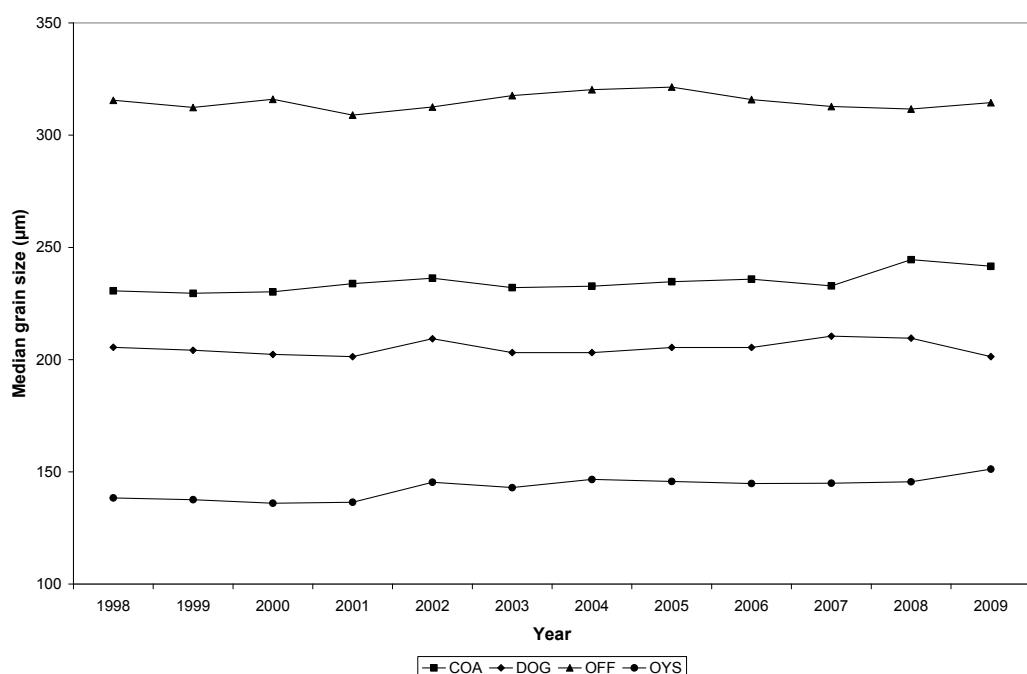


Figure 5-1: MWTL 1998-2009. Median grain size in the four sub-areas.

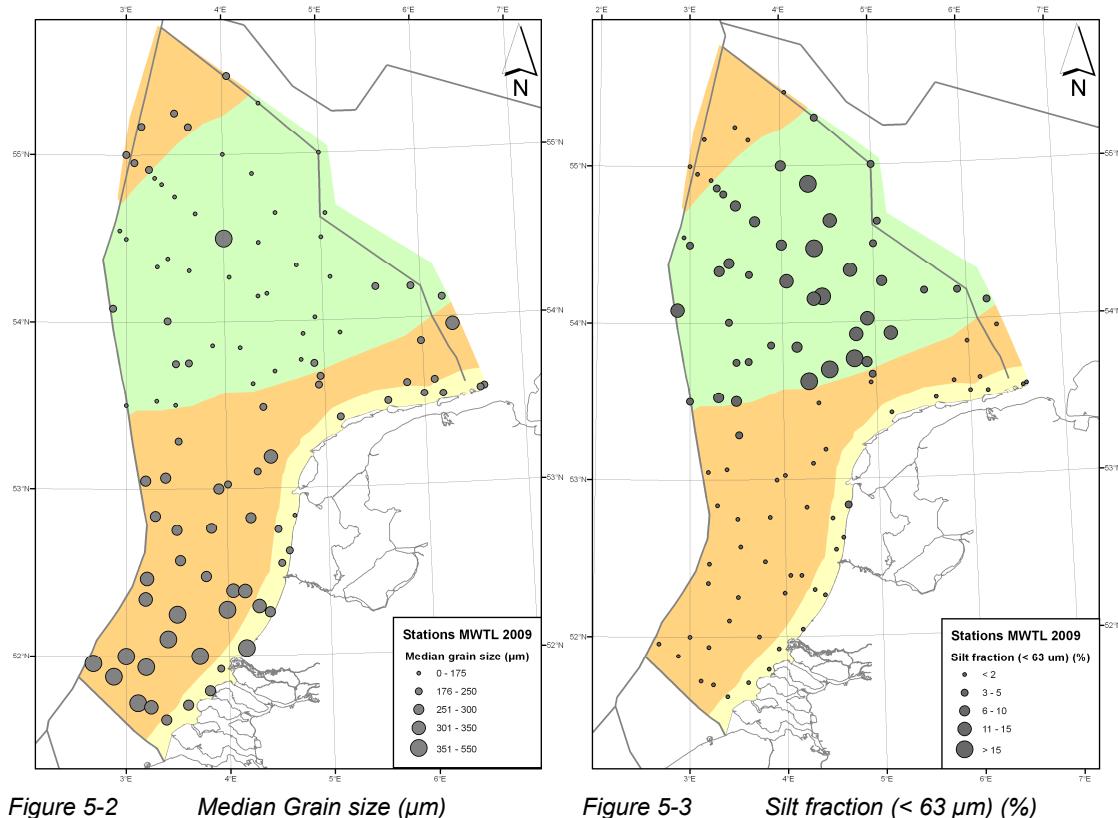
The distribution of silt in the sediment roughly showed a similar pattern as in preceding years. However, some changes in silt content can be distinguished. For the Oyster Grounds, a strong decrease was observed from 2002 onwards. In 2009, the silt concentration is compared to 2008. Table 5-1 shows the mean silt content for the 42 Oyster Grounds stations.

Table 5-1: Mean silt content at the Oyster Grounds, 1998-2009.

1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
11.3%	10.9%	11.2%	12.4%	8.7%	8.1%	8.1%	8.0%	7.9%	7.7%	8.7%	7.9%

Figure 5-2 and 5-3 show maps of the median grain size and silt fraction on the DCS. The highest silt concentrations were found in the Oyster Grounds (six stations with a silt content of over 15%), especially on the Frisian Front and central Oyster Grounds. In other sub-areas low concentrations of silt are found. The sediment of the Southern North Sea consists of a median course to coarse sand.

Station OYS39 consists of a coarse sand, which is not consistent with the other Oyster Grounds stations. It is unlikely that this measurement is correct. When this sample is still available we suggest that the analysis is repeated. If the silt concentration changes in a future measurement, this has to be corrected in the dataset. In case the median grain size is still high, there has been a (local) change in sediment composition on this station.



5.2 Distribution of the macrobenthic fauna in 2009

5.2.1 Diversity, density and biomass

In total 216 taxa were identified in the samples of 2009, including four taxa, only identified to genus level and eight identified to family level or higher. The total number of taxa is well in range with previous years (181 – 237). Several new or previously not recognised species were found. These are commented on in chapter 5.3. The presence/absence of the species at the stations is given in appendix 3. The basic data on macrobenthic abundance and biomass are listed in appendix 4.

In Table A2 - 1 an overview is given of the average values of sediment, species diversity, density and biomass in the four area's. Figure 5-4, 5-5 and 5-6 show the average number of species, densities and biomass for the four sub-areas in 2009.

Both species number and density showed a steep drop in 1996. It is expected that this is due to the severe preceding winter. Since then the Oyster Grounds seem to be a relatively stable stable region. On the Dogger Bank, the average density doubled in 2009, compared to 2008. Very high numbers of individuals were found in locations DOG04 and DOG05 (5776 and 4667 individuals).

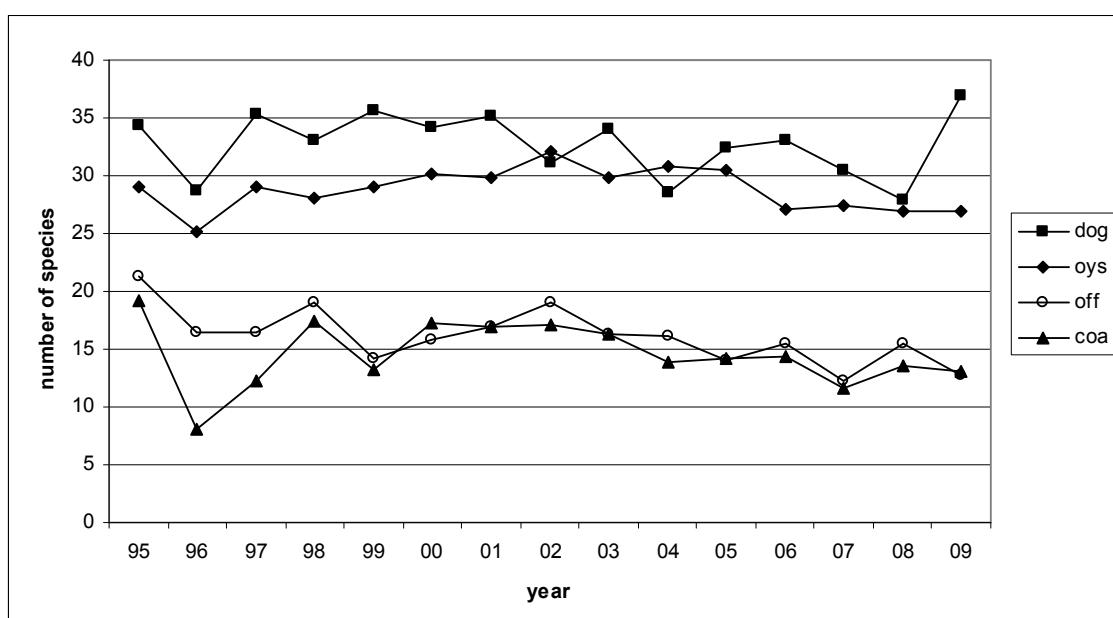


Figure 5-4 MWTL 1995-2009. Average number of macrobenthos species/sample in the sub-areas.

Hill-0 index

In 2009, the overall pattern of high species richness in the North part of the DCS and low species richness in the Southern part of the DCS continued. The mean number of species per sample (Hill-0) was highest on the Dogger Bank and the Oyster Grounds (Figure A2 - 1 and Figure A2 - 2). For the Dogger Bank, the number of species in 2009 was considerably higher than in previous years. On average, 37.9 species per station were found at the Dogger Bank, which is comparable to number found in 1997-2000, when the highest species numbers were recorded for the Dogger Bank¹. For the Oyster Grounds, the mean number of species was comparable to the number found in 2006-2008, which was lower than the previous nine years. In 1996, an even lower number of species was recorded, which can be due to the severe preceding winter of 1995. The average values recorded for the Offshore area were slightly below those found in 2008. Species numbers for the Coastal area were similar to 2008. Since 2000 there is a slightly negative visual trend for the Coastal and Offshore area.

Shannon-Wiener index

In 2009, like in previous years, the Shannon-Wiener index was highest at the Dogger Bank (2.76) (Figure A2 - 3 and Figure A2 - 4). The diversity for the Oyster Grounds shows a stable visual trend since 2001. The index was the lowest in the Offshore and Coastal area (1.76 and 1.77 respectively). Compared to 2008, the diversity index increased at the Dogger Bank and Oyster Grounds and decreased at the Offshore and Coastal area.

Simpson's dominance index

In none of the four subregions, the benthic fauna was dominated by one taxon; therefore Simpson's dominance index was low. The index for most regions is comparable to the preceding years. But at the Offshore area, the Simpson's dominance index has been increasing slightly over the past six years (Figure A2 - 6). A lot of changes took place at location level in all sub-areas. The smallest number of changes took place in the Coastal area (9 changes out of 16 locations). However, the changes in all sub-areas were diverse and on average cancelled each other out.

¹ Observers' effect - the actual number of species in previous years may have been slightly higher, because some species were probably present, e.g. *Bathyporeia nana* and *Magelona filiformis*, but they were included in the numbers of congeners.

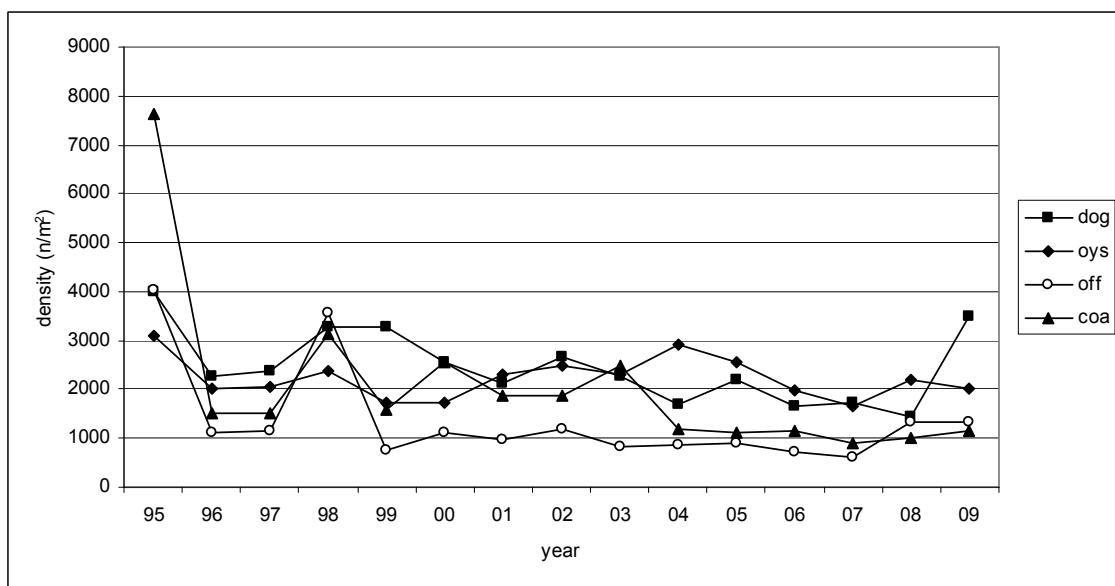


Figure 5-5 MWTL 1995-2009. Total macrobenthos densities/station in each of the sub-areas.

Total density

Figure 5-5 and figure A2-8 show the development of total macrobenthic density. The total density at the Dogger Bank increased sharply from 1445 ind./m² in 2008 to 3485 ind./m² in 2009. At the Oyster Grounds total density decreased from 2199 ind./m² in 2008 to 2000 ind./m² in 2009. The reason for this lower average is the exceptionally high density on OYS17 in 2008 (14000+). In 2009 the density on OYS17 was in range with the other locations (figure A2-8). Densities also increased in the Coastal area (from 1048 ind./m² in 2008 to 1160 ind./m² in 2009) and no change was observed for the Offshore area (from 1336 ind./m² in 2008 to 1345 ind./m² in 2009). The same visual trends are visible at location level. In every subarea there were quite some changes on location level, showing both decreases and increases. At the Dogger Bank all location-level changes increased. Although the average density on the Oyster Grounds slightly decreased, most locations for the Oyster Grounds showed an increase in density. In the Coastal and Offshore area most locations showed an increase in density.

Biomass

Figure 5-6 shows the development in total macrobenthic biomass. After low biomass values at the Dogger Bank in 2002, an increase in biomass was observed from 2003 and 2004. In 2009 the total biomass increased slightly compared to 2008. The biomass of the Coastal area was as low as in 2008 with biomass values comparable to the years before 1999 and 2000. See also Figure A2 - 9 and Figure A2 - 10.

At the Dogger Bank, fluctuations in average biomass seem rather strong. However, this may be expected as these values are based on seven locations only. The biomass in the Oyster Grounds was historically high in 2002. From this year on, a decrease in biomass was observed, which continued into 2009. In the Offshore area, the average biomass is stable since 1995. In the Coastal area, biomass peaked in 2003 to 2005. In 2009 the biomass was low. The biomass development in the Coastal area is strongly determined by the presence of the invasive bivalve *Ensis directus* (figure 5-6). The total biomass in the Coastal area has fallen to the level of 1999.

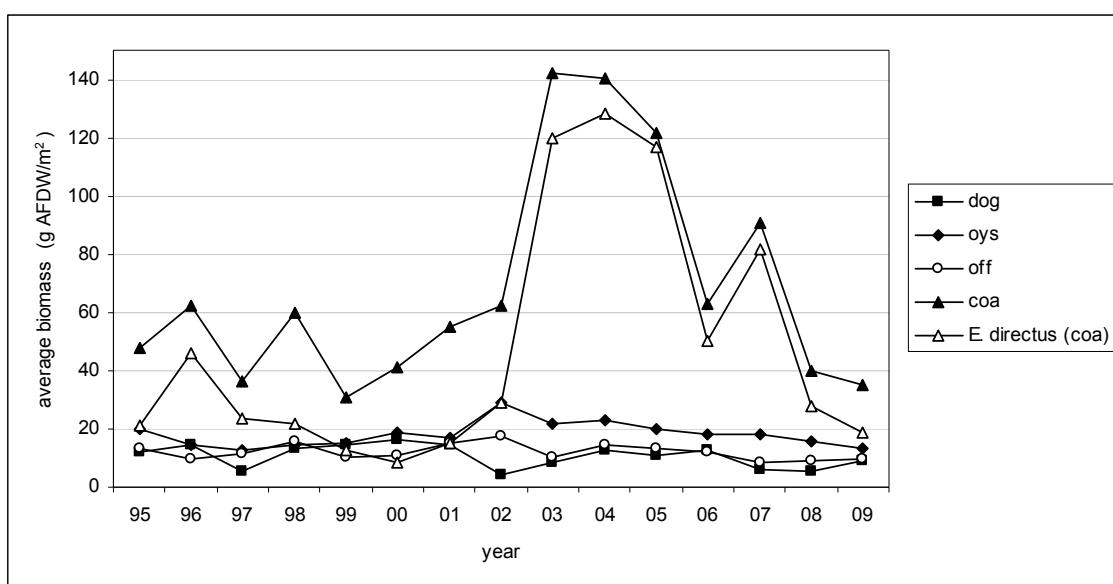


Figure 5-6 Average macrobenthos biomass per subarea from 1995 – 2009. For the Coastal area, total biomass (in legend: “COA”) and the biomass of *Ensis directus* in the Coastal area (“E. directus (COA)“) are shown.

5.2.2 Temporal variation in density and biomass of some selected species

In the text below and in figures A2 – 18 till 25 an overview is given on the temporal variation of specific species. In figure A2 – 11 till 17 a geographical overview for some selected species in 2009 is given.

Dogger Bank (Appendix 2; Figure A2 - 18 and Figure A2 - 19)

On the Dogger Bank in 2009, a total of 77 taxa in 7 samples was found, and an average density of 3485 ind./m². The most numerous were phoronid worms (Phoronida), the polychaetes *Magelona filiformis* and *Spiophanes bombyx* and the amphipod *Bathyporeia elegans*. These four taxa contributed 47% of the total density on the Dogger Bank. The amphipod crustaceans *B. elegans* and *Urothoe poseidonis* were found in similar densities as in 2008. The density of *Acrocnida brachiata* was slightly higher than in 2008 and a little higher than the minimum density of 2002. Phoronid worms were found with over 3,000 ind./m² at station DOG04.

Tellina fabula had a slightly higher density compared to the previous year. However another bivalve *Kurtiella bidentata* (syn. *Mysella bidentata*) continued to decrease. In 2008, its level already reached an all time low, but in 2009 it almost disappeared, averaging 11 ind./m². It is likely that this is due to the development of its host *Amphiura filiformis*. This brittle star also virtually disappeared from the Dogger Bank.

Many polychaetes showed an increase in density. The total number of polychaete species found at the Dogger Bank in 2009 was 31, which is high compared to previous years. One of the most numerous species was *Spiophanes bombyx* but also *Chaetozone setosa* s.l., *Goniada maculata*, *Magelona filiformis* and *Nephtys cirrosa* showed higher numbers compared to previous years. In contrast, the polychaete *Aricidea minuta* is still absent since 2007. As for gastropods, only a few specimens of *Euspira pulchella* (syn. *E. nitida*) were found. *Bathporeia nana* and *Spio decoratus* were not recorded previously. Due to the use of new insights in the identification of both species (d’Udekem d’Acoz, 2004 and Bick *et al.*, 2011), it has become apparent that both species are common inhabitants of the Dogger Bank. In paragraph 5.3 more information on these species is given.

Oyster Grounds (appendix 2; Figure A2 - 20 and Figure A2 - 21)

On the Oystergrounds, a total of 143 taxa in 42 samples and an average density of 2000 ind./m² were found. Most abundant species were the brittle star *Amphiura filiformis*, phoronid worms (Phoronida), the common basket shell *Corbula gibba* and the polychaetes *Magelona johnstoni* and *M. filiformis*. These five species constituted 50% of the total density.

In 2008, *Corbula gibba* reached an average value of over 500 ind./m². This was the highest number so far recorded, but this was mainly due to two outliers. In 2009, the species is still one of the most numerous species, with an average of 80 ind./m². Another common species was the bivalve *Nucula nitidosa*, which in 2009 continued its gradual increase. The 2009 the density was the highest of the MWTL program. The numbers for both the bivalve *Kurtiella bidentata* (syn. *Mysella bidentata*) remained low. The numbers of the burrowing *Callianassa subterranea* in 2009 remained rather low compared to the 2004 maximum, but twice the 1996-1997 minimum.

Offshore area (appendix 2; Figure A2 - 22 and Figure A2 - 23)

In the Offshore area, a total of 83 taxa over 34 samples was found. The average density of the samples was 1345 ind./m².

The most abundant and only dominant species was the polychaete *Magelona johnstoni*. In 2008, this species attributed 30% to the species total. In 2009 the species showed a further increase, making up 44% of the total density. All polychaetes combined on average make up 54% of the total density. Other common species are the amphipods *Urothoe poseidonis*, *U. brevicornis*, *Bathyporeia elegans* and the polychaete *Magelona filiformis*. Together with *M. johnstoni* these species make up 65% of the total density.

In the entire Offshore area, only two gastropod species were found: *Euspira pulchella* and *Potamopyrgus antipodarum*. They attribute only 0.5 % to the total density. *Euspira pulchella*, in 2008 already showing decreasing numbers, in 2009 again was found in only very low numbers.

Coastal area (appendix 2; Figure A2 - 24 and Figure A2 - 25)

In the Coastal area, a total of 63 taxa over 17 samples was found and an average density of 1160 ind./m². Most numerous was the polychaete worm *Magelona johnstoni*, attributing 25% of total density. The amphipod *Urothoe poseidonis* and the polychaete worms and *Capitella capitata* showed an increase in density when compared to 2008. The density of the American razor clam *Ensis directus* (syn. *E. americanus*) was very compared to those found in 2002-2007, even below counts recorded before 2002. The bivalve *Spisula subtrancata* was only observed in small numbers at just three stations.

5.3 Notes on scarce and previously unrecorded species

In the 2009 samples, several species were found not recorded previously in the MWTL project. These are commented on below. Also some remarks on previously reported but rare species are given.

5.3.1 Nemertea

Nemertea (also known as nemerteans or Nemertini) are a group of mainly predatory unsegmented worms. From the Dutch coast, some 20 species are known (Faasse, 2003). A few species occur in fresh water. Their identification is notoriously difficult. Live individuals can be identified using colour patterns, but preserved (and Rose-Bengal stained) specimens are generally not identified to species level. Within the MWTL program, so far only one species has been identified: *Malacobdella grossa*, a species living in the pallial cavity of bivalve species such as *Mya truncata*.

Cerebratulus marginatus – In 2009, at station OYS21 a particularly large nemertean species was present. It was identified as *Cerebratulus marginatus*. It has never been recorded in MWTL nor was it identified from the Dutch continental shelf. According to Gibson (1994), the species may reach 1 m in length and 25 mm in width. It is found between 20 and 150 m depth and is widespread in marine systems in the northern hemisphere (Gibson, 1994).



Photo 1 *Cerebratulus marginatus*, major part of the animal. Oyster Grounds (station OYS21), 3 March 2009. Note pseudo-segmentation
 Photo 2 Same animal. Lateral view of anterior region

Another species of nemertean which is found in many sample is possibly a *Tubulanus* species. It shows a distinct reddish band at one third of its body length. As its identification is still unsure, we have continued to record these specimens as "Nemertea indet.". Another species strikingly stains pink over its entire body using Rose Bengal. Possibly, this also is a *Tubulanus* species.



Photo 3 Possible *Tubulanus*. Note the pink band present at one third of body length. Oyster Grounds (station OYS28), 12 March 2009
 Photo 4 Unknown, tiny nemertean showing all-pink colouring due to Rose Bengal. Offshore area (station OFF17), 11 March 2009

5.3.2 Polychaeta – Bristle worms

Caulieriella killariensis (syn. *Tharyx killariensis*) (family Cirratulidae) – Cirratulidae are difficult to identify and several new species have been described in recent years. *C. killariensis* at first glance looks somewhat similar to *Chaetozone christiei*. It is identified by the 'knob-tipped' chaetae in the posterior segments. The identification was confirmed by David Hall (Uni-comarine). It was found in the Oyster Grounds (stations OYS16 and OYS39).



Photo 5 *Caulleriella killariensis* from Oyster Grounds (station OYS39), entire animal.



Photo 6 Same specimen. Prostomium long and pointed.



Photo 7 A knob-tipped chaeta from one of the tail-segments.

The species is not new to the MTWL program. Over the years 2000-2004, the species was recorded from three stations in the Oyster Grounds (OYS14, OYS33 and OYS39) (MWTL database, recorded as *Tharyx killariensis*). All locations lie in the central part of the Oyster Grounds.

Malmgreniella darbouxi (family Polynoidae, scale worms) – This species was identified by Dr. Barnich (Senckenberg Institut, Frankfurt). Initially, using Chambers & Muir (1997) we identified similar specimens as *M. marphysae* using Chambers & Muir (1997) and this was confirmed by Chambers. However, we kept some doubts, as we found this species frequently in tubes of *Lanice conchilega*, a polychaet not known as a host to *M. marphysae*. Following the re-identification of four specimens of *Malmgreniella marphysae* from MWTL 2009 by Dr. Barnich, it became apparent that both species occur in the Dutch continental shelf and that *M. darbouxi* is by far the most abundant. The species may be identified using Barnich & Fiege (2001). In 2001 *M. darbouxi* was not yet known to occur in the North Sea, but in the meantime it has been discovered at the Dogger Bank (Barnich pers. comm.). Our findings indicate a more extensive distribution in the North Sea. Specimens identified in the early years of MWTL as *Harmothoe lunulata* or *Malmgreniella lunulata*, probably also mainly belonged to *M. darbouxi*.

R. Barnich, in a personal comment, summarized the identification as follows:

Malmgreniella species can be separated by the shape of the distal end of the neuropodia. The tip of the neuropodium may be truncate (a term Pettibone uses for more or less blunt or rounded), or it may be elongate, pointed. To separate *M. darbouxi* and *M. marphysae*, one has to verify the presence or absence of the supra-acicular process.

M. marphysae – No well-defined supra-acicular process present. The aciculum is just penetrating through a slit or notch slightly below the distal-most part of the neuropodium.

M. darbouxi – Has a well-defined supra-acicular process. The form of this supra-acicular process may vary. It may be slender, digitiform, stout, blunt otherwise formed, but it is always a well-defined structure on top of the notch or slit.

M. darbouxi was identified from three stations in the Coastal area: COA03, COA06 and COA11. *M. marphysae* was found at Oyster Grounds station OYS06.

Malmgreniella macintoshii (syn. *Malmgrenia macintoshii*) (Polynoidae) – This species is new for the MWTL project. It was found at Oyster Grounds station OYS35. The species is identified by its elytra: the anterior half is covered by tubercles and the outer margin has long papillae. Our identification was confirmed by Dr. Meißner (Hamburg).

Presently, the name *Malmgreniella* is used on the TWN list and in WoRMS. However, also *Malmgrenia* is used. In December 2009 - after a request of Alex Muir and Suzan Chambers.- the ICZN has expressed an opinion², stating that the generic name *Malmgrenia* has been conserved.

Phloe baltica (family Pholoidae) – This species has not yet been recorded as such within the MWTL programme. However it is probably by far the commonest species of the genus. Most, and possibly all previous records of *P. minuta* refer to this species. The actual *P. minuta* is a species to be found in the western North Atlantic (Petersen 1998).

Streptodonta pterochaeta (syn. *Ophistodonta pterochaeta*) (family Syllidae) – Members of the speciose family Syllidae are tiny worms, which are often difficult to identify. This species however is fairly easily recognised by the presence of paired knob-ended aciculae.



Photo 8 *Streptodonta pterochaeta* from Offshore (station OFF36), 10 March 2009. The head is on the left and its stomach to the right. Knob-ended aciculae are visible as dots along the anterior lateral side of the animal.

Photo 9 Same individual. Typical aciculae, resembling the tip of a match, are distinct.

The species was reported as new from the North Sea by Hartmann-Schröder (1971), who describes a Dutch record dating back to 1966 (as *Ophistodonta pterochaeta*). Three specimens of this species were found on 30 June 1966, 25 miles off the island of Schouwen ($51^{\circ}55' N$ $3^{\circ}02'36'' E$) at a depth of 32 m in coarse sand (median grain size: 460 µm) and salinity of 19.35 ‰ Cl at the sea bed. This is close to MWTL station OFF26, in the southern part of the Offshore area. The 2009 animals are from OFF21, OFF25 and OFF36, also in this part of the Offshore area.

The species is not new to the MWTL program. In 1991-1994, again at OFF36, the species was found every year. Since then, it was no longer found.

Spiophanes decoratus (family Spionidae) – This species is new for the Dutch continental shelf. Previously, the species most likely was identified as *S. filicornis*. *Spiophanes decoratus* was identified with the help of Dr. Meißner (Senckenberg Inst., Hamburg). To identify *Spiophanes* species, specimens are best stained using methyl green (see Bick *et al.* 2010). The species was found at the Dogger

² [ICZN, 2009]. OPINION 2233 (Case 3417) *Malmgrenia* McIntosh, 1874 (Annelida, Polychaeta, POLYNOIDAE): Bulletin of Zoological Nomenclature 66 (4) 360-361]

Bank but is also found elsewhere. Therefore *Spio decoratus* is not confined to the Dogger Bank. (Not all *Spio* material has been checked on the occurrence of *S. decoratus*).

5.3.3 Sipuncula

Sipunculids, sipunculans or peanut worms are little-known creatures. They are hard to identify, especially juveniles. Only a few species have been recorded from the Dutch continental shelf. One of the best-known species is *Golfingia elongata*. Although common, it has rarely been photographed.



Photo 10 *Golfingia elongata*, entire animal, from Oyster Grounds (station OYS15), 31 March 2009.
Note the coiled intestines (a double spiral).

Photo 11 Same animal. Note the regularly arranged bristles around the anterior 'introvert', an indication it still is a juvenile as adults gradually lose these due to wear.

Phascolion strombus (Sipuncula) – This species was found in the Oyster Grounds (station OYS14). It is characterised by its 'holdfast papillae'. It might be new for MWTL program. However in 2007, a possible *Phascolion* sp. was identified from a sample of the Oyster Grounds as well (station OYS16).



Photo 12 *Phascolion strombus* from Oyster Grounds (station OYS14), 31 March 2009.

Photo 13 Same animal, detail of 'holdfast papillae'.

Thysanocardia procera (syn. *Golfingia procera*) was in 2008 first recorded for the MWTL, from stations OYS11 and OYS26. In 2009, it was found at four locations in the Oyster Grounds (OYS08, OYS11, OYS16 and OYS21). It seems to be rather widespread in the Oyster Grounds. It is recognized by an internal characteristic: it is the only Sipuncula with villi on the contactile vessel, a structure on the oesophagus. The species was also found in 2002 in samples near the LG4 platform (Van Moorsel pers. comm.)

5.3.4 Crustacea – Amphipoda

Bathyporeia nana (family Haustoriidae) – This species was found at six out of seven sampling stations at the Dogger Bank. Being more than a single record, this suggests specimens of this species may in previous years have been deemed juveniles of other *Bathyporeia* species. The

species is probably one of the most characteristic inhabitants of the Dogger Bank (see also chapter 5.2) and Rachor & Nehmer (2003).

The presence of *B. nana* in a sample may be noticed when it contains adult males with a length of less than 3 mm. Such males have second antennae longer than body length. Other species grow much larger and males become adult at a larger size. *B. nana* is most similar to juvenile *B. elegans*. Most likely *B. nana* was previously identified as juveniles of *Bathyporeia elegans*. The most important character of *B. nana* is a distal setule on coxa 1. Additional differences with *B. elegans* are: absence of a tooth on coxa 2-3, only 2-4 posterior spines on the proximal part of the basis of P7 and a different setation pattern on urosome 3 (D'Udekem d'Acoz 2004).

Microtopus maculatus (family Isaeidae) – Found for the first time since 2004, in the Coastal zone (station COA06). Its presence over the years shows remarkable differences. Over the years 1991-1995 it was found 20 times, mainly at locations in the Coastal zone (esp. COA10 and COA14). After this period, it was rarely found: from 1995 onward, so far only three records exist: 1998 (COA02), 2001 (OFF01) and 2004 (OFF02).

In 2009, *M. maculatus* also was found in a monitoring program in the Ameland coastal region (Wijsman et al. 2009). The studied area in this program is located roughly between MWTL sampling stations COA01 and COA02. Here it was found at 11 out of 70 sampling stations. All localities have a sandy seabed, which is in line with Lincolns remark the “widespread” species’ depth range is “0-70 m, often on sandy bottom sediments” (Lincoln 1979). It is also a common species in the Delta area (Faasse & van Moorsel 2000).



Photo 14 *Microtopus maculatus* male (Ameland, near shore, 4 August 2009). Male, showing 2nd gnathopod developed as an enormous clasper.

Photo 15 *Orchomenella nana* from Voordelta (station COA15), 2 April 2009.

Orchomenella nana (syn. *Orchomene nana*; not *Tryphosella sarsi* - a distinct species and recognized by the shape of the accessory flagellum of the first antenna) – This species is not rare, but unusually high numbers were found in the Voordelta, at station COA15: 146 specimens in one sample.

O. nana belongs to the speciose family Lysianassidae. Many species of this family are scavengers. *O. nana* is known to feed on the carcasses of dead crabs (Lincoln 1979) which may explain that sometimes many individuals are found in a single sample. The density of over 1000 ind./m² is probably not a realistic value, but the result of extrapolating a very local concentration.

5.3.5 Crustacea – Cumacea

Diastylis lucifera (family Diastylidae) – A specimen of this species was found in the Coastal area (station COA09). The species is characterised by the presence of only a few spines on the telson. The species has not yet been recorded in the MWTL scheme.

5.3.6 Crustacea – Decapoda

Goneplax rhomboides (family Goneplacidae) – This species is reported for the first time within the MWTL project. It was found at the Oyster Grounds (station OYS37). It is a southern species, being known from the Dutch continental shelf since 2004. The “Angular crab or Mud runner” has long and distinctive claws and stalked eyes (photo 16).



Photo 16 The Angular crab *Gonoplax rhomboides* as depicted in Haeckel (1904).

Photo 17 An Angular crab (Scotland). Photo Godfried van Moorsel, ecosub.

5.3.7 Crustacea – Cirripedia (Barnacles and allies)

Parthenopea subterranea (family Peltogastridae) – *Callianassa subterranea* is a common inhabitant in the Oyster Grounds. This decapod makes elaborate burrows and is often found in high densities. It is often parasitized by isopods of the Bopyridae family: the species *Ione thorensis* and *Pseudione borealis* can often be found in the gill region of the animal. Rhizocephala species show a more drastic parasitism. The best-known species is *Sacculina carcinorum* (Dutch: "krabbenzakje") which infests species like the Green crab (*Carcinus maenas*). *Parthenopea subterranea* is much less known. It lives firmly attached to the abdomen of *Callianassa*. It has been found on the Dutch continental shelf only once before (Huwe, 2001), but is new in the MWTL programme. Further details may be found in Tempelman & van Moorsel (2011).



Photo 18 *Callianassa subterranea* from Oyster Grounds, station OYS24. Below the abdomen, a large expansion is visible: this is the parasite *Parthenopea subterranea*.

Photo 19 *Parthenopea subterranea* in more detail.

5.3.8 Crustacea – Tanaidacea

The crustacean order Tanaidacea is a little known group of crustaceans, only rarely encountered in macrobenthic samples. From The Netherlands, only a handful of species is known. These have been found along the coastline, in estuaries, in a canal near Amsterdam and at the Cleaver Bank.

Tanaopsis graciloides (Paratanoidea incerta sedis) – At the Oyster Grounds (station OYS20), one animal was collected. After having consulted Dr. Bamber (Southampton), the species was identified as *Tanaopsis graciloides*. The species is common in European seas, occurring from 5-240 m depths where it can be found in fine to coarse sand, sometimes in sea beds of sandy mud (Holdich & Jones 1983). The record of *T. graciloides* prompted us to check three tanaid records of the Cleaver Bank (Van Moorsel, 2003). These proved to be *T. graciloides* as well (identification again checked by Dr. Bamber). Common as it may be, as far as we know, our records of this species are new for the Dutch continental shelf.



Photo 20 *Tanaopsis graciloides* from Oyster Grounds (station OYS20).

5.3.9 Mollusca - Gastropoda (snails)

Acteon tornatilis (Mollusca Gastropoda) – This species is rarely found alive (R. de Bruyne, pers. comm.). Notwithstanding the presence of a shell, *Acteon* is an opisthobranch gastropod related to nudibranchs.

A live specimen of 3 mm was found in a sample from the Dogger Bank (DOG03). The species attains a maximum size of 25 x 10 mm (De Bruyne & De Boer 2008). In the MWTL project, the species has been found only a few times: DOG07 (1993), OYS28 (2000) and OYS06 (2005) (MWTL database). The soft part of the animal is large, hardly fitting within the shell. It is reported to be both predatory and scavenging (ERMS database).



Photo 21 *Acteon tornatilis* Dogger Bank (DOG03), 17 March 2009, dorsal view (animal removed for picture).

Photo 22 *Acteon tornatilis* Dogger Bank (DOG03), 17 March 2009, ventral view.

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Also we would like to thank Marco Faasse (Arnemuiden) helped in identifying hydroids, molluscs and bryozoans. Dr. R. Barnich (Senckenberg Institut, Frankfurt/M) identified several difficult scale worms (*Malmgreniella*). Dr. R. Bamber (Southampton) identified *Tanaopsis graciloides*. Rykel de Bruyne (Halfweg) confirmed the identification of several mollusc species. Ton van Haaren (Grontmij | team Ecology) made photographs of many benthic species. David Hall (Unicomarine, England) helped us identifying the polychaete worm *Caulieriella killariensis*. Dr. Meißner (Senckenberg Institut, Hamburg) has kindly helped us identifying several difficult polychaete species, especially in the genus *Spio*.

Last but not least, we would like to thank all analysts for their input and knowledge in this survey.

Table 6-1: Contributors to the MWTL monitoring program 2009

Name	Organisation	Species groups / Activity
Mario de Kluijver	Grontmij	Sampling and fieldwork
David Tempelman	Grontmij	All groups
Amy de Beauvesere - Storm	Grontmij	Molluscs
Godfried van Moorsel	Ecosub	All groups
Marco Faasse	Grontmij	Hydroids, Molluscs, Bryozoans
Ton van Haaren	Grontmij	Photographs

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Appendix

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Appendix 1

Locations and sediment

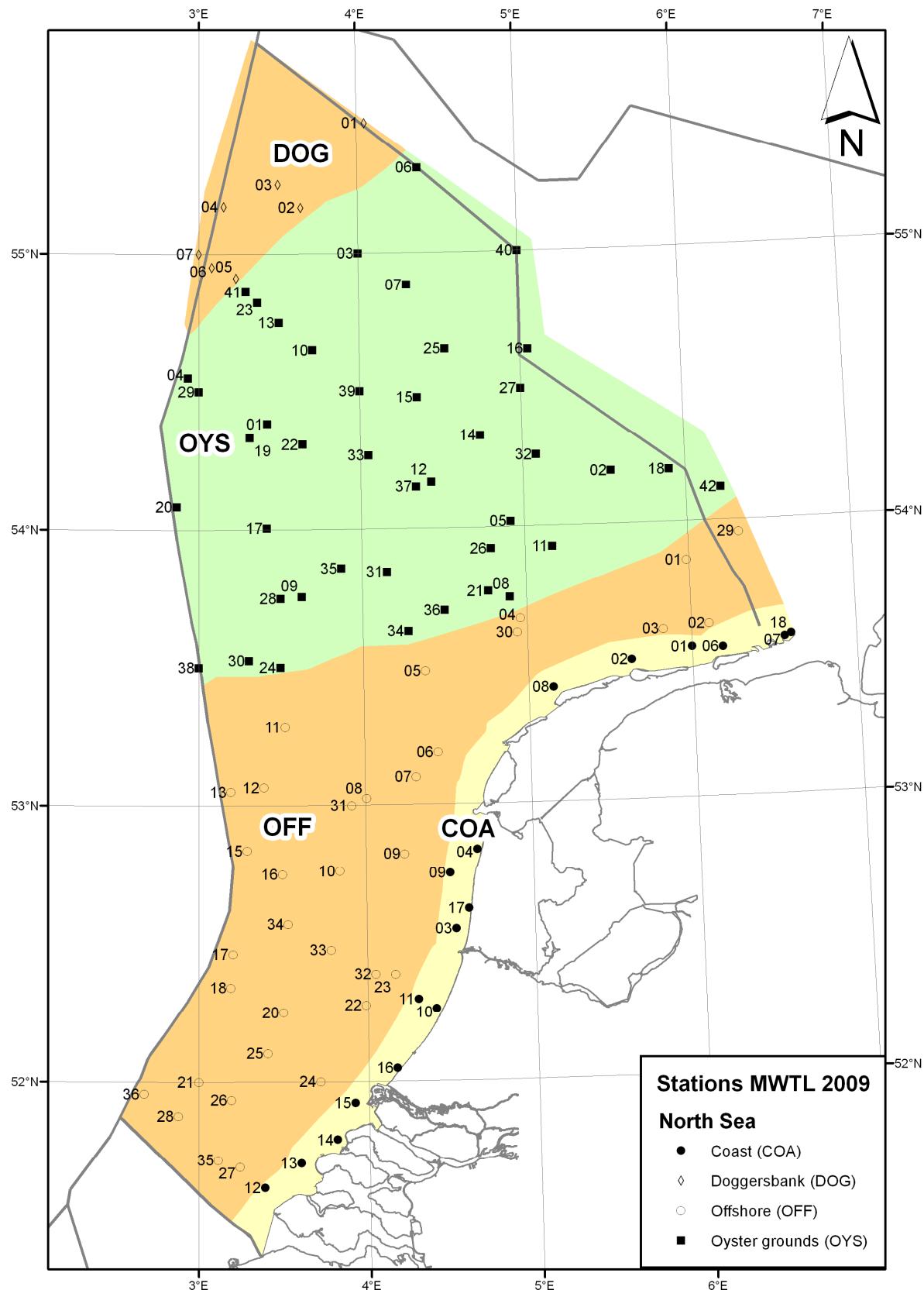


Figure A1 - 1 MWTL 2009. Locations of the sampling stations

In the tables below, two location codes are given. The first one is the AQS/NIOZ code. This code is used in the past in all MWTL reports. The next column contains the DONAR location codes. This location code is used in the Rijkswaterstaat database DONAR.

In 2005 OFF14 and In OFF19 were discarded as sample locations. They were replaced by OYS16 and 17. Due to a projection error in 2006 COA05 was replaced for COA18. In Tempelman et al. (2009a, 2009b and 2009c) these problems are further discussed.

Table A1 - 1a MWTL 2009. Locations, sampling dates and depth

AREA	AQS/NIOZ code	DONAR code	Geographical position		Date	Depth (m)
			Lat (N) ED50	Lon (E) ED50		
DOG	DOG01	DOGGBK07	55°28'18"	4°03'00"	17-mrt-09	30,8
DOG	DOG02	DOGGBK02	55°10'00"	3°38'30"	17-mrt-09	37
DOG	DOG03	DOGGBK03	55°15'00"	3°30'00"	17-mrt-09	28
DOG	DOG04	TERSLG235	55°10'14"	3°09'26"	18-mrt-09	30
DOG	DOG05	DOGGBK04	54°54'42"	3°14'00"	18-mrt-09	36
DOG	DOG06	DOGGBK05	54°57'06"	3°05'00"	18-mrt-09	23,2
DOG	DOG07	DOGGBK08	55°00'00"	3°00'00"	18-mrt-09	25
OYS	OYS01	OESTGDN43	54°23'00"	3°25'30"	18-mrt-09	45,9
OYS	OYS02	FRIESFT16	54°11'30"	5°32'30"	25-mrt-09	39,8
OYS	OYS03	OESTGDN02	55°00'00"	4°00'00"	17-mrt-09	48
OYS	OYS04	OESTGDN03	54°33'00"	2°56'00"	19-mrt-09	33,2
OYS	OYS05	FRIESFT02	54°01'10"	4°55'00"	26-mrt-09	42,3
OYS	OYS06	OESTGDN04	55°18'24"	4°22'48"	17-mrt-09	47,2
OYS	OYS07	OESTGDN05	54°53'00"	4°18'00"	17-mrt-09	50
OYS	OYS08	FRIESFT03	53°44'40"	4°54'00"	5-mrt-09	37,8
OYS	OYS09	FRIESFT04	53°45'20"	3°37'50"	12-mrt-09	38,1
OYS	OYS10	OESTGDN06	54°39'00"	3°42'30"	18-mrt-09	45
OYS	OYS11	FRIESFT05	53°55'30"	5°10'00"	25-mrt-09	39
OYS	OYS12	OESTGDN07	54°10'00"	4°26'00"	1-apr-09	49,2
OYS	OYS13	OESTGDN08	54°45'00"	3°30'00"	18-mrt-09	45
OYS	OYS14	OESTGDN09	54°20'00"	4°44'30"	31-mrt-09	47,4
OYS	OYS15	OESTGDN10	54°28'30"	4°21'20"	31-mrt-09	51
OYS	OYS16	OESTGDN11	54°38'30"	5°03'00"	31-mrt-09	47,2
OYS	OYS17	OESTGDN12	54°00'21"	3°25'08"	31-mrt-09	43,2
OYS	OYS18	FRIESFT06	54°11'20"	5°54'00"	25-mrt-09	37,5
OYS	OYS19	OESTGDN13	54°20'00"	3°19'00"	18-mrt-09	48,2
OYS	OYS20	OESTGDN14	54°05'00"	2°51'51"	19-mrt-09	51
OYS	OYS21	TERSLG50	53°46'04"	4°46'03"	5-mrt-09	39,2
OYS	OYS22	OESTGDN15	54°18'30"	3°38'30"	31-mrt-09	44,5
OYS	OYS23	OESTGDN16	54°49'24"	3°22'00"	18-mrt-09	42
OYS	OYS24	BREEVTN34	53°30'00"	3°29'46"	12-mrt-09	31,9
OYS	OYS25	OESTGDN17	54°39'00"	4°32'00"	17-mrt-09	50
OYS	OYS26	FRIESFT07	53°55'20"	4°47'30"	26-mrt-09	42,7
OYS	OYS27	OESTGDN18	54°30'00"	5°00'00"	31-mrt-09	44,2
OYS	OYS28	FRIESFT08	53°45'00"	3°30'00"	12-mrt-09	36,4
OYS	OYS29	OESTGDN19	54°30'00"	3°00'00"	19-mrt-09	35,6
OYS	OYS30	BREEVTN02	53°31'30"	3°18'21"	12-mrt-09	34,3
OYS	OYS31	FRIESFT09	53°50'42"	4°09'06"	30-mrt-09	42,9
OYS	OYS32	FRIESFT10	54°15'30"	5°05'00"	26-mrt-09	43,9
OYS	OYS33	OESTGDN20	54°16'00"	4°03'00"	31-mrt-09	48,5
OYS	OYS34	FRIESFT11	53°37'40"	4°16'37"	5-mrt-09	36,3
OYS	OYS35	FRIESFT12	53°51'31"	3°52'24"	30-mrt-09	39,8
OYS	OYS36	FRIESFT17	53°42'05"	4°30'00"	5-mrt-09	38,9
OYS	OYS37	TERSLG100	54°09'04"	4°20'27"	1-apr-09	49
OYS	OYS38	BREEVTN26	53°30'00"	3°00'00"	12-mrt-09	32,5
OYS	OYS39	OESTGDN22	54°30'00"	4°00'00"	31-mrt-09	45,5
OYS	OYS40	OESTGDN21	55°00'00"	5°00'00"	17-mrt-09	41,9
OYS	OYS41	OESTGDN23	54°51'42"	3°17'36"	18-mrt-09	39
OYS	OYS42	ROTTMPT70	54°07'03"	6°12'51"	25-mrt-09	33,4

Table A1 - 1b MWTL 2009. Location, sampling dates and depth

AREA	AQS/NIOZ code	DONAR code	Geographical position		Date	Depth (m)
			Lat (N) ED50	Lon (E) ED50		
OFF	OFF01	FRIESFT13	53°51'30"	5°59'00"	4-mrt-09	31,7
OFF	OFF02	WADDKT07	53°37'29"	6°06'25"	4-mrt-09	23,9
OFF	OFF03	WADDKT02	53°36'40"	5°49'37"	4-mrt-09	24,9
OFF	OFF04	FRIESFT14	53°40'00"	4°57'30"	5-mrt-09	32,3
OFF	OFF05	FRIESFT15	53°29'00"	4°22'30"	5-mrt-09	26,9
OFF	OFF06	BREEVTN03	53°11'16"	4°26'32"	3-mrt-09	29,6
OFF	OFF07	BREEVTN04	53°05'59"	4°18'22"	3-mrt-09	35,5
OFF	OFF08	BREEVTN05	53°01'30"	4°00'30"	3-mrt-09	30,9
OFF	OFF09	BREEVTN06	52°49'20"	4°13'50"	3-mrt-09	27,8
OFF	OFF10	BREEVTN07	52°45'40"	3°50'30"	16-mrt-09	30,3
OFF	OFF11	BREEVTN08	53°17'00"	3°31'18"	12-mrt-09	25,8
OFF	OFF12	BREEVTN09	53°03'55"	3°23'30"	11-mrt-09	27
OFF	OFF13	BREEVTN10	53°02'58"	3°11'36"	11-mrt-09	28,5
OFF	OFF15	BREEVTN12	52°50'12"	3°17'18"	11-mrt-09	33,9
OFF	OFF16	BREEVTN13	52°45'00"	3°30'00"	11-mrt-09	27
OFF	OFF17	BREEVTN14	52°27'43"	3°12'12"	11-mrt-09	30,1
OFF	OFF18	BREEVTN15	52°20'25"	3°11'25"	11-mrt-09	30
OFF	OFF20	BREEVTN17	52°15'00"	3°30'00"	11-mrt-09	31
OFF	OFF21	BREEVTN18	52°00'00"	3°00'00"	10-mrt-09	32,3
OFF	OFF22	BREEVTN19	52°16'30"	3°59'15"	13-mrt-09	18,9
OFF	OFF23	BREEVTN20	52°23'08"	4°09'50"	2-mrt-09	23,3
OFF	OFF24	BREEVTN21	52°00'00"	3°42'58"	2-apr-09	27
OFF	OFF25	BREEVTN22	52°06'12"	3°24'26"	10-mrt-09	32,2
OFF	OFF26	BREEVTN23	51°56'07"	3°11'34"	10-mrt-09	27,3
OFF	OFF27	BREEVTN24	51°41'40"	3°14'28"	10-mrt-09	27,6
OFF	OFF28	BREEVTN25	51°52'40"	2°52'48"	10-mrt-09	32,3
OFF	OFF29	ROTTMPT50	53°57'14"	6°18'36"	25-mrt-09	31,4
OFF	OFF30	TERSLG30	53°36'56"	4°56'17"	5-mrt-09	24,5
OFF	OFF31	BREEVTN27	52°59'53"	3°55'01"	3-mrt-09	27,2
OFF	OFF32	NOORDWK30	52°23'15"	4°02'53"	2-mrt-09	23,7
OFF	OFF33	NOORDWK50	52°28'30"	3°47'07"	13-mrt-09	30,8
OFF	OFF34	NOORDWK70	52°34'10"	3°31'53"	11-mrt-09	30,9
OFF	OFF35	WALCRN30	51°43'06"	3°06'49"	10-mrt-09	31,2
OFF	OFF36	WALCRN70	51°57'25"	2°40'45"	10-mrt-09	43,5
COA	COA01	WADDKT03	53°32'34"	5°59'53"	4-mrt-09	16,9
COA	COA02	WADDKT04	53°30'19"	5°37'48"	4-mrt-09	9,6
COA	COA03	HOLLSKT03	52°32'50"	4°31'50"	2-mrt-09	16,3
COA	COA04	HOLLSKT02	52°50'00"	4°40'00"	3-mrt-09	11,3
COA	COA06	WADDKT06	53°32'18"	6°11'10"	4-mrt-09	9,2
COA	COA07	ROTTMPT3	53°33'58"	6°33'51"	4-mrt-09	8,5
COA	COA08	TERSLG4	53°24'54"	5°09'02"	5-mrt-09	13,2
COA	COA09	HOLLSKT04	52°45'00"	4°30'00"	2-mrt-09	21
COA	COA10	NOORDWK2	52°15'36"	4°24'20"	6-mrt-09	13,6
COA	COA11	NOORDWK10	52°17'41"	4°18'01"	6-mrt-09	19,5
COA	COA12	VOORDTA2	51°37'04"	3°23'15"	9-mrt-09	14,4
COA	COA13	VOORDTA3	51°42'23"	3°36'02"	16-apr-09	2,5
COA	COA14	VOORDTA4	51°47'26"	3°48'48"	16-apr-09	2,5
COA	COA15	VOORDTA5	51°55'20"	3°55'09"	2-apr-09	12,8
COA	COA16	TERHDE1	52°02'47"	4°10'12"	13-mrt-09	8,3
COA	COA17	EGMAZE1	52°37'15"	4°36'30"	2-mrt-09	7,7
COA	COA18	WADDKT08	53°34'36"	6°36'07"	4-mrt-09	12,8

Table A1 - 2a MWTL 2009. Sediment composition

AQS/NIOZ code	DONAR code	Depth (m)	Sediment composition		
			Med.Gr Size (µm)	Silt (%) (Fr. <63 µm)	Organic carbon (%)
DOG01	DOGGBK07	30,8	211	0,9	0,0
DOG02	DOGGBK02	37	195	1,4	0,1
DOG03	DOGGBK03	28	198	1,4	0,1
DOG04	TERSLG235	30	208	0,6	0,0
DOG05	DOGGBK04	36	183	1,8	0,2
DOG06	DOGGBK05	23,2	220	0,5	0,1
DOG07	DOGGBK08	25	194	0,8	0,0
OYS01	OESTGDN43	45,9	117	6,2	0,2
OYS02	FRIESFT16	39,8	209	3,5	0,1
OYS03	OESTGDN02	48	117	6,5	0,2
OYS04	OESTGDN03	33,2	140	1,9	0,1
OYS05	FRIESFT02	42,3	131	11,0	0,3
OYS06	OESTGDN04	47,2	158	3,1	0,2
OYS07	OESTGDN05	50	91	18,3	0,3
OYS08	FRIESFT03	37,8	204	8,4	0,2
OYS09	FRIESFT04	38,1	191	2,3	0,0
OYS10	OESTGDN06	45	116	5,7	0,2
OYS11	FRIESFT05	39	153	13,2	0,4
OYS12	OESTGDN07	49,2	95	17,6	0,3
OYS13	OESTGDN08	45	115	5,5	0,2
OYS14	OESTGDN09	47,4	139	10,2	0,3
OYS15	OESTGDN10	51	96	16,2	0,2
OYS16	OESTGDN11	47,2	159	4,2	0,1
OYS17	OESTGDN12	43,2	196	3,0	0,1
OYS18	FRIESFT06	37,5	216	3,9	0,1
OYS19	OESTGDN13	48,2	121	7,1	0,3
OYS20	OESTGDN14	51	195	12,3	0,3
OYS21	TERSLG50	39,2	98	17,5	0,4
OYS22	OESTGDN15	44,5	161	3,9	0,2
OYS23	OESTGDN16	42	136	3,1	0,2
OYS24	BREEVTN34	31,9	129	6,9	0,3
OYS25	OESTGDN17	50	117	11,5	0,1
OYS26	FRIESFT07	42,7	133	12,7	0,4
OYS27	OESTGDN18	44,2	175	4,7	0,2
OYS28	FRIESFT08	36,4	204	3,1	0,1
OYS29	OESTGDN19	35,6	127	2,5	0,1
OYS30	BREEVTN02	34,3	130	6,6	0,3
OYS31	FRIESFT09	42,9	140	6,5	0,2
OYS32	FRIESFT10	43,9	164	8,8	0,2
OYS33	OESTGDN20	48,5	106	10,7	0,3
OYS34	FRIESFT11	36,3	114	20,1	0,3
OYS35	FRIESFT12	39,8	162	2,5	0,1
OYS36	FRIESFT17	38,9	108	18,0	0,5
OYS37	TERSLG100	49	118	12,8	0,3
OYS38	BREEVTN26	32,5	144	4,2	0,3
OYS39	OESTGDN22	45,5	387	6,8	0,2
OYS40	OESTGDN21	41,9	157	3,5	0,1
OYS41	OESTGDN23	39	151	2,5	0,2
OYS42	ROTTMPT70	33,4	234	2,5	0,1

Table A1 - 2b MWTL 2009. Sediment composition

AQS/NIOZ code	Station (name) DONAR code	Depth (m)	Sediment composition		
			Med.Gr Size (µm)	Silt (%) (Fr.<63 µm)	Organic carbon (%)
OFF01	FRIESFT13	31,7	217	1,6	0,1
OFF02	WADDKT07	23,9	215	1,2	0,1
OFF03	WADDKT02	24,9	195	1,8	0,1
OFF04	FRIESFT14	32,3	200	2,6	0,1
OFF05	FRIESFT15	26,9	224	1,5	0,0
OFF06	BREEVTN03	29,6	317	0,8	0,0
OFF07	BREEVTN04	35,5	238	1,4	0,1
OFF08	BREEVTN05	30,9	248	1,1	0,0
OFF09	BREEVTN06	27,8	260	0,6	0,0
OFF10	BREEVTN07	30,3	289	0,8	0,0
OFF11	BREEVTN08	25,8	208	2,8	0,1
OFF12	BREEVTN09	27	282	0,9	0,0
OFF13	BREEVTN10	28,5	291	0,9	0,0
OFF15	BREEVTN12	33,9	296	1,0	0,0
OFF16	BREEVTN13	27	264	0,9	0,0
OFF17	BREEVTN14	30,1	341	0,9	0,1
OFF18	BREEVTN15	30	321	0,6	0,0
OFF20	BREEVTN17	31	420	0,4	0,0
OFF21	BREEVTN18	32,3	421	0,7	0,0
OFF22	BREEVTN19	18,9	364	0,7	0,0
OFF23	BREEVTN20	23,3	338	0,8	0,0
OFF24	BREEVTN21	27	545	0,4	0,0
OFF25	BREEVTN22	32,2	438	0,5	0,0
OFF26	BREEVTN23	27,3	511	0,4	0,0
OFF27	BREEVTN24	27,6	344	0,7	0,0
OFF28	BREEVTN25	32,3	415	0,5	0,0
OFF29	ROTTMPT50	31,4	331	0,5	0,0
OFF30	TERSLG30	24,5	222	1,0	0,0
OFF31	BREEVTN27	27,2	262	0,7	0,0
OFF32	NOORDWK30	23,7	349	0,4	0,0
OFF33	NOORDWK50	30,8	282	0,9	0,0
OFF34	NOORDWK70	30,9	283	0,9	0,0
OFF35	WALCRN30	31,2	356	0,6	0,0
OFF36	WALCRN70	43,5	405	0,6	0,0
COA01	WADDKT03	16,9	219	1,3	0,1
COA02	WADDKT04	9,6	189	0,6	0,0
COA03	HOLLSKT03	16,3	223	1,6	0,0
COA04	HOLLSKT02	11,3	172	2,9	0,2
COA06	WADDKT06	9,2	194	1,1	0,0
COA07	ROTTMPT3	8,5	192	0,8	0,0
COA08	TERSLG4	13,2	223	0,7	0,0
COA09	HOLLSKT04	21	230	1,3	0,0
COA10	NOORDWK2	13,6	259	1,2	0,0
COA11	NOORDWK10	19,5	329	0,9	0,0
COA12	VOORDTA2	14,4	288	0,9	0,0
COA13	VOORDTA3	2,5	298	0,7	0,0
COA14	VOORDTA4	2,5	276	2,0	0,2
COA15	VOORDTA5	12,8	213	1,4	0,0
COA16	TERHDE1	8,3	405	0,5	0,0
COA17	EGMAZE1	7,7	203	1,1	0,0
COA18	WADDKT08	12,8	195	0,9	0,0

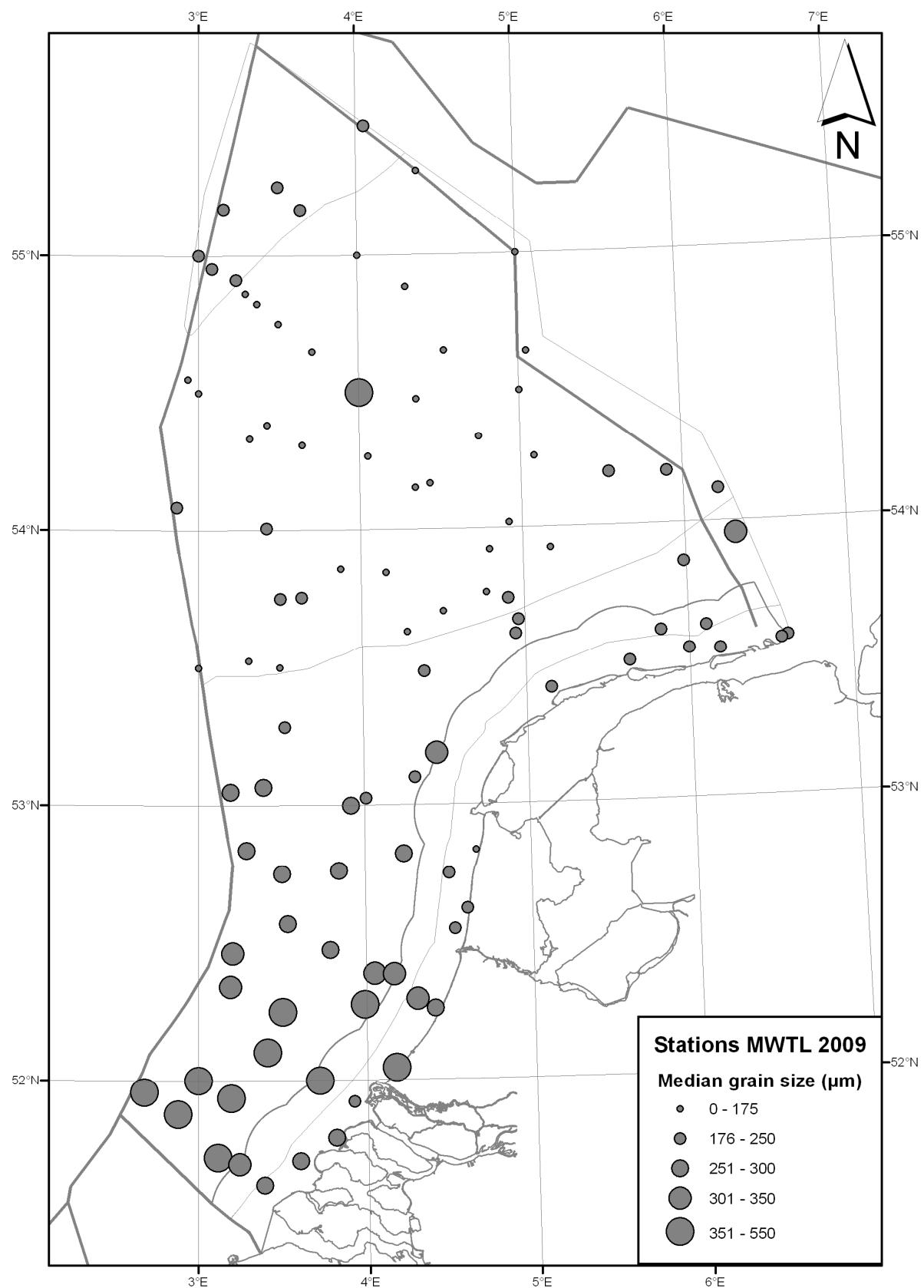


Figure A1 - 2 MWTL 2009. Median grain size (μm) of the sediment

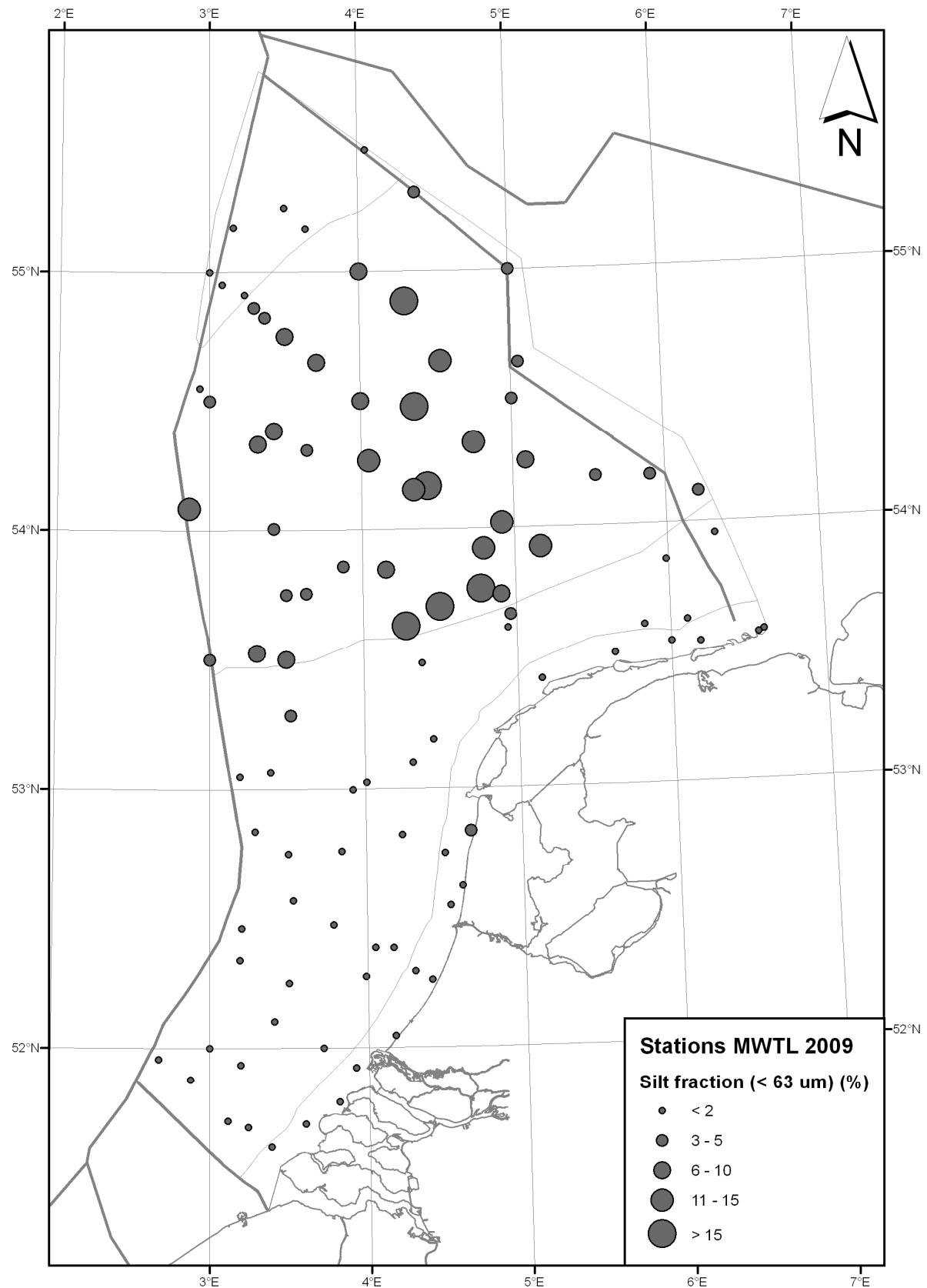


Figure A1 - 3 MWTL 2009. Silt content (fraction $< 63 \mu\text{m}$) of the sediment.

Table A1 - 3a MWTL 2006 – 2009. Sediment composition for Doggersbank and Oyster Grounds

DONAR code	Location code	Med.Gr Size (μm)				Silt (%) (Fr.<63 μm)			
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2006	2007	2008	2009
DOGGBK07	DOG01	227	218	224	211	0,4	0,2	0,5	0,9
DOGGBK02	DOG02	193	198	194	195	1,7	0,7	0,9	1,4
DOGGBK03	DOG03	204	221	217	198	0,7	0,2	0,8	1,4
TERSLG235	DOG04	206	211	212	208	0,7	0,4	0,9	0,6
DOGGBK04	DOG05	186	186	189	183	2,5	1,6	1,6	1,8
DOGGBK05	DOG06	220	234	227	220	0,2	0,2	0,7	0,5
DOGGBK08	DOG07	202	205	204	194	0,6	0,8	0,7	0,8
OESTGDN43	OYS01	117	117	120	117	11,6	9,6	7,5	6,2
FRIESFT16	OYS02	199	212	214	209	4,7	2,9	9,7	3,5
OESTGDN02	OYS03	115	117	115	117	8,1	8,3	7,9	6,5
OESTGDN03	OYS04	140	140	141	140	1,7	1,7	2,4	1,9
FRIESFT02	OYS05	133	131	131	131	11,2	10,4	13,9	11,0
OESTGDN04	OYS06	152	154	156	158	3,2	4,6	4,8	3,1
OESTGDN05	OYS07	90	89	90	91	18,2	21,3	18,9	18,3
FRIESFT03	OYS08	197	191	197	204	10,2	13,0	17,2	8,4
FRIESFT04	OYS09	192	191	194	191	2,6	2,7	3,6	2,3
OESTGDN06	OYS10	115	115	114	116	6,8	5,7	7,4	5,7
FRIESFT05	OYS11	152	153	146	153	20,9	9,6	18,0	13,2
OESTGDN07	OYS12	95	95	95	95	16,1	15,2	19,0	17,6
OESTGDN08	OYS13	115	116	118	115	4,3	4,5	5,1	5,5
OESTGDN09	OYS14	137	143	139	139	14,5	10,4	9,5	10,2
OESTGDN10	OYS15	96	94	95	96	14,8	17,6	18,2	16,2
OESTGDN11	OYS16	161	159	156	159	5,0	6,5	8,1	4,2
OESTGDN12	OYS17	200	196	201	196	2,3	3,1	2,6	3,0
FRIESFT06	OYS18	217	216	220	216	3,1	3,5	3,0	3,9
OESTGDN13	OYS19	121	120	121	121	7,7	8,0	6,6	7,1
OESTGDN14	OYS20	200	199	199	195	8,1	13,5	12,9	12,3
TERSLG50	OYS21	117	124	117	98	18,4	15,9	19,5	17,5
OESTGDN15	OYS22	156	162	171	161	3,1	3,0	2,8	3,9
OESTGDN16	OYS23	135	137	136	136	3,1	3,2	3,2	3,1
BREEVTN34	OYS24	128	127	134	129	6,1	8,6	3,7	6,9
OESTGDN17	OYS25	120	114	120	117	13,8	14,2	13,5	11,5
FRIESFT07	OYS26	134	134	132	133	12,8	13,0	14,1	12,7
OESTGDN18	OYS27	184	182	180	175	4,2	4,0	4,0	4,7
FRIESFT08	OYS28	204	205	205	204	2,1	2,1	1,9	3,1
OESTGDN19	OYS29	127	127	127	127	2,3	2,7	2,6	2,5
BREEVTN02	OYS30	130	130	129	130	6,6	5,2	5,4	6,6
FRIESFT09	OYS31	141	141	142	140	5,9	5,3	3,2	6,5
FRIESFT10	OYS32	163	155	162	164	10,1	6,3	15,3	8,8
OESTGDN20	OYS33	107	107	107	106	10,5	9,3	10,3	10,7
FRIESFT11	OYS34	119	117	116	114	9,9	10,3	14,7	20,1
FRIESFT12	OYS35	163	162	164	162	2,4	3,3	2,9	2,5
FRIESFT17	OYS36	109	112	109	108	15,8	13,3	18,3	18,0
TERSLG100	OYS37	97	97	97	118	15,3	14,1	15,1	12,8
BREEVTN26	OYS38	145	145	145	144	3,7	3,5	3,5	4,2
OESTGDN22	OYS39	116	116	116	387	5,1	7,5	6,5	6,8
OESTGDN21	OYS40	157	158	158	157	2,9	3,6	3,5	3,5
OESTGDN23	OYS41	151	151	150	151	2,4	2,6	2,6	2,5
ROTTMPT70	OYS42	235	237	235	234	1,0	1,9	1,0	2,5

Table A1 - 3b: MWTL 2006 – 2009. Sediment composition for Offshore area and Coastal area

DONAR code	Location code	Med.Gr Size (μm)				Silt (%) (Fr.<63 μm)			
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2006	2007	2008	2009
FRIESFT13	OFF01	217	219	217	217	1,2	1,1	1,7	1,6
WADDKT07	OFF02	223	217	216	215	0,8	0,8	1,3	1,2
WADDKT02	OFF03	194	195	195	195	0,9	1,9	1,5	1,8
FRIESFT14	OFF04	201	202	205	200	2,6	3,0	3,3	2,6
FRIESFT15	OFF05	217	218	221	224	1,6	1,2	1,0	1,5
BREEVTN03	OFF06	347	393	298	317	0,3	0,5	0,7	0,8
BREEVTN04	OFF07	232	236	224	238	1,0	1,1	1,5	1,4
BREEVTN05	OFF08	247	242	241	248	0,5	1,0	1,3	1,1
BREEVTN06	OFF09	261	262	270	260	0,3	0,8	0,6	0,6
BREEVTN07	OFF10	297	302	285	289	0,3	0,2	0,7	0,8
BREEVTN08	OFF11	204	207	207	208	2,7	2,6	2,4	2,8
BREEVTN09	OFF12	267	269	274	282	0,6	0,6	0,7	0,9
BREEVTN10	OFF13	266	267	284	291	1,9	0,6	0,9	0,9
BREEVTN12	OFF15	300	297	279	296	0,5	0,6	0,7	1,0
BREEVTN13	OFF16	286	265	276	264	0,3	0,8	0,6	0,9
BREEVTN14	OFF17	305	304	316	341	0,4	0,4	0,5	0,9
BREEVTN15	OFF18	331	339	343	321	0,2	0,3	0,4	0,6
BREEVTN17	OFF20	390	367	355	420	0,4	0,4	0,6	0,4
BREEVTN18	OFF21	463	383	478	421	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,7
BREEVTN19	OFF22	360	361	355	364	0,4	0,1	0,5	0,7
BREEVTN20	OFF23	327	334	318	338	0,5	0,6	0,5	0,8
BREEVTN21	OFF24	489	447	480	545	0,0	0,3	0,4	0,4
BREEVTN22	OFF25	344	379	385	438	0,7	0,7	0,5	0,5
BREEVTN23	OFF26	450	425	488	511	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,4
BREEVTN24	OFF27	411	470	397	344	0,3	0,4	0,8	0,7
BREEVTN25	OFF28	462	418	444	415	0,2	0,5	0,5	0,5
ROTTMPT50	OFF29	374	380	356	331	0,4	0,5	0,5	0,5
TERSLG30	OFF30	224	219	221	222	1,4	1,0	0,7	1,0
BREEVTN27	OFF31	272	266	260	262	0,3	0,8	0,6	0,7
NOORDWK30	OFF32	335	340	329	349	0,4	0,4	0,6	0,4
NOORDWK50	OFF33	289	281	282	282	0,4	0,5	0,7	0,9
NOORDWK70	OFF34	292	281	304	283	0,4	1,2	0,4	0,9
WALCRN30	OFF35	409	375	378	356	0,1	0,4	0,3	0,6
WALCRN70	OFF36	452	474	414	405	0,2	0,6	0,4	0,6
WADDKT03	COA01	251	230	229	219	0,4	1,2	0,8	1,3
WADDKT04	COA02	195	192	193	189	0,3	0,6	1,7	0,6
HOLLSKT03	COA03	230	223	224	223	2,0	1,9	1,8	1,6
HOLLSKT02	COA04	218	195	210	172	1,6	2,1	1,0	2,9
WADDKT06	COA06	189	195	199	194	0,7	0,4	0,8	1,1
ROTTMPT3	COA07	192	210	219	192	0,3	0,4	0,4	0,8
TERSLG4	COA08	223	220	226	223	1,2	0,3	0,5	0,7
HOLLSKT04	COA09	234	235	238	230	0,7	0,9	1,3	1,3
NOORDWK2	COA10	250	258	270	259	2,0	2,0	0,9	1,2
NOORDWK10	COA11	339	330	335	329	0,4	0,9	0,9	0,9
VOORDTA2	COA12	280	283	286	288	0,7	0,4	0,7	0,9
VOORDTA3	COA13	259	272	293	298	0,0	0,1	0,2	0,7
VOORDTA4	COA14	267	281	282	276	0,0	0,6	3,1	2,0
VOORDTA5	COA15	203	223	215	213	0,7	0,5	0,7	1,4
TERHDE1	COA16	282	226	334	405	0,3	0,8	0,6	0,5
EGMAZE1	COA17	254	201	222	203	0,6	0,6	1,0	1,1
WADDKT08	COA18*	-	184	182	195	-	0,5	0,3	0,9

Appendix 2

Diversity and biomass

Table A2 - 1: MWTL 2009. Mean values of abiotic and biotic parameters in the four sub-areas

	Total	Area			
		Dogger Bank	Oyster Grounds	Offshore area	Coastal area
Nr. of stations	100	7	42	34	17
Median grain size (μm)	226	201	151	314	242
Silt content (fr. < 63 μm , %)	3.9	1.05	7.89	0.94	1.16
Org. carbon (%)	0.11	0.07	0.22	0.02	0.03
CaCO ₃ (%)	5.22	5.64	5.87	3.87	6.16
Diversity					
Total number of species	216	77	143	83	63
Average number of species	20.4	37.9	27.9	13.7	13.8
Shannon & Wiener diversity	2.07	2.76	2.34	1.76	1.78
Simpsons' dominance	0.24	0.13	0.20	0.28	0.27
No. of individuals (ind./m²)					
Crustaceans	312.0	965.2	185.9	305.7	370.2
Echinoderms	296.3	54.9	490.4	28.3	100.7
Bivalves	281.7	182.4	417.5	84.3	206.1
Gastropods	36.1	15.0	48.3	18.6	12.8
Polychaetes	794.5	1598.9	644.1	918.2	587.5
Micellaneaous	219.3	670.3	233.6	90.3	38.5
Average density	1738.5	3484.6	2000.3	1344.8	1160.0
Biomass (g AFDW/m²)					
Crustaceans	1.8	0.3	3.1	1.1	0.5
Echinoderms	7.1	2.2	5.8	6.5	21.3
Bivalves	5.8	2.7	0.7	4.1	25.2
Gastropods	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2
Polychaetes	3.4	3.4	3.5	2.4	5.0
Micellaneaous	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.1	0.7
Average biomass	15.6	9.2	13.6	9.6	35.2

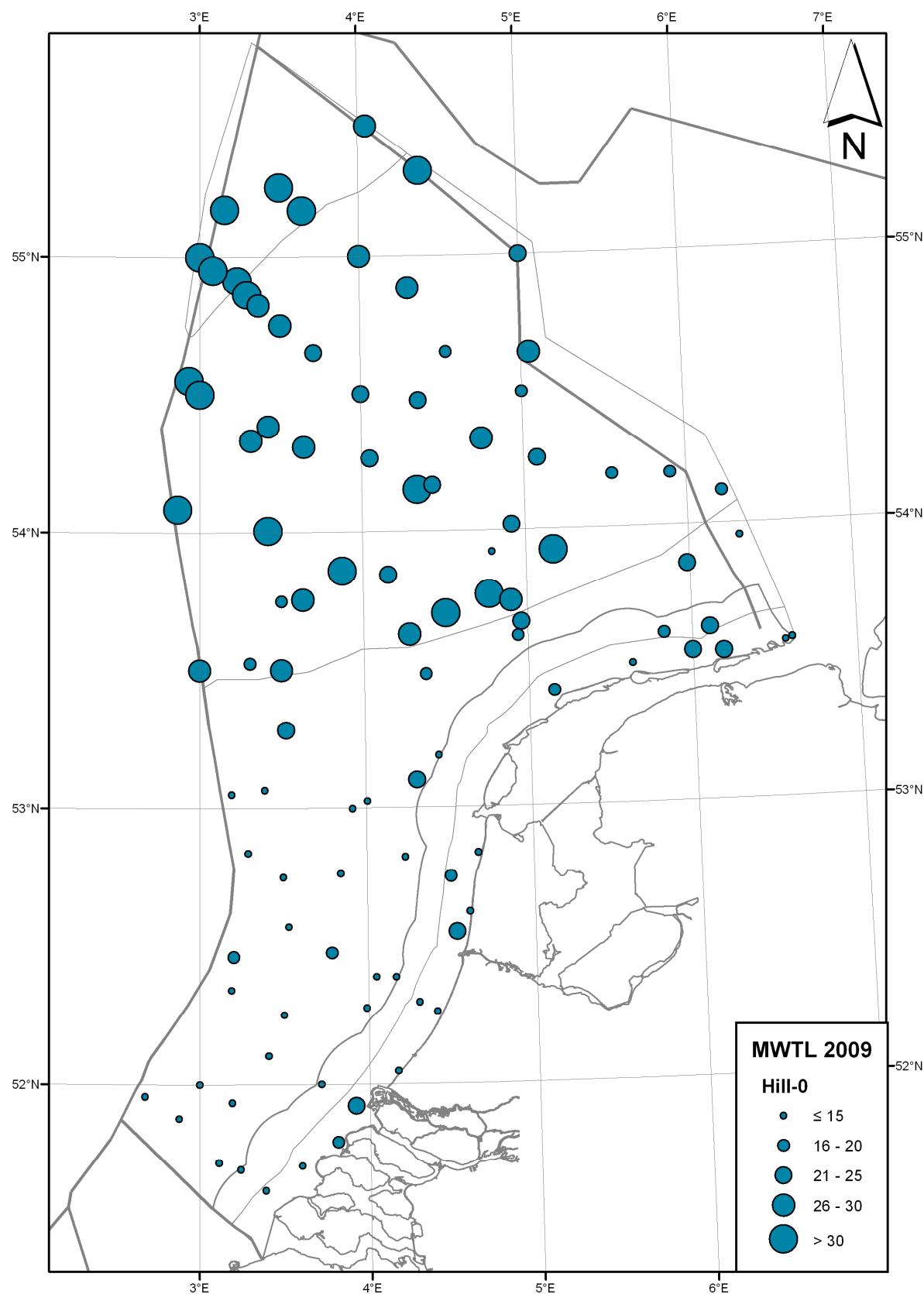


Figure A2 - 1 MWTL 2009. Diversity as expressed by species per sample (Hill-0).

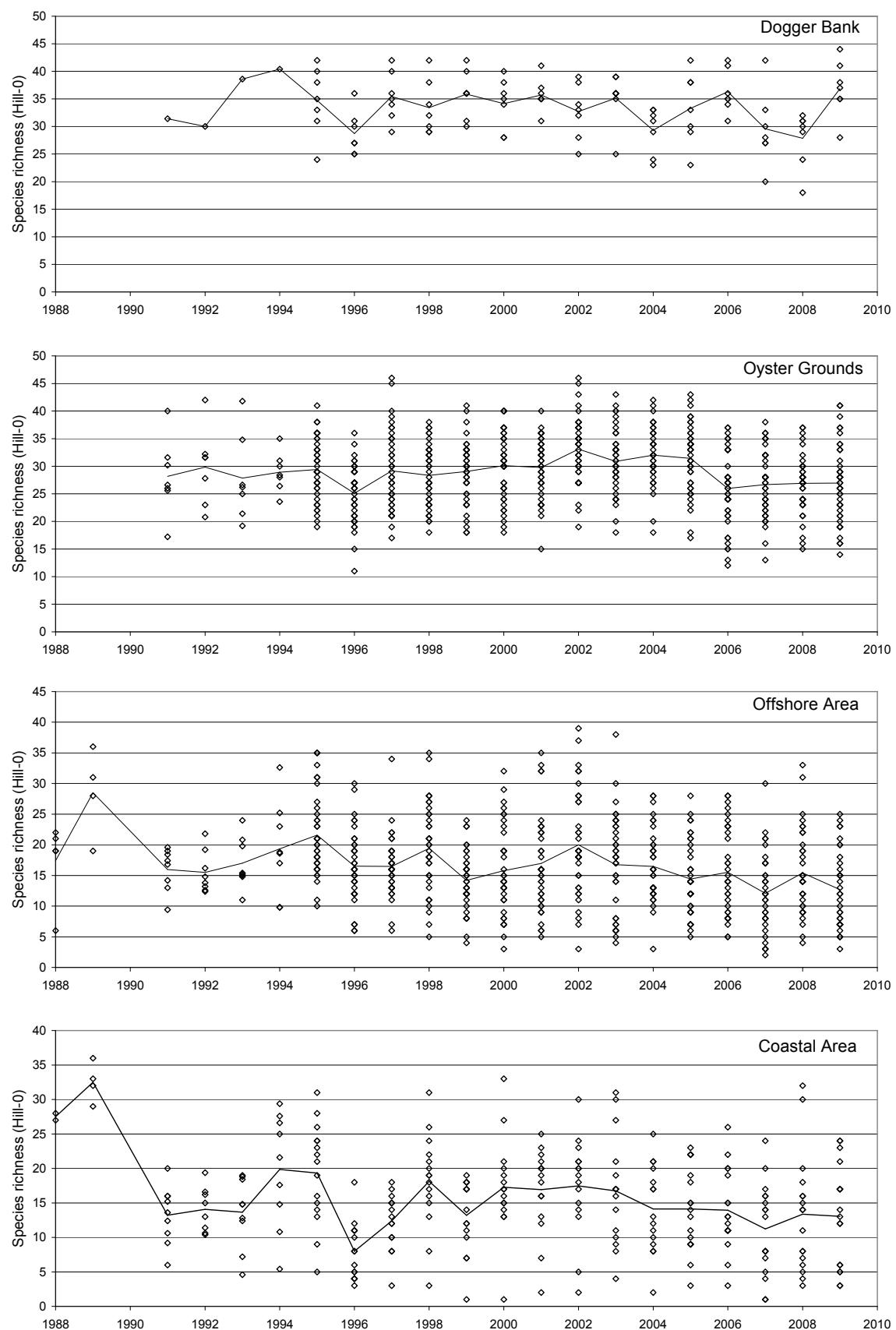


Figure A2 - 2 MWTL 1988 – 2009. Temporal patterns in species richness (Hill-0).

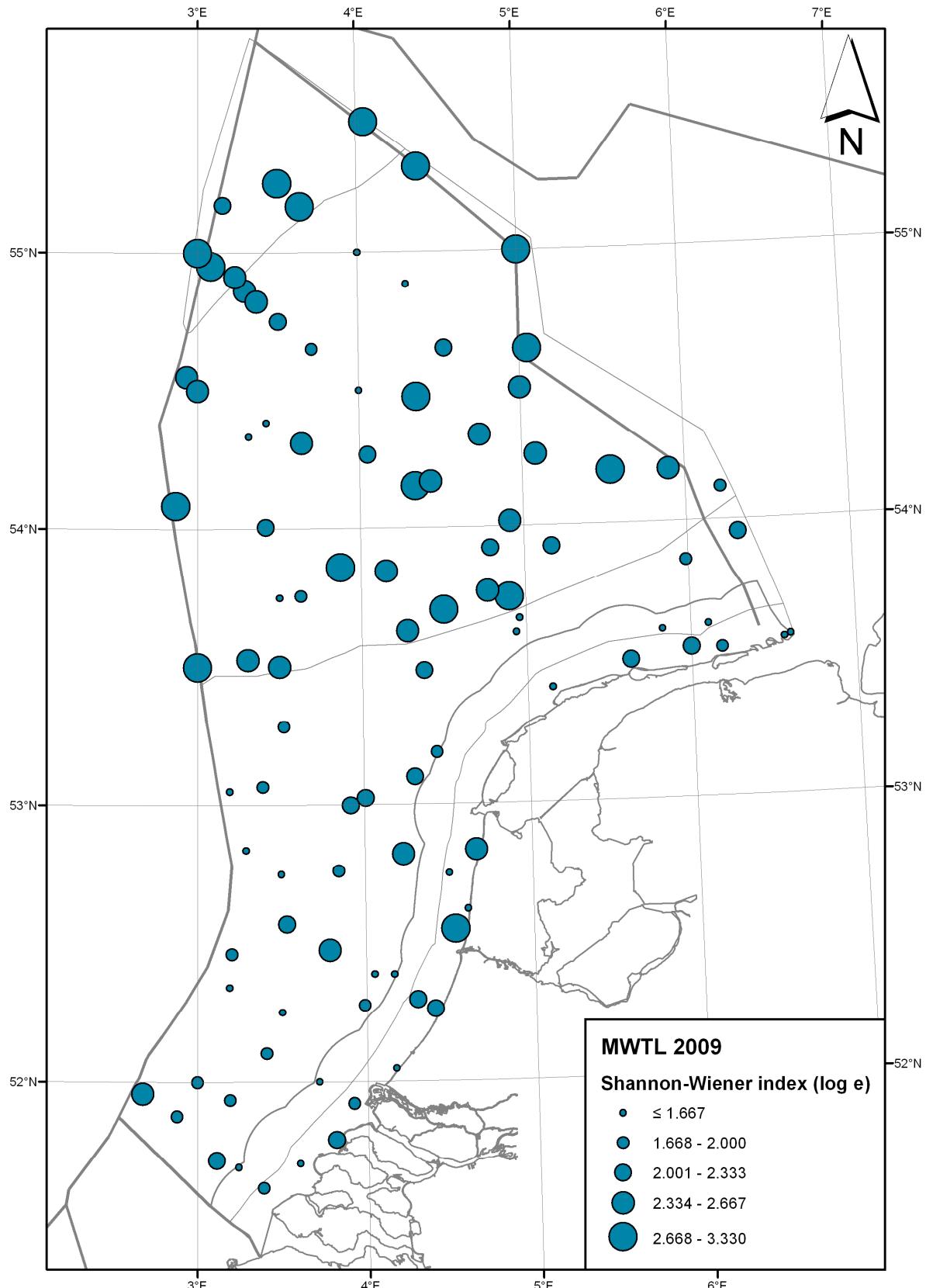


Figure A2 - 3 MWTL 2009. Diversity as expressed by the Shannon-Wiener index.

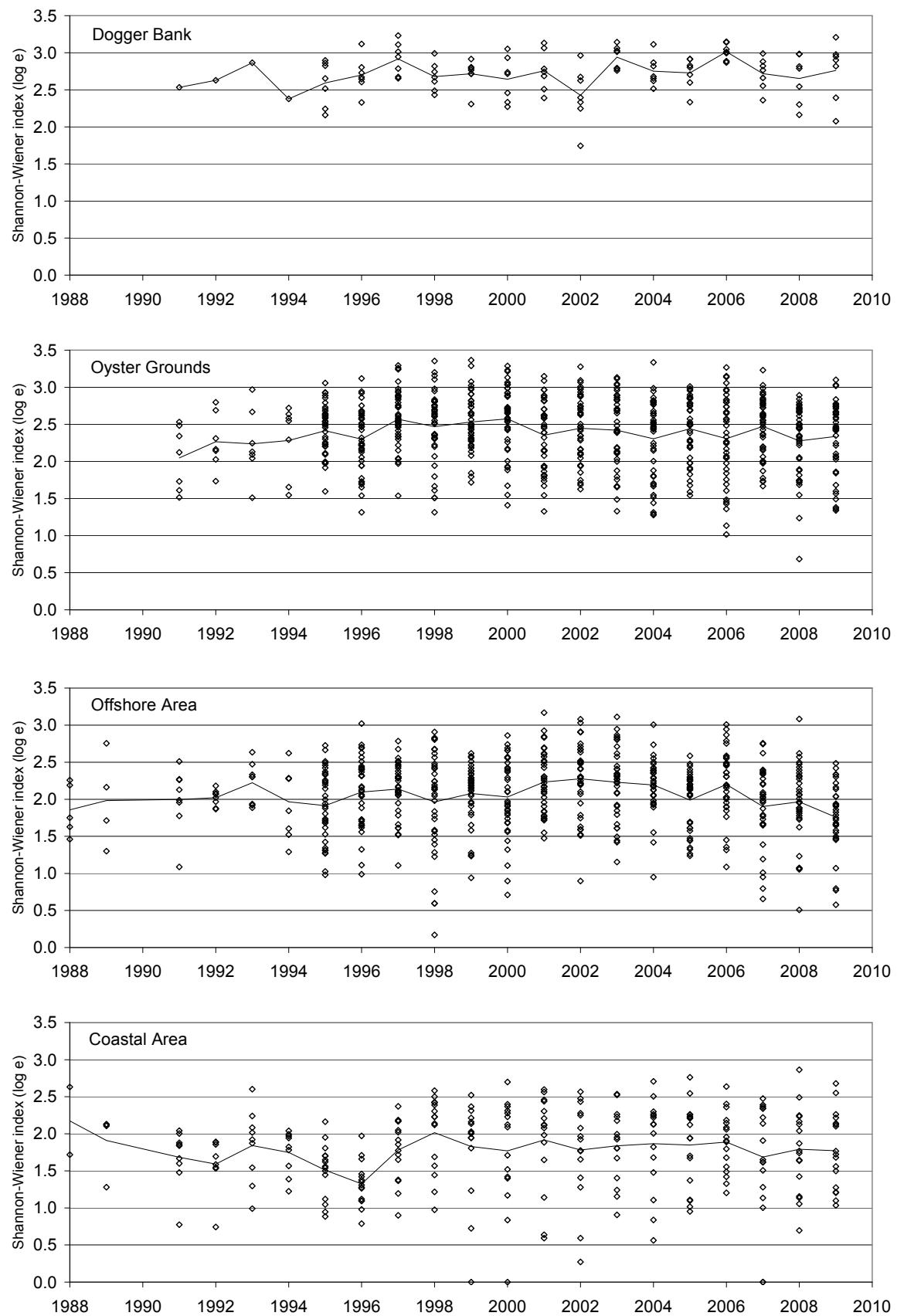


Figure A2 - 4 MWTL 1988 – 2009. Temporal patterns in diversity (Shannon-Wiener index).

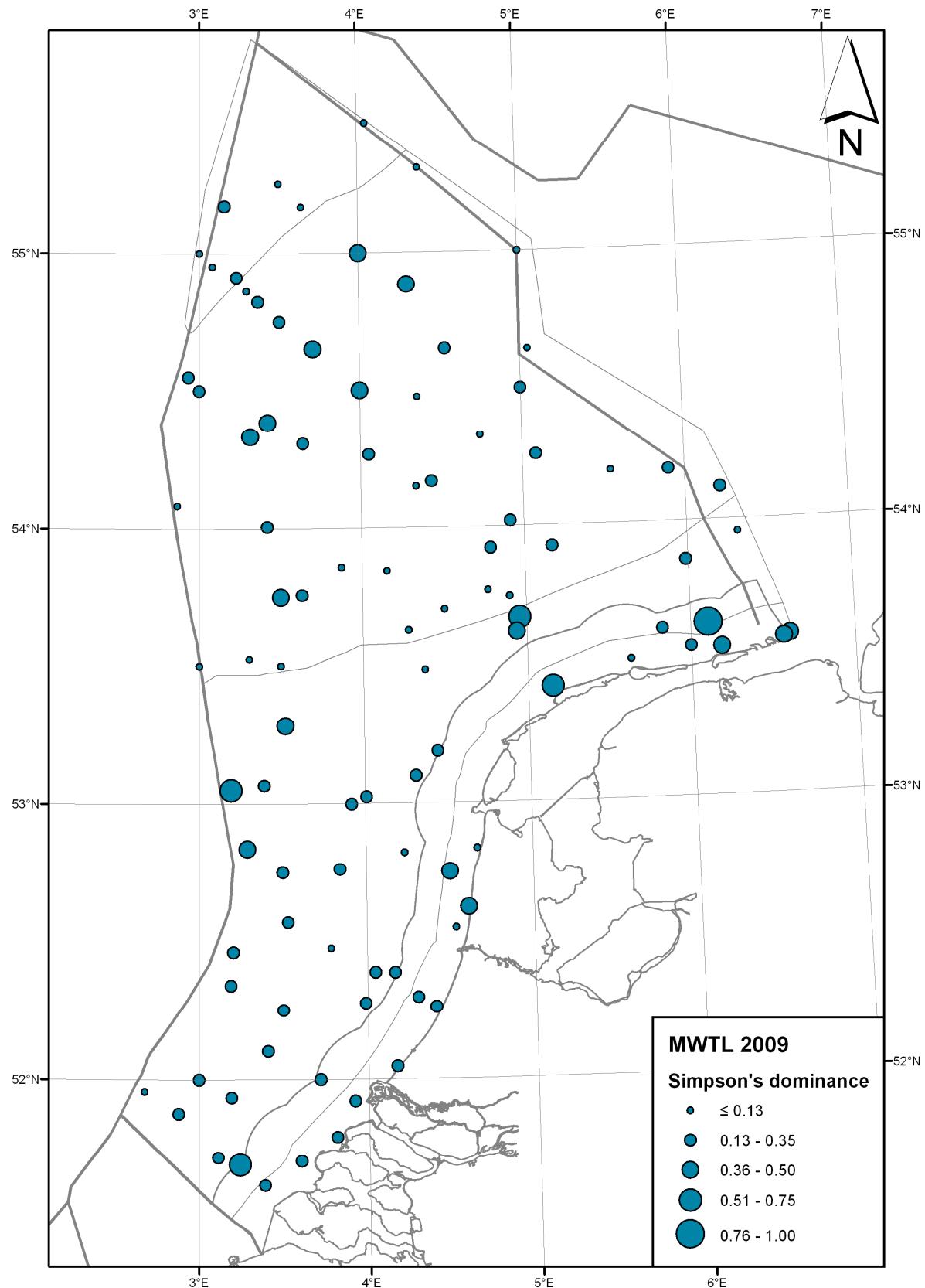


Figure A2 - 5 MWTL 2009. Diversity as expressed by Simpson's Dominance.

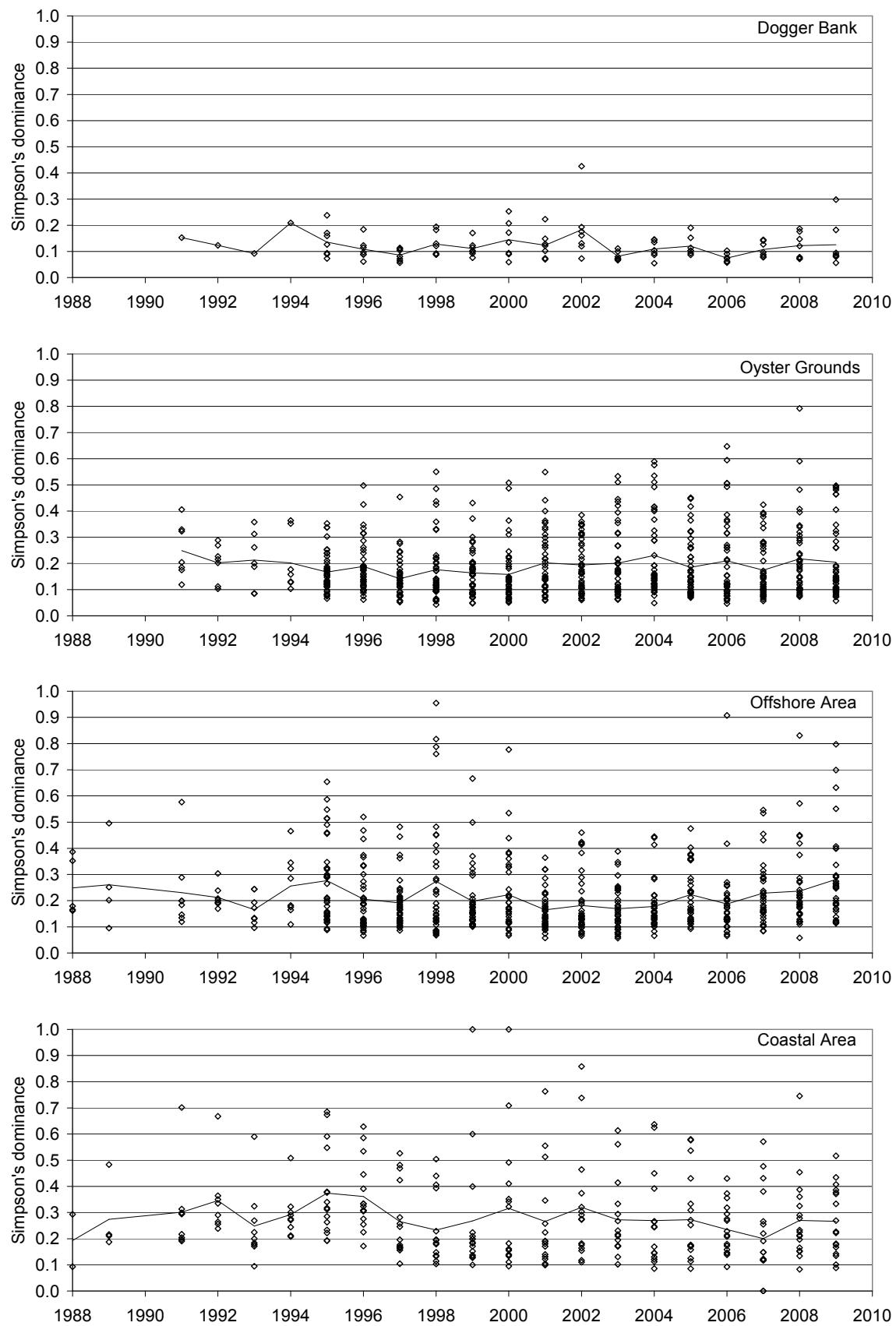


Figure A2 - 6 MWTL 1988 – 2009. Temporal patterns in diversity (Simpson's Dominance)

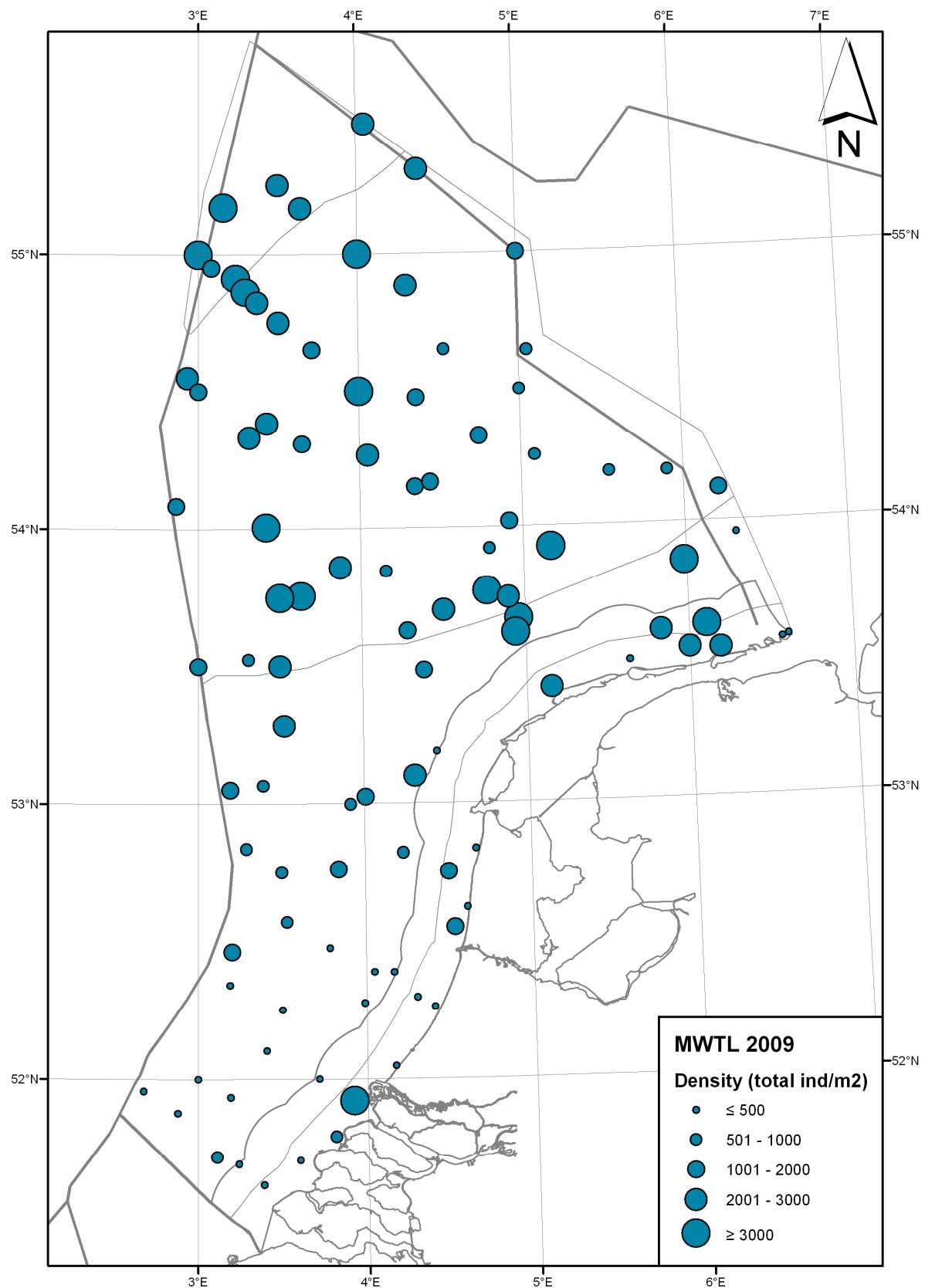


Figure A2 - 7 MWTL 2009. Density of benthic fauna.

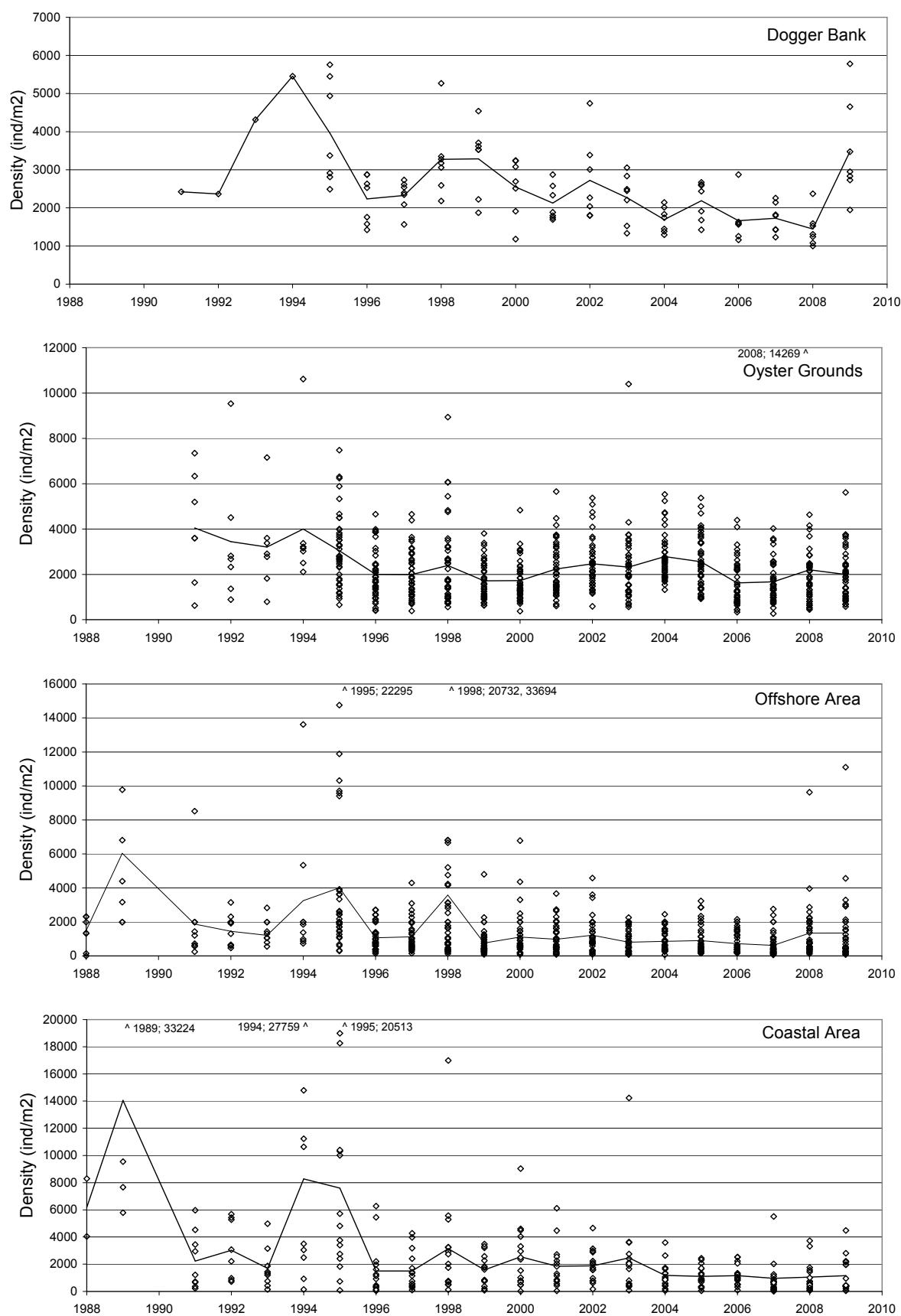


Figure A2 - 8 MWTL 1988 – 2009. Temporal patterns in benthic fauna density.

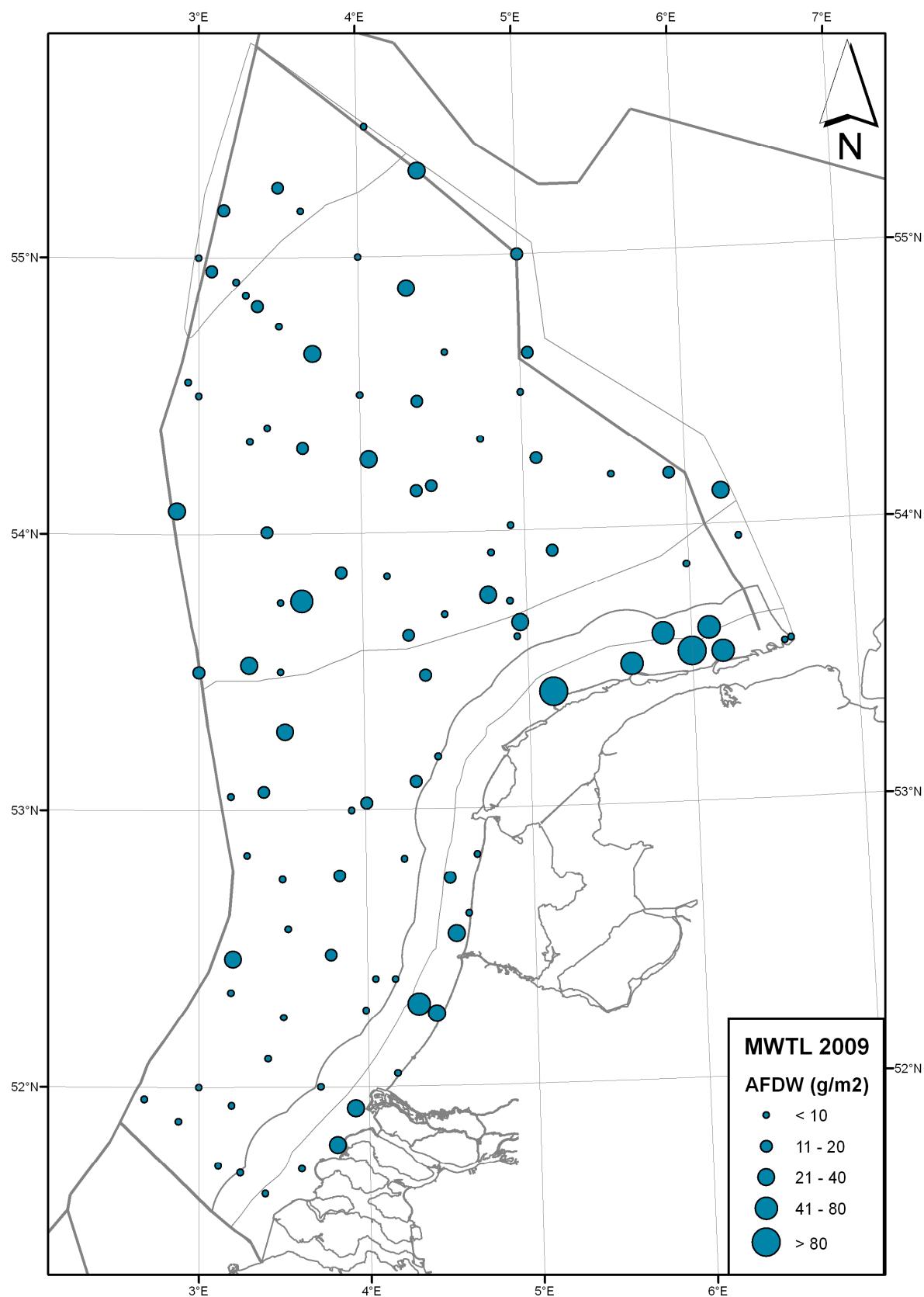


Figure A2 - 9 MWTL 2009. Biomass of benthic fauna

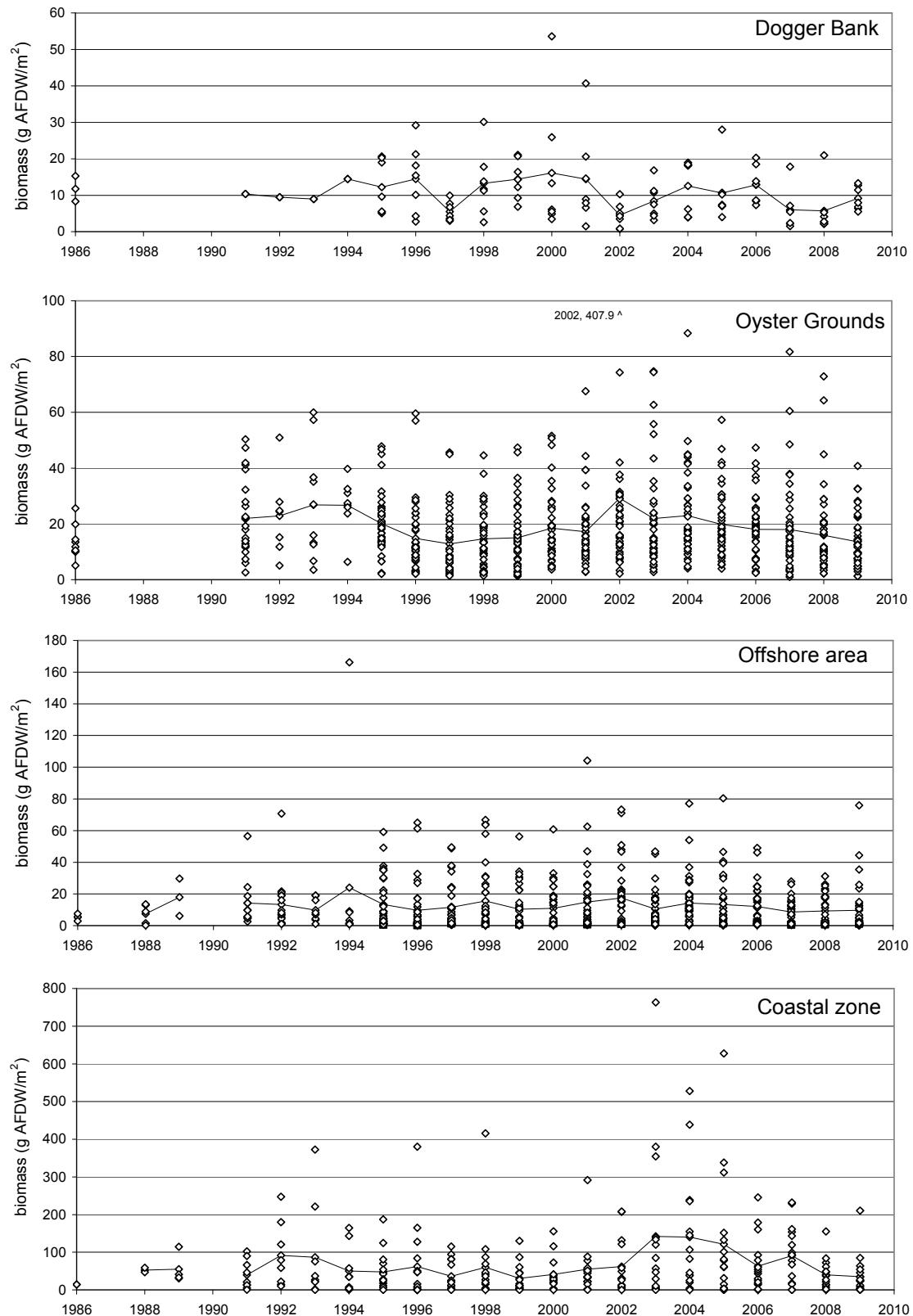
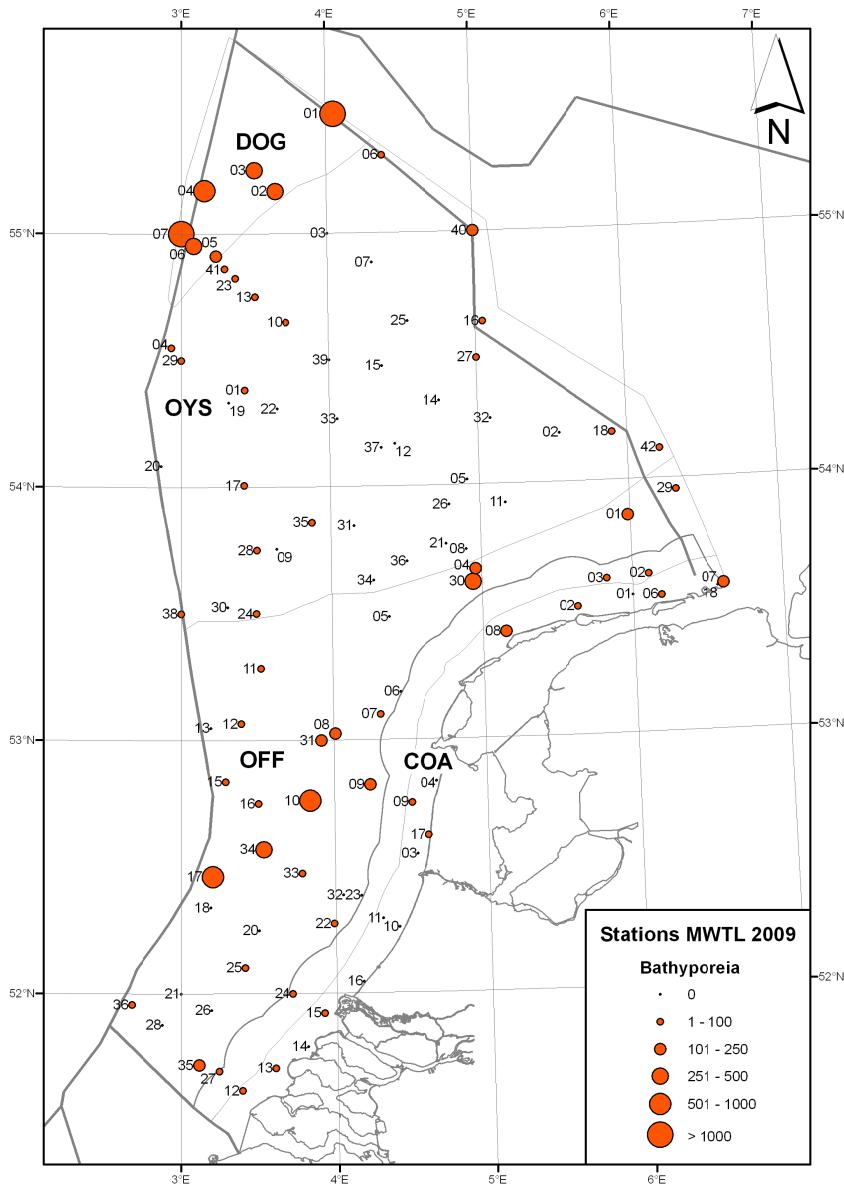
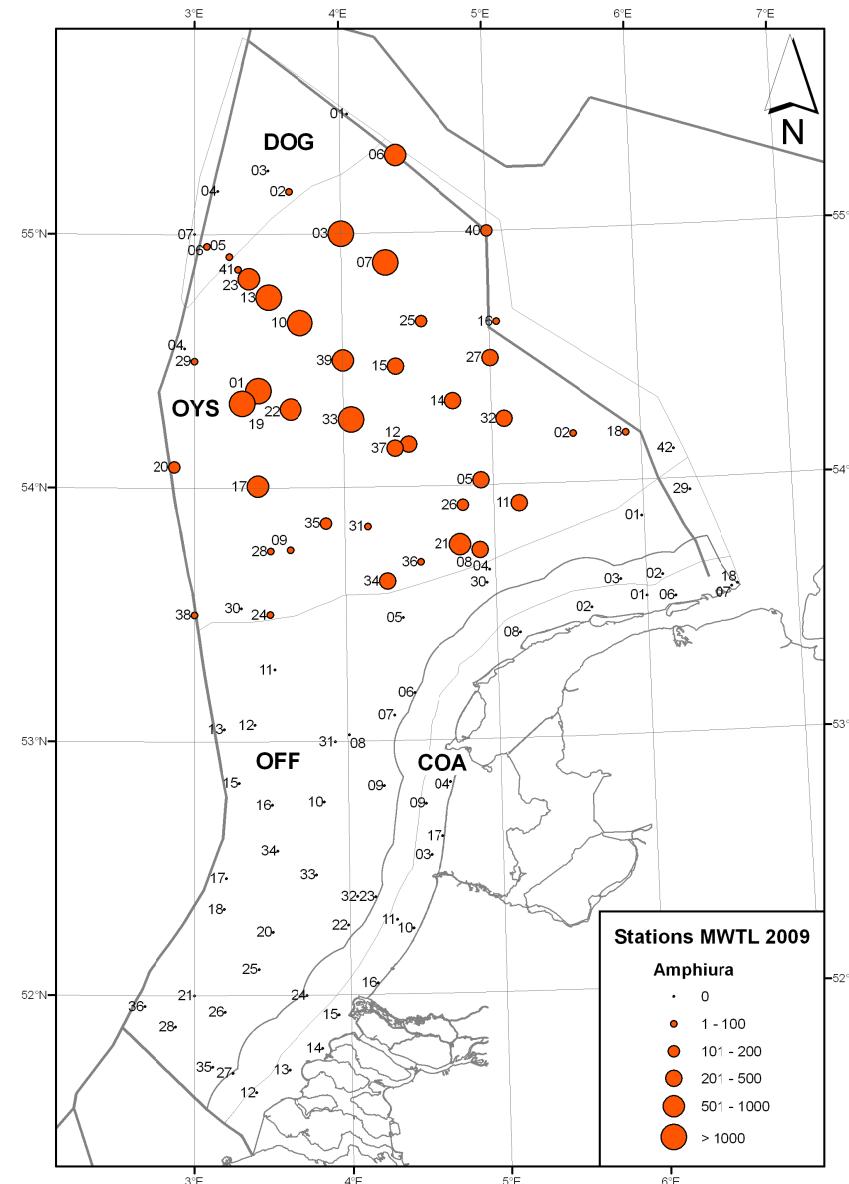
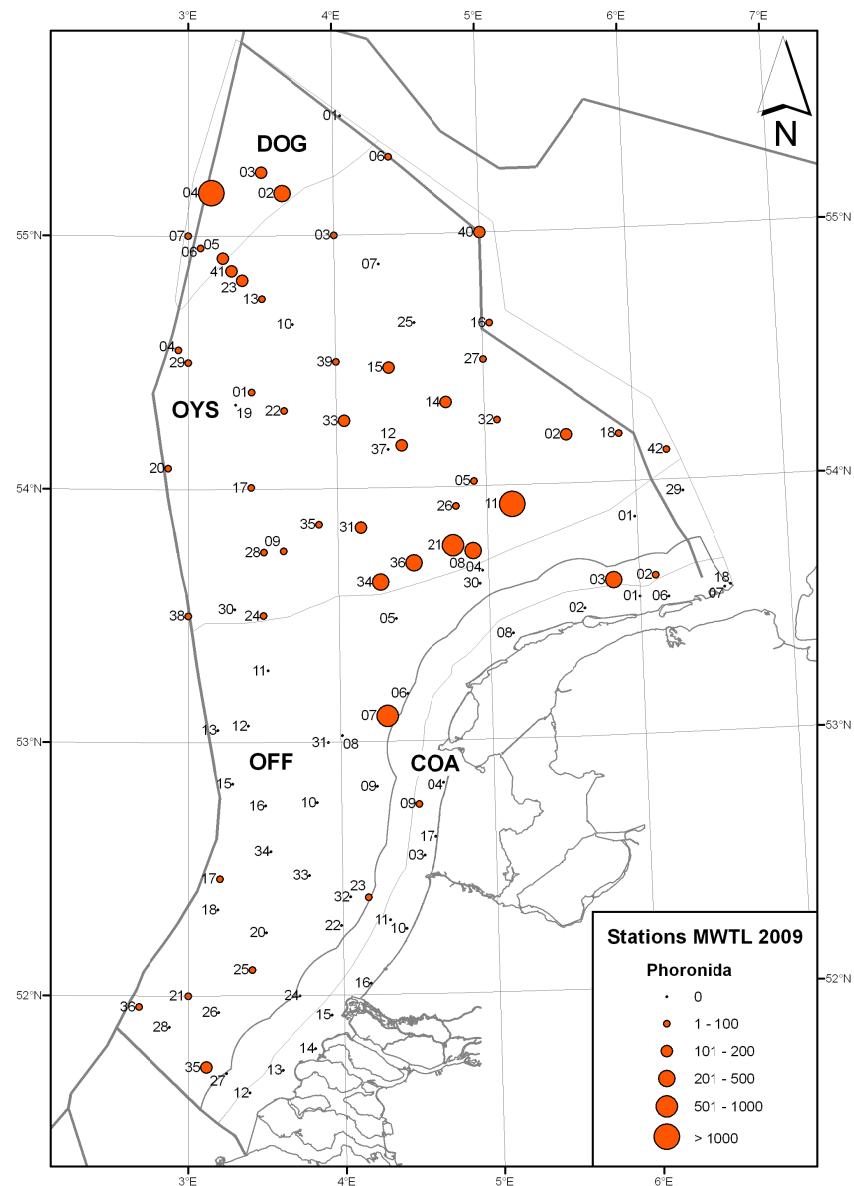
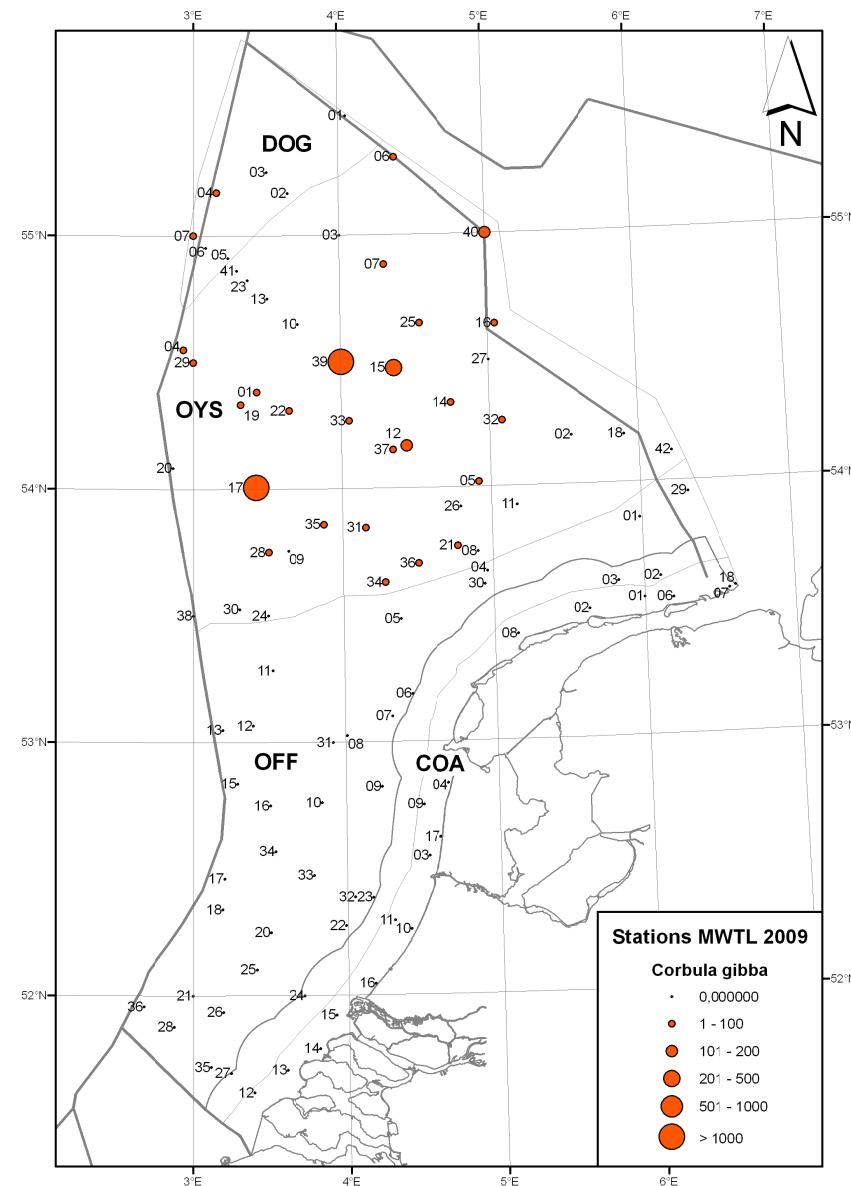
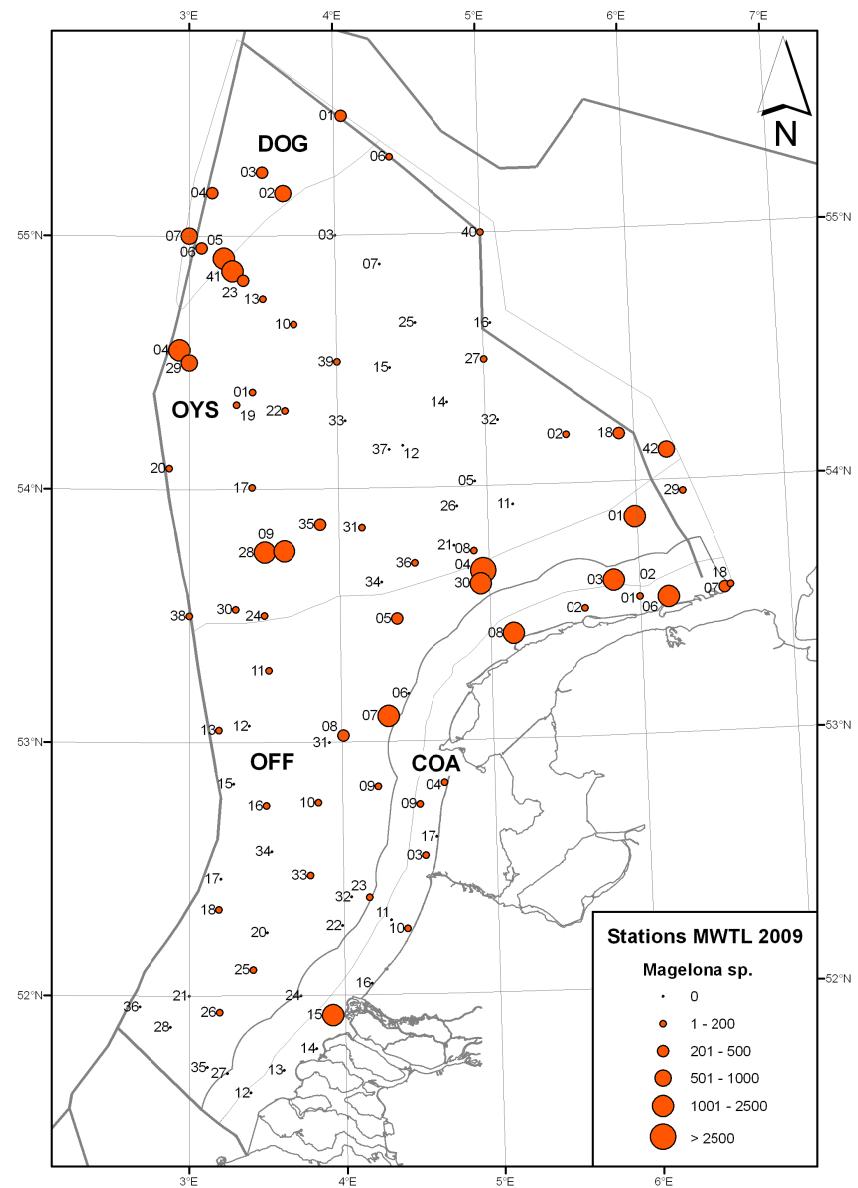
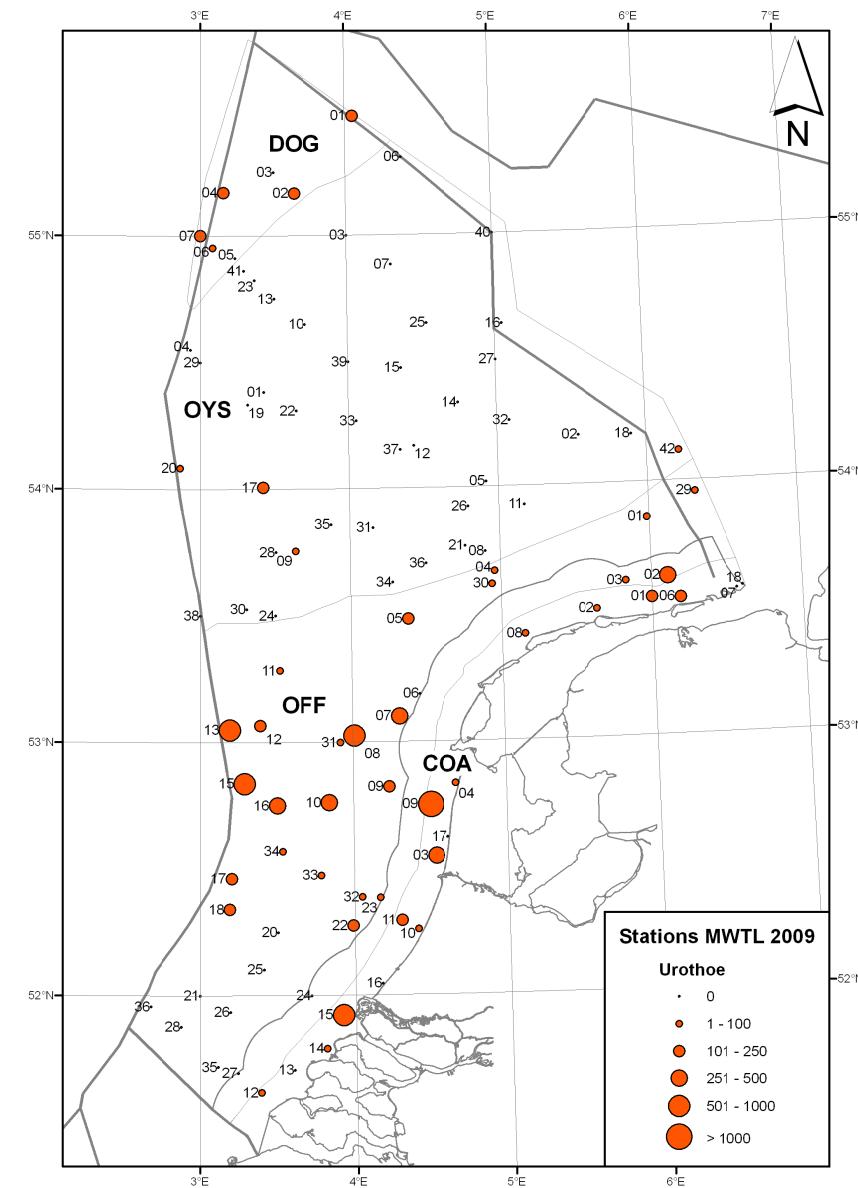
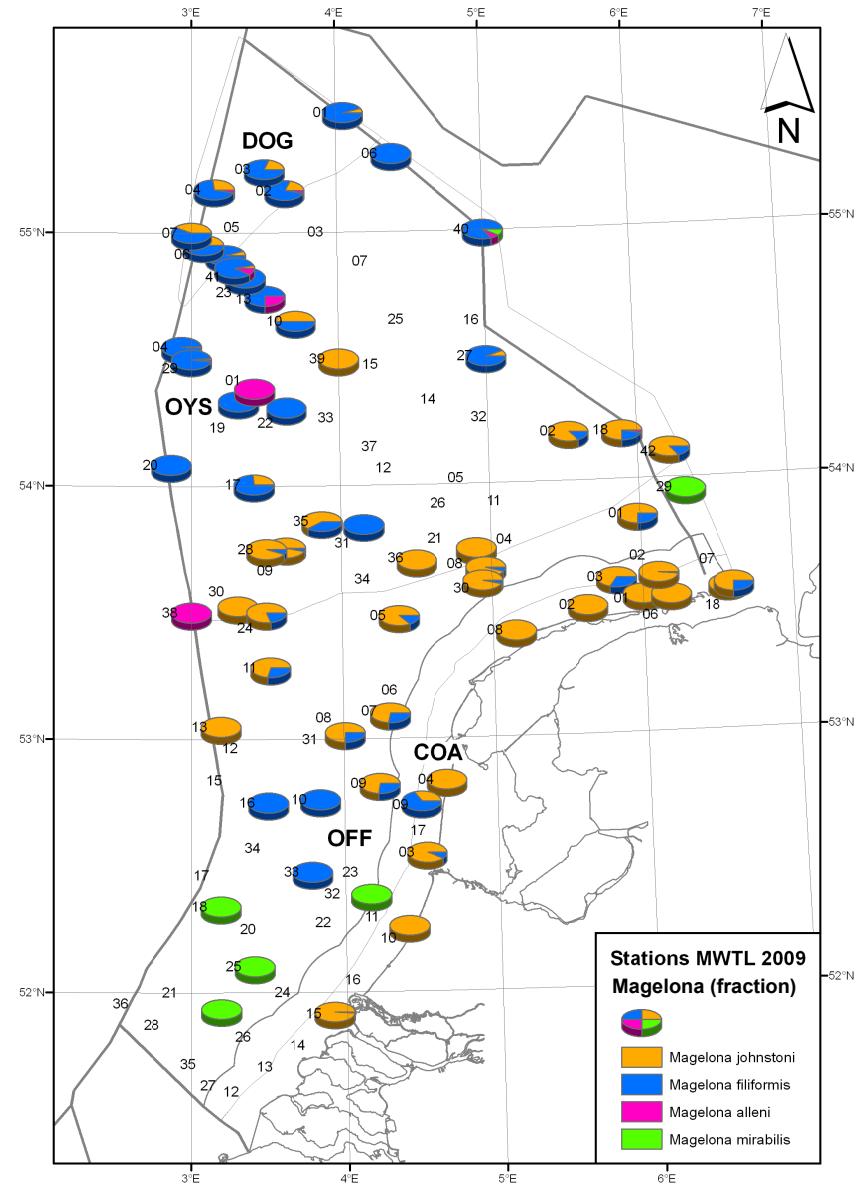


Figure A2 - 10 MWTL 1986 – 2009. Temporal patterns in biomass.

Figure A2 - 12 MWTL 2009. *Bathyporeia* density (n/m^2).Figure A2 - 11 MWTL 2009. *Amphiura* density (n/m^2).

Figure A2 - 14 MWTL 2009. Phoronida density (n/m^2).Figure A2 - 13 MWTL 2009. Corbula gibba density (n/m^2).

Figure A2 - 16 MWTL 2009. *Magelona* density (n/m^2)Figure A2 - 15 MWTL 2009. *Urothoe* density (n/m^2)

Figure A2 - 17 MWTL 2009. *Magelona* species (fraction).

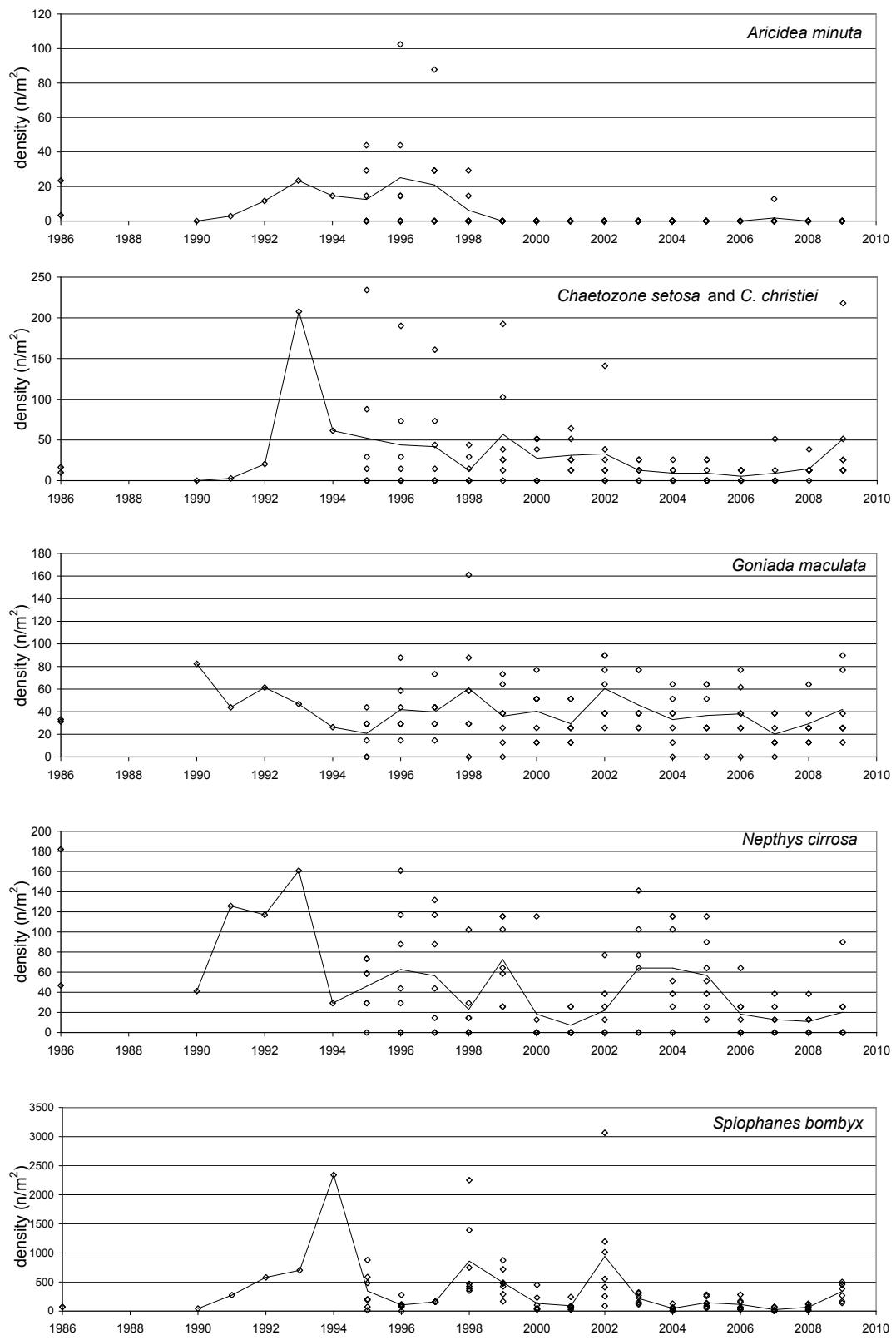


Figure A2 - 18 MWTL 1986 – 2009. Temporal patterns for density of five species at Dogger Bank (1): the polychaetes *Aricidea minuta*, *Chaetozone*, *Goniada maculata*, *Nephtys cirrosa* and *Spiophanes bombyx* (line shows the average density of all Dogger Bank stations)

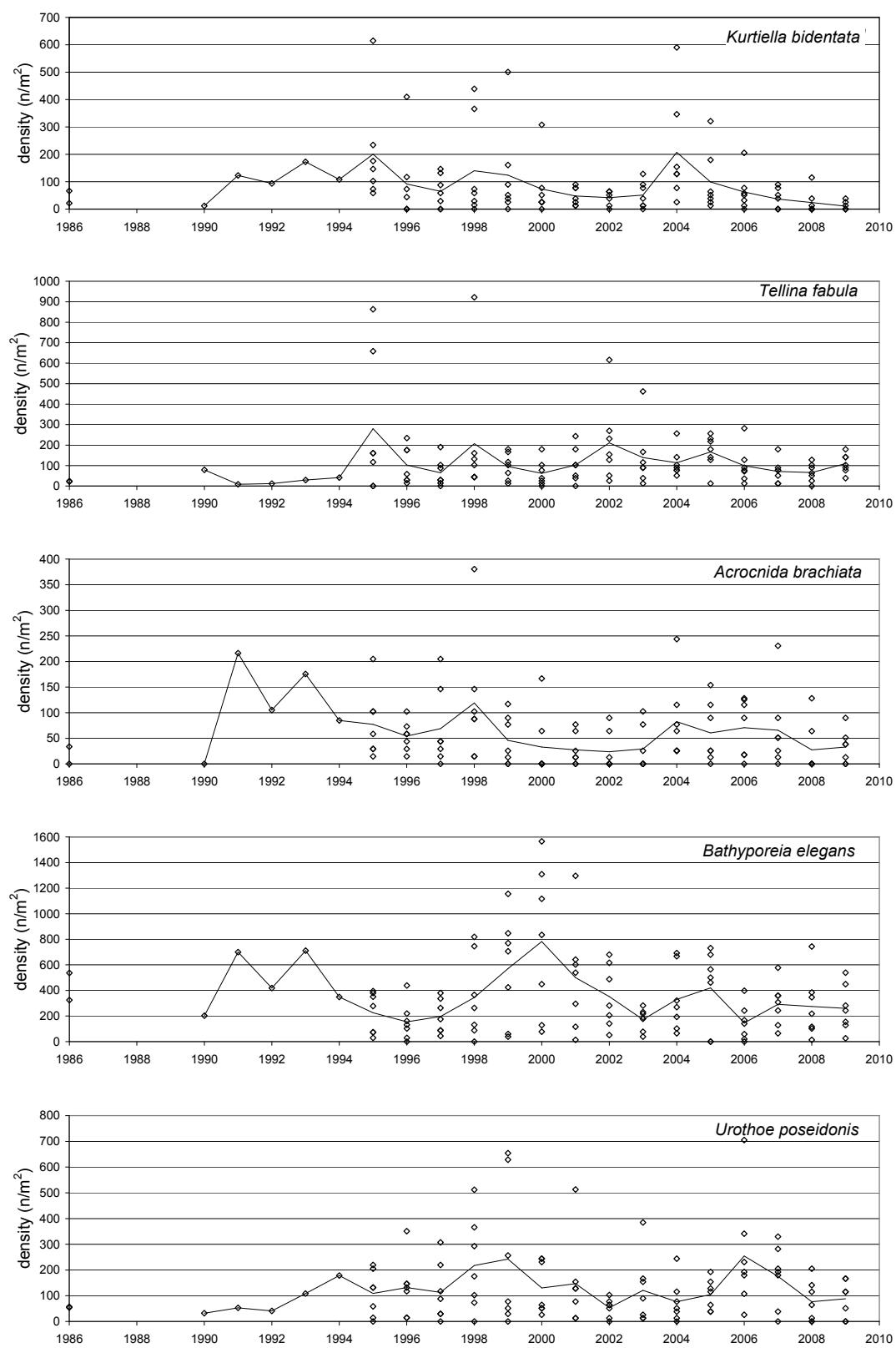


Figure A2 - 19 MWTL 1986 – 2009. Temporal patterns for density of five species at Dogger Bank (2): The bivalves *Kurtiella bidentata* and *Tellina fabula*, the brittle star *Acrocnida brachiata* and the amphipods *Bathyporeia elegans* and *Urothoe poseidonis* (line shows the average density of all Dogger Bank stations).

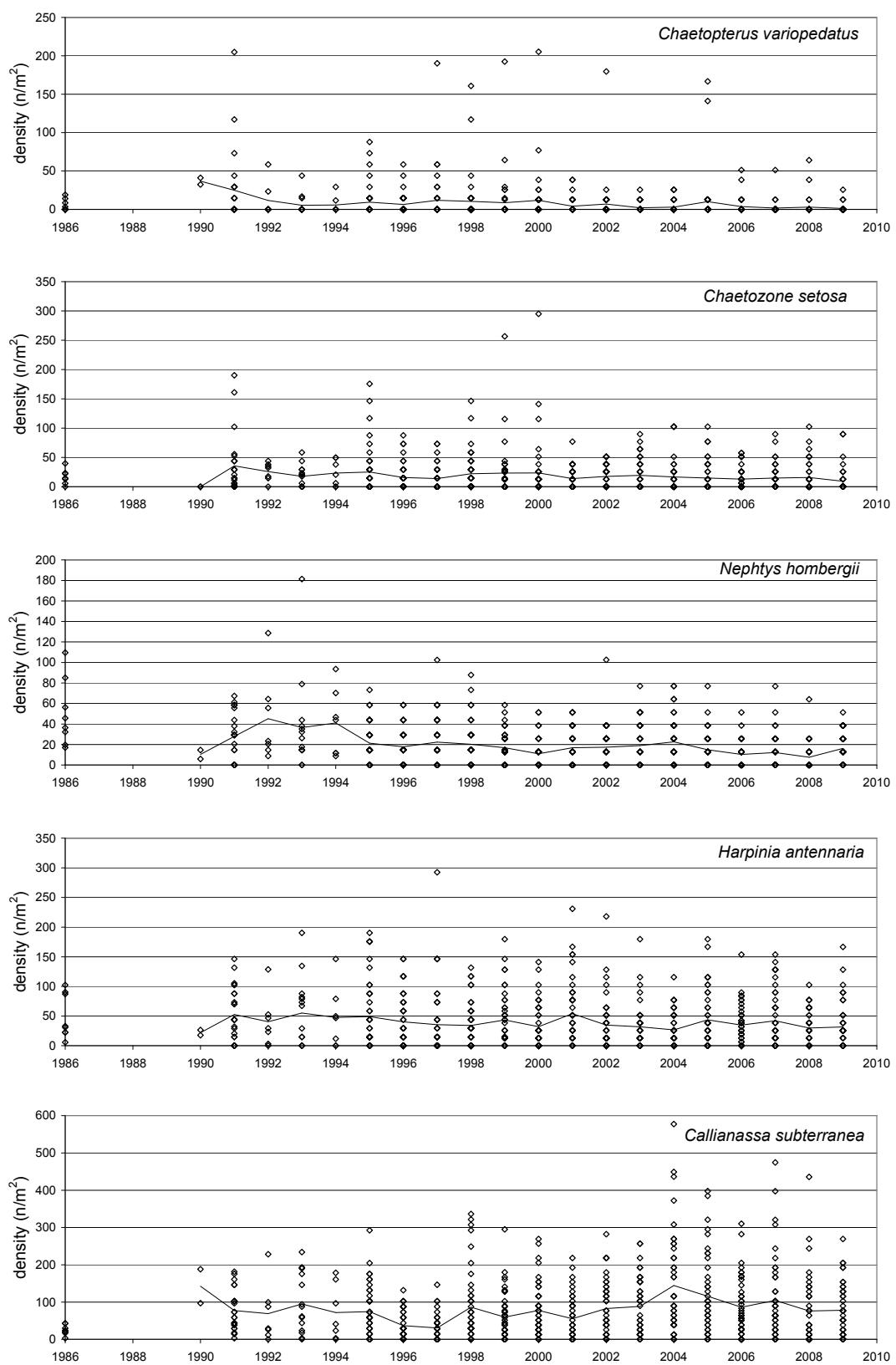


Figure A2 - 20 MWTL 1986 – 2009. Temporal patterns for density of five species in the area Oyster Grounds (1): the polychaetes *Chaetopteryx variopedatus*, *Chaetozone setosa* s.l. and *Nephtys hombergii* and the crustaceans *Harpinia antennaria* and *Callianassa subterranea* (including juveniles) (line shows the average density of all Oyster Grounds stations).

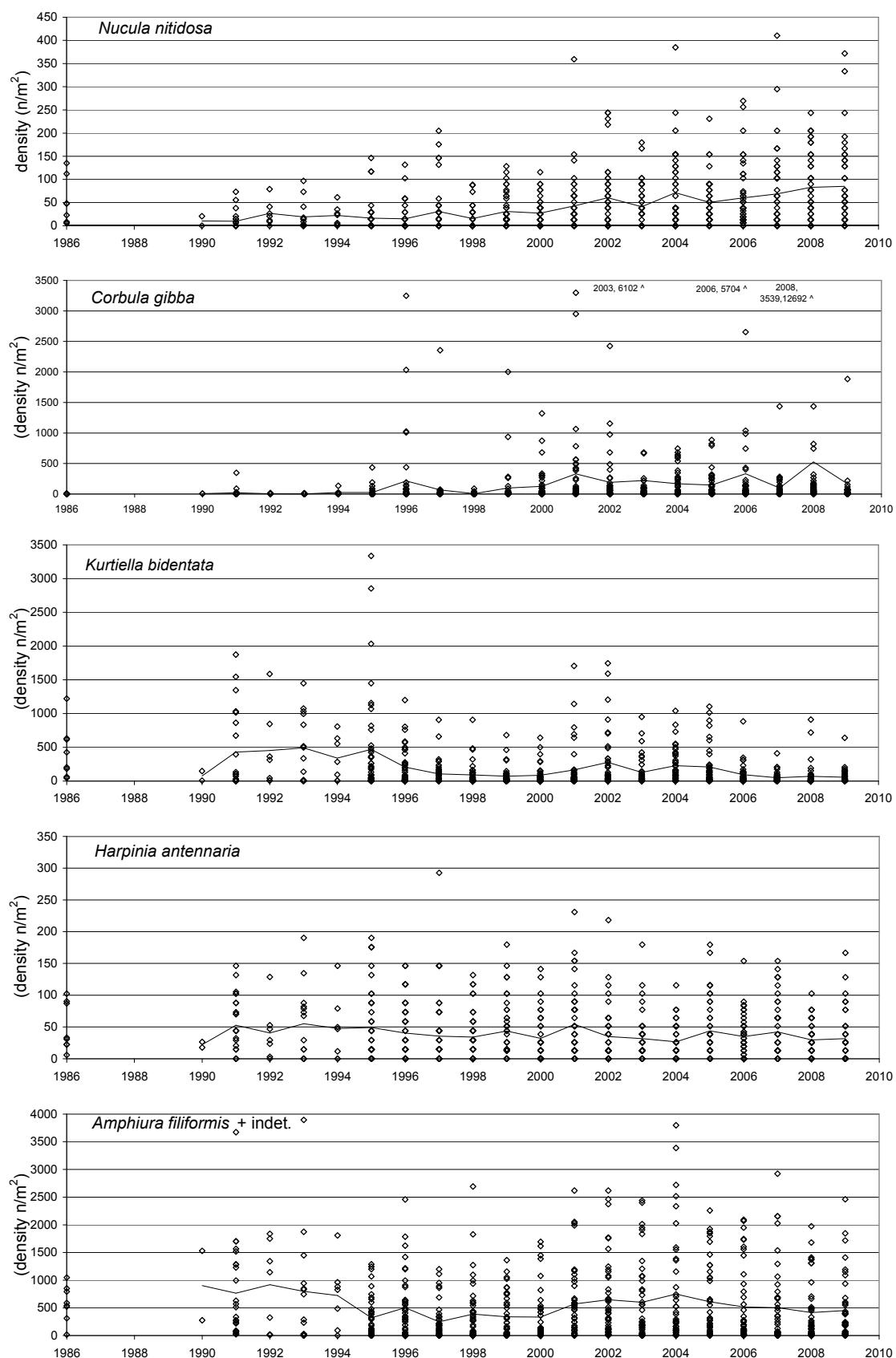


Figure A2 - 21 MWTL 1986 – 2009. Temporal patterns for density of five species in the area Oyster Grounds (2): the bivalves *Nucula nitidosa*, *Corbula gibba* and *Kurtiella bidentata*, the amphipod *Harpinia antennaria* and the brittle star *Amphiura filiformis* (including juveniles) - line showing average density of all Oyster Grounds stations.

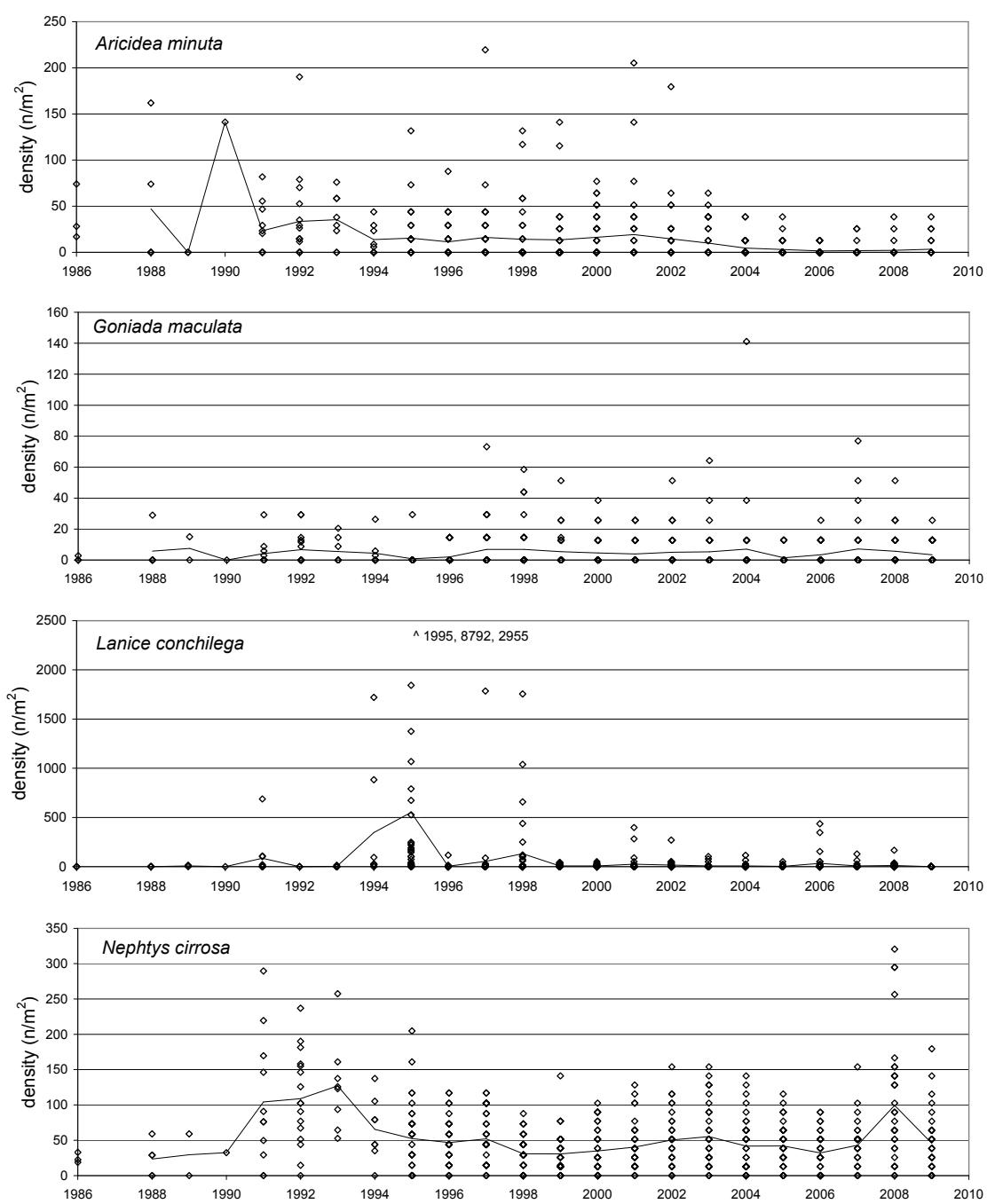


Figure A2 - 22 MWTL 1986 – 2009. Temporal patterns for density of four species in the Offshore area (1): the polychaetes *Aricidea minuta*, *Goniada maculata*, *Lanice conchilega* and *Nephtys cirrosa* - line showing average density of all sampling stations in the Offshore area.

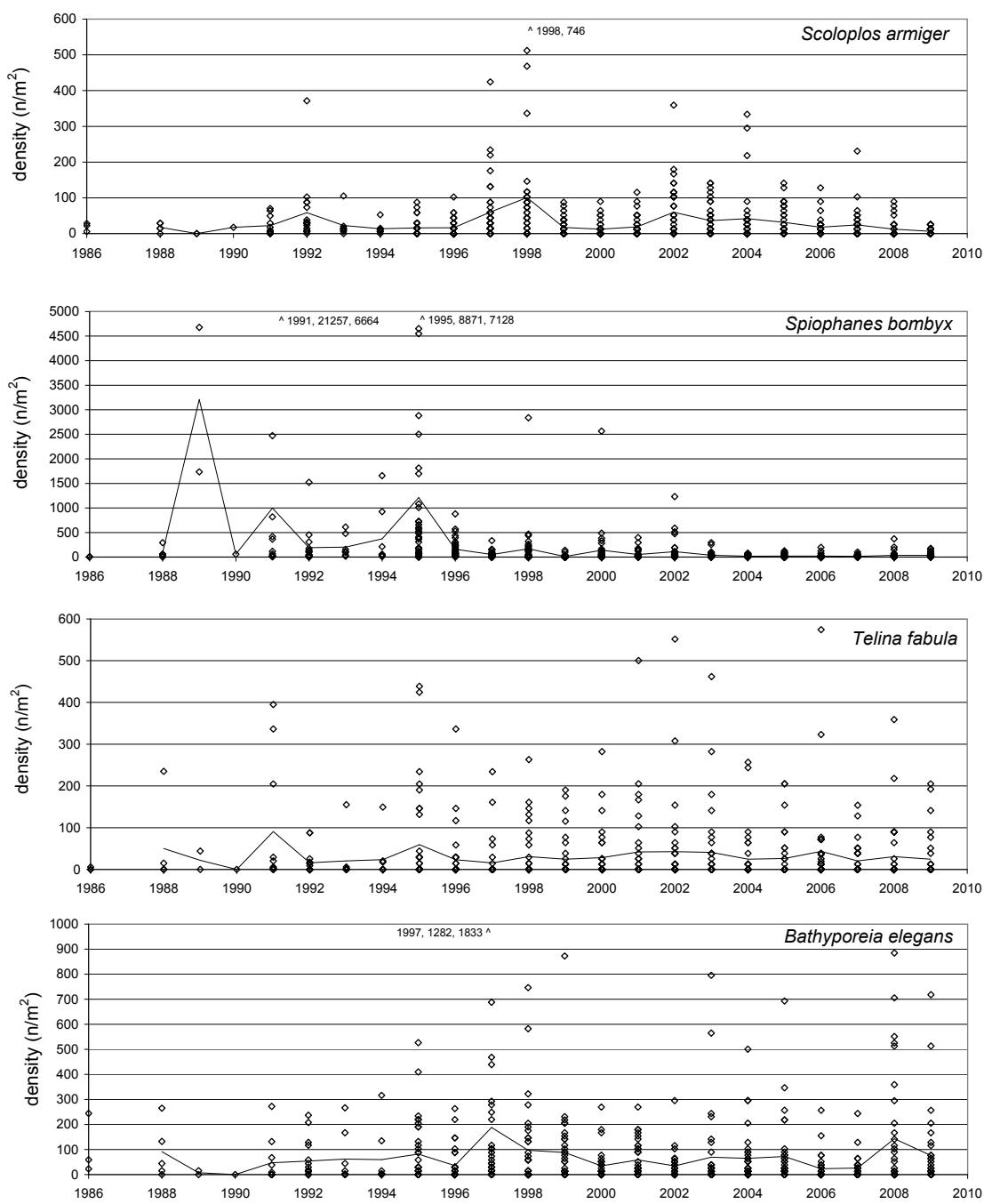


Figure A2 - 23 MWTL 1986 – 2009. Temporal patterns for density of four species in the Offshore area (2): the polychaetes *Scoloplos armiger* and *Spiophanes bombyx*, the bivalve *Tellina fabula* and the amphipod *Bathyporeia elegans* - line showing average density of all sampling stations in the Offshore area.

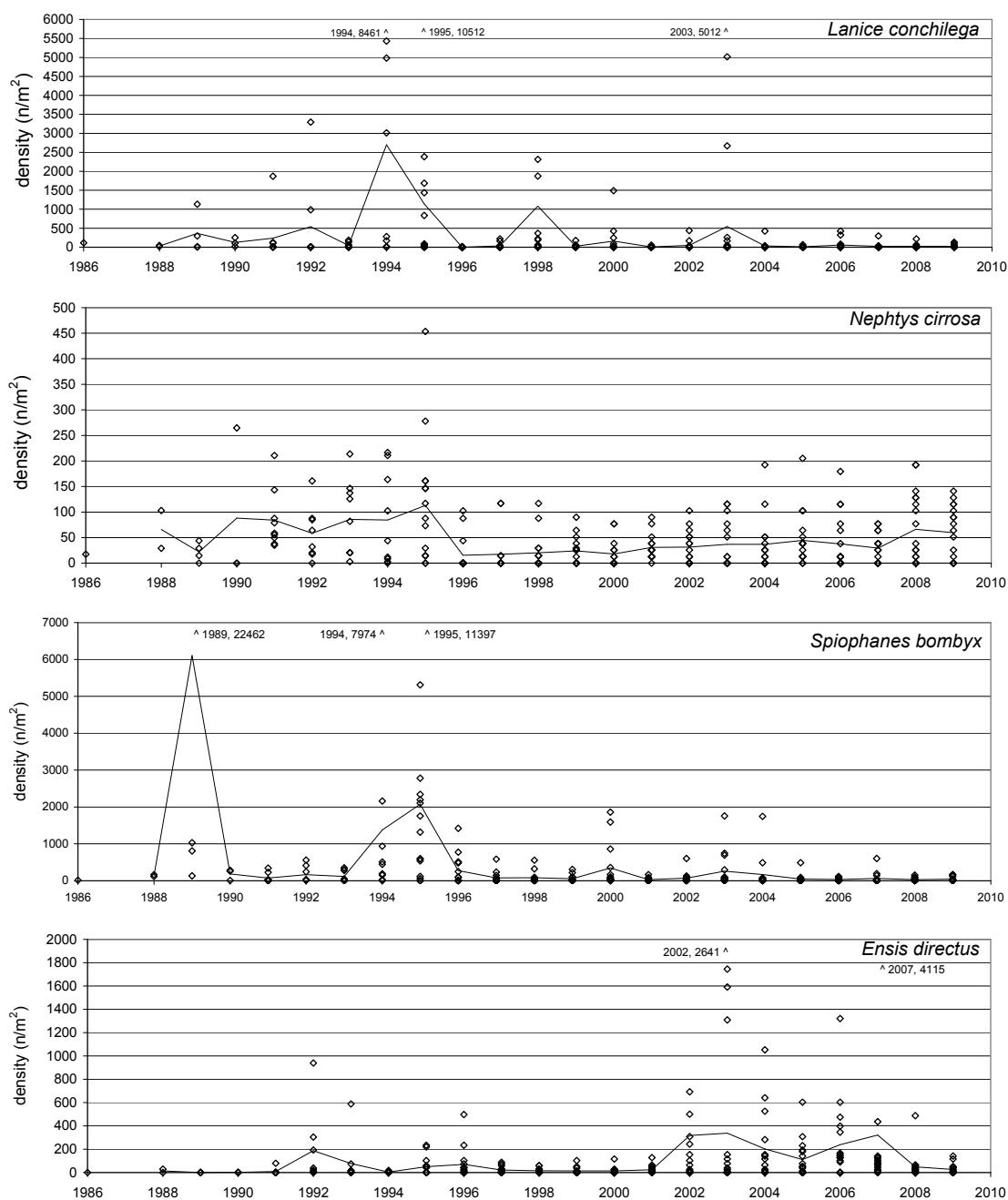


Figure A2 - 24 MWTL 1986 – 2009. Temporal patterns for density of four species in the Coastal area (1): the polychaetes *Lanice conchilega*, *Nephtys cirrosa* and *Spiophanes bombyx* and the razor clam *Ensis directus* (= *E. americanus*) - line showing average density of all sampling stations in the Coastal area.

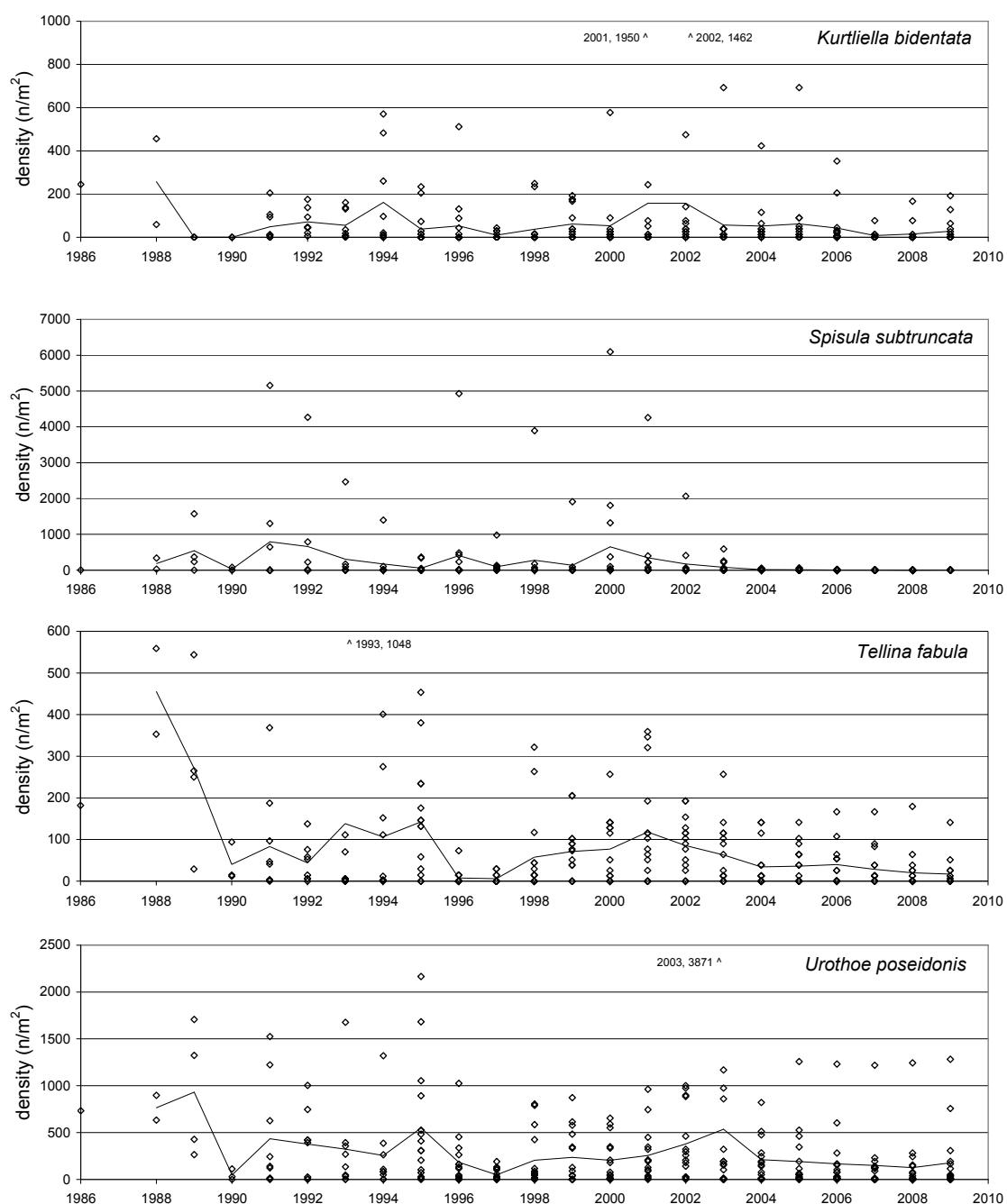


Figure A2 - 25 MWTL 1986 – 2009. Temporal patterns for density of four species in the Coastal area (2): the bivalves *Kurtiella bidentata*, *Spisula subtruncata* and *Tellina fabula* and the amphipod *Urothoe poseidonis* - line showing average density of all sampling stations in the Coastal area.

Appendix 3

Overview

Table A3 - 1a: Dogger Bank and Oyster Grounds (part 1), present taxa

Species	Dogger Bank							Oyster Grounds														Species code								
	D 01	D 02	D 03	D 04	D 05	D 06	D 07	O 01	O 02	O 03	O 04	O 05	O 06	O 07	O 08	O 09	O 10	O 11	O 12	O 13	O 14	O 15	O 16	O 17						
Anthozoa																														
<i>Cerianthus lloydii</i>																										CERULLOY				
<i>Edwardsia</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	EDWA				
Platyhelminthes																											TURB			
<i>Turbellaria</i>																														
Nemertea																											NEMR			
Phoronida																											PHOR			
Polychaeta																														
<i>Ampharetidae</i>																											AMPR			
<i>Atherospio guillei</i>								x									x											ATHOGUIL		
<i>Caullerella killariensis</i>																													CAUEKILL	
<i>Chaetopterus variopedatus</i>											x	x																CHAEVARI		
<i>Chaetozone</i>																			x									CHAZ		
<i>Chaetozone christiei</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		CHAZCHRI			
<i>Chaetozone setosa</i>								x			x		x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		CHAZSETO			
<i>Clymenura</i>								x																				CLYM		
<i>Clymenura lankesteri</i>			x	x	x																								CLYMLANK	
<i>Diplocirrus glaucus</i>	x							x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		DIPOGLAU			
<i>Enipo kinbergi</i>																													ENIPKINB	
<i>Eteone longa</i>		x																											ETEOLONG	
<i>Eumida sanguinea</i>											x	x																EUMISANG		
<i>Eunereis longissima</i>	x							x		x		x				x		x										EUNELONG		
<i>Eunois nodosa</i>										x																			EUNONODO	
<i>Exogone hebes</i>															x														EXOGHEBE	
<i>Gattyana cirrhosa</i>							x				x																	GATTICIRR		
<i>Glycera</i>	x										x			x			x											GLYC		
<i>Glycera alba</i>								x					x			x		x										GLYCALBA		
<i>Glycera lapidum</i>																			x										GLYCLAPI	
<i>Glycera rouxi</i>						x					x			x			x		x									GLYCROUX		
<i>Glycinde nordmanni</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		GLYNORD				
<i>Glyphohesione klatti</i>					x					x			x	x			x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x		GLYPKLAT			
<i>Goniada maculata</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		GONAMACU				
<i>Lanice conchilega</i>	x									x																			LANCCONC	
<i>Laonice bahiensis</i>											x			x															LAONBAHU	
<i>Levinseria gracilis</i>									x			x			x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		LEVIGRAC			
<i>Lumbrineris fragilis</i>									x			x			x			x											LUMIFRAG	
<i>Lumbrineris latreilli</i>						x			x		x		x		x		x		x									LUMILATR		
<i>Lysilla loveni</i>																	x												LYSLLOVE	
<i>Magelona allenii</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		MAGEALLE				
<i>Magelona filiformis</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		MAGEFILI				
<i>Magelona johnstoni</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		MAGEJOHN				
<i>Maldanidae</i>						x			x																				MALD	
<i>Malmgreniella glabra</i>									x			x			x		x		x										MALMGLAB	
<i>Malmgreniella ljunghmani</i>	x																													MALMLJUN
<i>Malmgreniella morphysae</i>										x																				MALMMARP
<i>Mediomastus fragilis</i>								x	x	x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		MEDOFRAG			
<i>Minuspio</i>																														MINU
<i>Minuspio multibranchiata</i>					x					x			x		x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		MINUMULT		
<i>Myriochele oculata</i>						x							x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		MYROOCUL		
<i>Nephthys</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		NEPY			
<i>Nephthys assimilis</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		NEPYASSI			
<i>Nephthys caeca</i>	x	x																											NEPYCAEC	
<i>Nephthys cirrosa</i>		x	x	x																									NEPYCIRR	
<i>Nephthys hombergii</i>				x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		NEPYHOMB			
<i>Nephthys incisa</i>							x																						NEPYINCI	
<i>Nereididae</i>																													NEID	
<i>Notomastus latericeus</i>				x					x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		NOTMLATE			
<i>Ophelina acuminata</i>											x																		OPHLACUM	
<i>Ophiodromus flexuosus</i>										x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		OPHRFLEX			
<i>Owenia fusiformis</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		OWENFUSI			
<i>Pectinaria auricoma</i>											x			x															PECTAURI	
<i>Pectinaria koreni</i>	x	x				x				x																			PECTKORE	
<i>Pholoe</i>									x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		PHOE			
<i>Pholoe baltica</i>	x				x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		PHOBALT			

Table A3 - 1b: Dogger Bank and Oyster Grounds (part 1), present taxa

Species	Dogger Bank							Oyster Grounds											Species code							
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		
<i>Phyllodoce mucosa</i>																									PHYOMUCO	
<i>Phyllodoce rosea</i>	x	x	x							x			x											x	PHYOROSE	
<i>Podarkeopsis helgolandica</i>	x							x	x			x		x										x	PODKHELG	
<i>Poecilochaetus serpens</i>	x	x	x	x	x			x	x		x	x	x	x											POEOSERP	
<i>Polychaeta</i>	x						x					x	x						x							POCH
<i>Polynoidae</i>				x																						POLE
<i>Prionospio cirrifera</i>																x										PRIOCIRR
<i>Rhodine loveni</i>												x														RHOILOVE
<i>Scolelepis bonnierii</i>	x	x			x																					SCOIBONN
<i>Scolelepis squamata</i>																										SCOISQUA
<i>Scoloplos armiger</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	SCOSARMI		
<i>Sigalion mathildae</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x			x				x	x	x	x							x	SIGLMATH	
<i>Spio decoratus</i>				x					x																	SPIODECO
<i>Spio filicornis</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x	x														SPIOFILI	
<i>Spiophanes bombyx</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	SPIPBOMB		
<i>Spiophanes kroyeri</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	SPIPKROY		
<i>Sthenelais limicola</i>		x	x		x	x		x		x		x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	STHELIMI	
<i>Terebellides stroemi</i>										x		x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	TERSSTRO	
<i>Sipunculida</i>																										
<i>Golfingia elongata</i>																			x							GOLFELON
<i>Phascolion strombus</i>																		x								PHSOSTRO
<i>Sipuncula</i>										x			x			x										SIPU
<i>Thysanocardia procera</i>											x	x				x			x							THYNPROC
Crustacea, Amphipoda																										
<i>Abludomelita obtusata</i>	x								x																	ABLUOBTU
<i>Ampelisca</i>						x																				AMPE
<i>Ampelisca brevicornis</i>							x	x	x			x	x												AMPEBREV	
<i>Ampelisca spinipes</i>																										AMPESPIN
<i>Ampelisca tenuicornis</i>								x									x	x							AMPETENU	
<i>Argissa hamatipes</i>	x	x	x	x	x												x		x	x				x	ARGIHAMA	
<i>Atylus falcatus</i>			x	x																						ATYUFALC
<i>Bathyporeia</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x																			BATY
<i>Bathyporeia elegans</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x							x	x							BATYELEG	
<i>Bathyporeia guilliamsoniana</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x																			BATYGUIL
<i>Bathyporeia nana</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x																			BATYNANA
<i>Bathyporeia tenuipes</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x	x		x				x		x	x						BATYTENU	
<i>Harpinia</i>																		x			x					HARP
<i>Harpinia antennaria</i>				x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	HARPANTE		
<i>Harpinia pectinata</i>																	x									HARPPECT
<i>Hippomedon denticulatus</i>	x																									HIPMDENT
<i>Iphimedia obesa</i>			x																							IPHMOBES
<i>Leucothoe</i>									x				x				x									LEUT
<i>Leucothoe incisa</i>	x		x	x	x	x	x											x								LEUTINCI
<i>Medicorophium affine</i>													x													MEDIAFFI
<i>Megaluropus agilis</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x																			MEGUAGIL
<i>Orchomenella nana</i>													x													ORCENANA
<i>Pariambus typicus</i>	x		x																							PAIATYPI
<i>Periocolodes longimanus</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					x													PEROLONG	
<i>Pontocrates arcticus</i>			x		x	x																				PONOARCT
<i>Siphonoecetes kroyeranus</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x			x															SIPOKROY	
<i>Synchelidium maculatum</i>	x	x		x	x	x	x		x			x													SYNHMACU	
<i>Urothoe elegans</i>												x					x									UROTELEG
<i>Urothoe poseidonis</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x																			UROPOSE
<i>Westwoodilla caeca</i>							x																			WESTCAEC
Crustacea, Cumacea																										
<i>Diastylis bradyi</i>	x		x				x	x				x			x			x								DIATBRAD
<i>Diastylis laevis</i>									x			x			x			x								DIATLAEV
<i>Eudorella truncatula</i>						x						x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	EUDOTRUN		
<i>Eudorellopsis deformis</i>																										EUDRDEF0
<i>Pseudocuma longicornis</i>				x	x	x				x						x			x						PSEOLONG	
Crustacea, Decapoda																										
<i>Callianassa subterranea</i>						x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	CALNSUBT		
<i>Corystes cassivelalaunus</i>													x													CORTCASS
<i>Ebalia cranchii</i>	x																	x								EBALCRAN
<i>Upogebia deltaura</i>												x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	UPOGDELT		
<i>Upogebia stellata</i>												x			x			x			x				UOGSTEL	

Table A3 - 1c: Dogger Bank and Oyster Grounds (part 1), present taxa

Species	Doggersbank							Oyster Grounds										Species code								
	D01	D02	D03	D04	D05	D06	D07	O01	O02	O03	O04	O05	O06	O07	O08	O09	O10	O11	O12	O13	O14	O15	O16	O17		
Crustacea, Isopoda																										
<i>Gyge branchialis</i>																		x							GYGEBRAN	
<i>Ione thoracica</i>								x		x															IONETHOR	
<i>Pseudione borealis</i>								x			x			x	x	x	x								PSEIBORE	
Mollusca, Bivalvia																										
<i>Abra alba</i>									x			x					x	x							ABRAALBA	
<i>Abra nitida</i>							x																			ABRANITI
<i>Abra prismatica</i>		x	x																							ABRAPRIS
<i>Arctica islandica</i>								x	x									x		x					ARCTISLA	
<i>Bivalvia</i>			x	x					x								x		x						BIVA	
<i>Chamelea striatula</i>	x		x						x	x									x	x					CHAMSTRI	
<i>Dosinia lupinus</i>		x		x							x										x				DOSILUPI	
<i>Ensis ensis</i>	x	x	x	x					x																ENSIENSI	
<i>Gari fervensis</i>	x																									GARIFERV
<i>Hemilepton nitidum</i>							x										x								HEMLNITI	
<i>Kurtiella bidentata</i>	x	x	x				x	x		x			x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	KURLBIDE		
<i>Lepton squamosum</i>																			x						LEPNSQUA	
<i>Lucinoma borealis</i>					x																				LUCNBORE	
<i>Mysia undata</i>								x			x		x						x						MYSAUNDA	
<i>Phaxas pellucidus</i>	x		x						x			x		x											PHAXPELL	
<i>Tellimya ferruginea</i>		x		x												x	x		x	x	x				TELYFERR	
<i>Tellimya tenella</i>	x																									TELYTENE
<i>Tellina fabula</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x		x														TELNFABU	
<i>Thracia papyracea</i>		x	x						x																	THRAPAPY
<i>Thyasira flexuosa</i>			x						x									x		x					THYSFLEX	
Mollusca, Gastropoda																										
<i>Acteon tornatilis</i>		x																								ACTETORN
<i>Buccinum undatum</i>			x																							BUCCUNDA
<i>Corbula gibba</i>			x		x	x			x	x	x	x				x		x	x	x	x			CORUGIBB		
<i>Cyllichna cylindracea</i>			x			x		x	x		x	x		x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x		CYLCYLI		
<i>Euspira pulchella</i>	x	x		x	x					x	x	x	x		x				x						EUSRUPULC	
<i>Hyala vitrea</i>						x												x							HYAAVITR	
<i>Nucula nitidosa</i>	x		x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	NULNITI			
<i>Vitreolina antiflexa</i>									x																	VITRANTI
Echinodermata																										
<i>Acrocnida brachiata</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x																				ACRNBRAC
<i>Amphiura</i>	x		x										x													AMPI
<i>Amphiura filiformis</i>			x		x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	AMPIFILI		
<i>Astropecten irregularis</i>			x					x																		ASTOIRRE
<i>Brissopsis lyrifera</i>										x									x							BRIPLYRI
<i>Echinocardium cordatum</i>	x	x									x	x				x	x		x	x					ECHNCORD	
<i>Echinocyamus pusillus</i>	x																									ECHYPUSI
<i>Ophiura</i>					x				x		x														OPHU	
<i>Ophiura albida</i>											x		x												OPHALALBI	
Cephalochordata																										
<i>Branchiostoma lanceolatum</i>	x																									BRAALANC
Totaal taxa	28	41	35	37	44	35	38	30	19	28	41	23	39	29	27	27	25	37	22	29	28	23	29	33		

Table A3 - 2a: Oyster Grounds (part 2), present taxa

Table A3 - 2b: Oyster Grounds (part 2), present taxa

Species	Oyster Grounds																								Species code			
	Oys 18	Oys 19	Oys 20	Oys 21	Oys 22	Oys 23	Oys 24	Oys 25	Oys 26	Oys 27	Oys 28	Oys 29	Oys 30	Oys 31	Oys 32	Oys 33	Oys 34	Oys 35	Oys 36	Oys 37	Oys 38	Oys 39	Oys 40	Oys 41	Oys 42			
<i>Polynoidae</i>					x																					POLE		
<i>Prionospio cirrifera</i>		x																								PRIOCIRR		
<i>Scoloplos armiger</i>			x	x					x	x										x	x	x	x		SCOSARMI			
<i>Sigalion mathildae</i>	x	x			x				x		x			x				x		x		x			SIGL MATH			
<i>Spi filicornis</i>		x							x									x	x	x	x	x			SPIOFILI			
<i>Spiophanes bombyx</i>	x			x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x			SPIPBOMB			
<i>Spiophanes kroyeri</i>				x														x								SPIPKROY		
<i>Sthenelais limicola</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x								x	x		x	x	x	x	x					STHELIMI		
<i>Terebellides stroemi</i>		x													x												TERSSTRO	
Sipunculida																												
<i>Golfingia elongata</i>												x															GOLFELON	
<i>Sipuncula</i>					x								x		x		x									SIPU		
<i>Thysanocardia procera</i>		x																									THYNPROC	
Echiura												x																
<i>Echiurus echiurus</i>									x													x					ECHUECHI	
Crustacea, Amphipoda																												
<i>Ampelisca brevicornis</i>																				x	x						AMPEBREV	
<i>Ampelisca spinipes</i>								x																			AMPESPIN	
<i>Ampelisca tenuicornis</i>	x		x	x														x									AMPETENU	
<i>Apherusa ovalipes</i>														x													APHROVAL	
<i>Argissa hamatipes</i>																			x								ARGIHAMA	
<i>Bathyporeia elegans</i>	x						x	x	x										x	x							BATYELEG	
<i>Bathyporeia tenuipes</i>			x	x									x			x	x		x	x						BATYTENU		
<i>Harpinia</i>								x												x							HARP	
<i>Harpinia antennaria</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		x			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x					HARPNANTE		
<i>Harpinia pectinata</i>		x			x		x																				HARPPPECT	
<i>Leucothoe incisa</i>	x	x							x				x			x	x										LEUTINCI	
<i>Leucothoe procura</i>												x				x											LEUTPROC	
<i>Orchomenella nana</i>													x														ORCENANA	
<i>Perioculodes longimanus</i>	x			x					x			x		x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	PEROLONG			
<i>Synchelidium maculatum</i>	x								x				x														SYN H MACU	
<i>Urothoe elegans</i>		x																										UROTELEG
<i>Urothoe poseidonis</i>																				x								UROPOSE
Crustacea, Cumacea																												
<i>Diastylis</i>																			x									DIAT
<i>Diastylis bradyi</i>						x			x		x		x														DIATBRAD	
<i>Diastylis laevis</i>													x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	DIATLAEV		
<i>Eudorella truncatula</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	EUDOTRUN			
<i>Iphinoe trispinosa</i>																			x									IPHITRIS
<i>Parthenopea subterranea</i>					x																							PARPSUBT
<i>Pseudocuma longicornis</i>												x				x		x									PSEOLONG	
Crustacea, Decapoda																												
<i>Callianassa</i>																			x									CALN
<i>Callianassa subterranea</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	CALNSUBT			
<i>Corystes cassivelaunus</i>	x		x																									CORTCASS
<i>Crangon</i>													x															CRON
<i>Crangon crangon</i>														x						x								CRONCRAN
<i>Ebalia cranchii</i>																				x	x							EBALCRAN
<i>Goneplax rhomboides</i>															x													GONLRHOM
<i>Liocarcinus holsatus</i>									x																			LICAHOLS
<i>Processa modica modica</i>	x																											PROEMOMO
<i>Processa nouveli holthuisi</i>																		x										PROENOHO
<i>Upogebia deltaura</i>	x										x				x													UPOGDELT
<i>Upogebia stellata</i>	x																											UPOGSTEL
Crustacea, Isopoda																												
<i>Ione thoracica</i>	x										x		x		x		x											IONETHOR
<i>Pseudione borealis</i>	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	PSEIBORE			
Crustacea, Mysidacea																												
<i>Heteromyysis microps</i>			x																									HETMMICR
Crustacea, Tanaidacea																												
<i>Tanaopsis gracilisoides</i>	x																											TANOGRAC
Mollusca, Bivalvia																												
<i>Abra alba</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	ABRAALBA			
<i>Abra prismatica</i>																				x								ABRAPRIS
<i>Acanthocardia</i>									x					x			x										ACAT	
<i>Arctica islandica</i>									x				x		x		x		x		x		x				ARCTISLA	
<i>Bivalvia</i>					x	x													x								BIVA	

Table A3 - 2c: Oyster Grounds (part 2), present taxa

Species	Oyster Grounds																						Species code			
	O 18	O 19	O 20	O 21	O 22	O 23	O 24	O 25	O 26	O 27	O 28	O 29	O 30	O 31	O 32	O 33	O 34	O 35	O 36	O 37	O 38	O 39	O 40	O 41	O 42	
<i>Chamelea striatula</i>	x																								CHAMSTRI	
<i>Dosinia lupinus</i>				x						x													x	DOSILUPI		
<i>Ensis</i>																							x	ENSI		
<i>Kurtiella bidentata</i>	x	x		x	x	x				x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	KURLBIDE		
<i>Lucinoma borealis</i>				x																	x			LUCNBORE		
<i>Phaxas pellucidus</i>							x														x			PHAXPELL		
<i>Saxicavella jeffreysi</i>																		x						SAXCJEFF		
<i>Tellimya ferruginosa</i>	x			x			x	x			x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	TELYFERR		
<i>Tellina fabula</i>				x	x		x													x	x	x	x	TELNFABU		
<i>Tellina pygmaea</i>																		x						TELNPYGM		
<i>Thracia papyracea</i>	x	x																		x	x			THRAPAPY		
<i>Thyasira flexuosa</i>	x		x	x			x															x		THYSFLEX		
Mollusca, Gastropoda																										
<i>Corbula gibba</i>	x		x	x		x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	CORUGIBB		
<i>Cyllichna cylindracea</i>	x	x	x					x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	CYLCCYLI		
<i>Euspira pulchella</i>				x			x				x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	EUSRPULC		
<i>Hyla vitrea</i>	x				x							x			x	x	x	x	x	x					HYAAVITR	
<i>Nucula nitidosa</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	NUCLNITI		
<i>Turritella communis</i>																			x					TURRCOMM		
Echinodermata											x				x		x		x	x	x	x	x	x	AMPI	
<i>Amphiura</i>											x						x		x	x	x	x	x	x	AMPI	
<i>Amphiura filiformis</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	AMPIFILI		
<i>Astropecten irregularis</i>																			x					ASTOIRRE		
<i>Brissopsis lyrifera</i>											x														BRIPLYRI	
<i>Echinocardium cordatum</i>	x	x	x		x						x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	ECHNCORD		
<i>Leptopentacta elongata</i>											x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	LEPPELON		
<i>Leptosynapta inhaerens</i>														x					x							LEPYINHA
<i>Ophiura albida</i>			x		x									x	x	x										OPHUALBI
Cephalochordata																										
Totaal taxa	20	26	31	36	28	26	28	16	14	17	19	34	16	21	21	23	28	37	34	33	26	24	25	41	19	

Table A3 - 3a: Offshore area (part 1), present taxa

Species	Offshore area																											Species code		
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27			
Anthozoa																	x													
<i>Actiniaria</i>																														ACNI
Platyhelminthes																														
<i>Turbellaria</i>															x				x											TURB
Nemertea																														
<i>Nemertea</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	NEMR		
Phoronida																														
<i>Phoronida</i>	x	x					x									x		x	x	x	x									PHOR
Oligochaeta																														
<i>Tubificidae</i>															x															TUFI
Polychaeta																														
<i>Aricidea minuta</i>	x									x	x																			ARIIMINU
<i>Aricidea suecica</i>																				x										ARIISUEC
<i>Capitella capitata</i>	x																													CAITCAPI
<i>Chaetozone christiei</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x									x	x	x								CHAZCHRI	
<i>Chaetozone setosa</i>	x																													CHAZSETO
<i>Eteone longa</i>	x	x	x	x			x																							ETEOLONG
<i>Euzonus flabelligerus</i>																			x			x								EUZOFLAB
<i>Exogone hebes</i>							x																							EXOGHEBE
<i>Exogone naidina</i>																					x									EXOGNAID
<i>Glycera</i>	x			x																										GLYC
<i>Glycera lapidum</i>											x							x												GLYCLAPI
<i>Glycinde nordmanni</i>	x																													GLYINORD
<i>Goniada maculata</i>	x	x		x						x	x	x	x																GONAMACU	
<i>Magelona filiformis</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	MAGEFILI		
<i>Magelona johnstoni</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	MAGEJOHN		
<i>Magelona mirabilis</i>	x	x			x														x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	MAGEMIRA	
<i>Nephtys</i>	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	NEPY		
<i>Nephtys assimilis</i>		x																												NEPYASSI
<i>Nephtys caeca</i>																		x												NEPYCAEC
<i>Nephtys cirrosa</i>	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	NEPYCIRR		
<i>Nephtys hombergii</i>	x	x	x							x								x												NEPYHOMB
<i>Notomastus latericeus</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	NOTMLATE		
<i>Ophelia limacina</i>	x						x		x	x											x									OPHELIMA
<i>Owenia fusiformis</i>	x																													OWENFUSI
<i>Phylodoce rosea</i>			x		x													x												PHYOROSE
<i>Podarkeopsis helgolandica</i>		x																												PODKHELG
<i>Poecilochætus serpens</i>	x		x																											POEOSERP
Polychaeta	x	x		x																										POCH
<i>Scolelepis bonnieri</i>											x		x				x		x											SCOIBONN
<i>Scolelepis squamata</i>																		x												SCOISQUA
<i>Scoloplos armiger</i>	x		x		x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	SCOSARMI	
<i>Sigalion mathildae</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	SIGLMATH	
<i>Spio filicornis</i>		x		x																										SPIOFILI
<i>Spio gonocephala</i>																		x			x									SPIOGONI
<i>Spio martinensis</i>	x																													SPIOMART
<i>Spiophanes bombyx</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	SPIPBOMB	
<i>Sthenelais limicola</i>							x																							STHELIMI
<i>Streptodonta pterochaeta</i>																		x			x									STREPTER
<i>Travisia forbesii</i>															x															TRAVFORB
Crustacea, Amphipoda																														
<i>Apherusa</i>					x																									APHR
<i>Atylus swammerdami</i>																			x											ATYUSWAM
<i>Bathyporeia</i>	x					x	x																							BATY
<i>Bathyporeia elegans</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	BATYELEG		
<i>Bathyporeia guilliamsoniana</i>	x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	BATYGUIL		
<i>Bathyporeia tenuipes</i>			x																											BATYTENU
<i>Haustorius arenarius</i>																					x									HAUTAREN
<i>Leucothoe incisa</i>	x	x							x									x												LEUTINCI
<i>Megaluropus agilis</i>			x			x		x									x				x								MEGUAGIL	
<i>Orchomenella nana</i>	x																	x												ORCENANA
<i>Perioculodes longimanus</i>	x			x			x		x		x		x		x		x		x									PEROLONG		
<i>Pontocrates altamarinus</i>																					x									PONOALTA
<i>Pontocrates arcticus</i>			x				x		x		x	x																	PONOARCT	
<i>Synchelidium maculatum</i>						x		x													x								SYNHMACU	
<i>Urothoe brevicornis</i>								x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	UROTBREV		
<i>Urothoe poseidonis</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	UROTPOSE		

Table A3 - 3b: Offshore area (part 1), present taxa

Species	Offshore area																											Species code	
	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	15	16	17	18	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27				
Crustacea, Cumacea																													
<i>Diastylis</i>																												DIAT	
<i>Pseudocuma longicornis</i>																												PSEOLONG	
<i>Pseudocuma simile</i>																												PSEOSIMI	
Crustacea, Decapoda																													
<i>Callianassa tyrrhena</i>	x																												CALNTYRR
<i>Corystes cassivelalaunus</i>	x	x																											CORTCASS
<i>Crangon crangon</i>			x																										CRONCRAN
<i>Processa modica modica</i>																	x												PROEMOMO
<i>Processa parva</i>								x																					PROEPARV
Mollusca, Bivalvia																													
<i>Abra nitida</i>									x																				ABRANITI
<i>Donax vittatus</i>	x									x	x																		DONXVITT
<i>Ensis arcuatus</i>	x	x																											ENSIARCU
<i>Kurtiella bidentata</i>										x																			KURLBIDE
<i>Phaxas pellucidus</i>	x																												PHAXPELL
<i>Spisula solidia</i>																		x											SPISSOLI
<i>Spisula subtruncata</i>	x																												SPISSUBT
<i>Tellimya ferruginea</i>	x	x					x	x	x								x											TELYFERR	
<i>Tellina fabula</i>	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x							x												TELNFABU	
<i>Tellina pygmaea</i>																		x											TELNPYGM
<i>Tellina tenuis</i>										x																			TELNTENU
<i>Thracia papyracea</i>	x		x																										THRAPAPY
Mollusca, Gastropoda																													
<i>Cylindrina cylindracea</i>	x																												CYLCCYLI
<i>Euspira pulchella</i>		x	x	x						x		x		x		x		x										EUSRPULC	
<i>Nucula nitidosa</i>		x								x																			NUCLNITI
Echinodermata																													
<i>Asterias rubens</i>			x																										ASTRRUBE
<i>Echinocardium cordatum</i>	x	x	x	x		x	x	x	x	x						x												ECHNCORD	
<i>Echinocyamus pusillus</i>	x																												ECHYPUSI
<i>Ophiura albida</i>																	x												OPHALALBI
Cephalochordata																													
Totaal taxa	25	23	20	24	17	7	23	15	12	14	21	12	8	15	10	18	7	5	7	9	5	5	9	6	3				

Table A3 - 4a: Offshore area (part 2) and Coastal area, present taxa

Species	Offshore area								Coastal zone												Species code							
	Off 28	Off 29	Off 30	Off 31	Off 32	Off 33	Off 34	Off 35	Off 36	Coa 01	Coa 02	Coa 03	Coa 04	Coa 06	Coa 07	Coa 08	Coa 09	Coa 10	Coa 11	Coa 12	Coa 13	Coa 14	Coa 15	Coa 16	Coa 17	Coa 18		
Anthozoa																												
<i>Actiniaria</i>																										x	ACNI	
Nemertea																												
<i>Nemertea</i>	x	x	x	x	x										x	x											NEMR	
Phoronida																												
<i>Phoronida</i>								x	x								x										PHOR	
Oligochaeta																												
<i>Tubificoides diazi</i>										x															x		TUCODIAZ	
Polychaeta																												
<i>Aonides paucibranchiata</i>								x																				AONIPAUC
<i>Aphelochaeta marioni</i>																									x			APLOMARI
<i>Aricidea minuta</i>		x	x																									ARIIMINU
<i>Capitella capitata</i>											x	x	x										x				CAITCAPI	
<i>Chaetozone christiei</i>	x	x			x		x										x										CHAZCHRI	
<i>Eteone longa</i>	x			x													x		x					x			ETEOLONG	
<i>Eumida sanguinea</i>						x				x	x	x	x	x													EUMISANG	
<i>Eunereis longissima</i>																				x	x							EUNELONG
<i>Euzonus flabelligerus</i>	x				x																							EUZOFLAB
<i>Exogone hebes</i>				x																								EXOGHEBE
<i>Gattyana cirrhosa</i>						x																						GATTCCR
<i>Glycera</i>						x																						GLYC
<i>Glycera lapidum</i>	x	x																										GLYCLAPI
<i>Goniada maculata</i>		x	x																									GONAMACU
<i>Lanice conchilega</i>						x	x	x	x	x				x			x									LANCCONC		
<i>Magelona filiformis</i>	x		x							x							x								x		MAGEFILI	
<i>Magelona johnstoni</i>	x				x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	MAGEJOHN			
<i>Magelona mirabilis</i>	x														x									x				MAGEMIRA
<i>Malmgreniella darbouxi</i>								x	x								x										MALMDARB	
<i>Nephtys</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	NEPY			
<i>Nephtys assimilis</i>								x	x														x				NEPYASSI	
<i>Nephtys caeca</i>																				x								NEPYCAEC
<i>Nephtys cirrosa</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	NEPYCIRR			
<i>Nephtys hombergii</i>			x							x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		NEPYHOMB		
<i>Notomastus latericeus</i>	x				x	x	x	x						x			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	NOTMLATE		
<i>Ophelia limacina</i>	x		x		x																							OPHELIMA
<i>Owenia fusiformis</i>					x	x	x	x	x				x	x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		OWENFUSI		
<i>Phloe baltica</i>																			x									PHOEBALT
<i>Phylodoce mucosa</i>							x			x																		PHYOMUCO
Polychaeta	x	x					x			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	POCH		
<i>Polydora cornuta</i>																			x									POYDCORN
<i>Pygospio elegans</i>																		x										PYGOELEG
<i>Scolelepis bornieri</i>		x													x													SCOIBONN
<i>Scolelepis squamata</i>																		x							x		SCOISQUA	
<i>Scoloplos armiger</i>	x		x	x																								SCOSARMI
<i>Sigalion mathildae</i>								x							x			x										SIGLMATH
<i>Spio goniophala</i>			x																									SPIOGONI
<i>Spio martinensis</i>									x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	SPIMART		
<i>Spiophanes bombyx</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	SPIPBOMB			
<i>Streblospio shrubsolii</i>																			x									STSPSHRU
<i>Streptodonta pterochaeta</i>			x																									STREPTER
Crustacea, Amphipoda																												
<i>Apherusa ovalipes</i>				x																								APHROVAL
<i>Bathyporeia</i>	x															x												BATY
<i>Bathyporeia elegans</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x	x							x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	BATYELEG		
<i>Bathyporeia guilliamsoniana</i>	x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x				x													BATYGUIL	
<i>Bathyporeia pelagica</i>																									x			BATYPELA
<i>Gammaridae</i>																			x									GAMA
<i>Leucothoe incisa</i>								x			x		x		x		x										LEUTINCI	
<i>Megalurus agilis</i>	x		x	x													x											MEGUAGIL
<i>Microprotopus maculatus</i>											x																	MICUMACU
<i>Orchomenella nana</i>									x											x								ORCENANA
<i>Pontocrates altamarinus</i>	x									x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		PONOALTA		
<i>Pontocrates arcticus</i>	x								x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		PONOARCT		
<i>Synchelidium maculatum</i>				x						x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		SYNHMACU		
<i>Urothoe brevicornis</i>			x	x	x	x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		UROTBREV		
<i>Urothoe poseidonis</i>	x	x		x			x			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x		UROTPOSE		

Table A3 - 4b: Offshore area (part 2) and Coastal area, present taxa

Species	Offshore area										Coastal zone										Species code						
	Off 28	Off 29	Off 30	Off 31	Off 32	Off 33	Off 34	Off 35	Off 36	Coa 01	Coa 02	Coa 03	Coa 04	Coa 06	Coa 07	Coa 08	Coa 09	Coa 10	Coa 11	Coa 12	Coa 13	Coa 14	Coa 15	Coa 16	Coa 17	Coa 18	
Crustacea, Cumacea																											
<i>Diastylis lucifera</i>																x									DIATLUCI		
<i>Pseudocuma</i>							x																		PSEO		
<i>Pseudocuma longicornis</i>	x	x													x										PSEOLONG		
<i>Pseudocuma simile</i>			x			x	x																		PSEOSIMI		
Crustacea, Decapoda																											
<i>Crangon crangon</i>														x					x						CRONCRAN		
<i>Diogenes pugilator</i>													x		x										DIOPUGI		
<i>Liocarcinus holsatus</i>									x										x						LICAHOLS		
<i>Processa modica modica</i>	x																									PROEMOMO	
<i>Processa parva</i>			x																							PROEPARV	
<i>Thia scutellata</i>		x																								THIASCUT	
Mollusca, Bivalvia																											
<i>Abra alba</i>					x		x	x	x	x								x							ABRAALBA		
<i>Donax vittatus</i>				x							x														DONXVITT		
<i>Ensis</i>						x					x														ENSI		
<i>Ensis arcuatus</i>								x			x														ENSIARCU		
<i>Ensis directus</i>			x	x							x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x					ENSIDIRE			
<i>Goodallia triangularis</i>	x																									GOODTRIA	
<i>Kurtiella bidentata</i>				x		x	x				x			x	x	x	x							KURLBIDE			
<i>Macoma balthica</i>					x		x													x					MACOBALT		
<i>Mytilus edulis</i>												x														MYTIEDUL	
<i>Spisula subtruncata</i>		x				x		x	x																SPISSUBT		
<i>Tellimya ferruginosa</i>	x					x	x	x	x		x		x		x	x								TELYFERR			
<i>Tellina fabula</i>	x					x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x			x							TELNFABU			
<i>Tellina pygmaea</i>	x	x				x																				TELNPYGM	
<i>Tellina tenuis</i>					x																					TELNTENU	
Mollusca, Gastropoda																											
<i>Euspira pulchella</i>	x	x				x																				EUSRPUCLC	
<i>Nassarius reticulatus</i>																		x								NASARETI	
<i>Potamopyrgus antipodarum</i>																		x								POPYANTI	
Echinodermata																											
<i>Echinocardium cordatum</i>	x	x	x	x	x	x		x		x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x				ECHNCORD			
<i>Ophiura albida</i>		x		x																x						OPHUALBI	
<i>Ophiura ophiura</i>						x		x									x								OPHUOPHI		
Cephalochordata																											
<i>Branchiostoma lanceolatum</i>																										BRAALANC	
Totaal taxa	7	11	20	15	7	16	13	8	15	21	12	24	14	24	5	17	17	12	13	6	5	17	23	3	3	6	

Appendix 4

Density and biomass of species in 4 subareas

Dogger Bank (DOG),

Density and biomass of species

Density (n/m ²)	DOG01	DOG02	DOG03	DOG04	DOG05	DOG06	DOG07
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	DOGGBK07 n/m ²	DOGGBK02 g/m ²	DOGGBK03 n/m ²	TERSLG235 g/m ²	DOGGBK04 n/m ²	DOGGBK05 g/m ²	DOGGBK08 n/m ²
Anthozoa							
CERULLOY			12,8 0,013				
EDWA	76,9 0,096	89,7 0,223	38,5 0,137	64,1 0,195	12,8 0,039	25,6 0,078	
Nemertea							
NEMR	89,7 0,056	128,2 0,642	115,4 0,037	25,6 0,128	76,9 0,385	38,5 0,193	89,7 0,449
Phoronida							
PHOR		269,2 0,081	128,2 0,038	3064,1 0,920	192,3 0,058	51,3 0,015	89,7 0,027
Polychaeta							
AMPR						12,8 0,016	
CHAZCHRI	51,3 0,026	12,8 0,000	25,6 0,000	12,8 0,000	217,9 0,001	12,8 0,000	25,6 0,000
CLYMLANK				38,5 0,002		38,5 0,012	25,6 0,518
DIPOGLAU		12,8 0,000					
ETEOLONG					12,8 0,000		
EUNELONG					12,8 0,010		
GLYC			12,8 0,016				
GLYCROUX							25,6 0,320
GLYNORD		12,8 0,000	12,8 0,008		12,8 0,000		12,8 0,000
GONAMACU	89,7 0,310	25,6 0,000	25,6 0,000	76,9 0,001	25,6 0,000	38,5 0,090	12,8 0,000
LANCCONC		12,8 0,488					
MAGEALLE		25,6 0,002		12,8 0,001	12,8 0,000		
MAGEFILI	243,6 0,000	564,1 0,001	371,8 0,001	269,2 0,000	1756,4 0,003	217,9 0,000	294,9 0,001
MAGEJOHN	12,8 0,051	141,0 0,556	89,7 0,354	102,6 0,404	102,6 0,404	51,3 0,202	217,9 0,859
MALD							12,8 0,001
MALMLJUN		12,8 0,000					
MYROOCUL							25,6 0,000
NEPY	25,6 0,017		12,8 0,020			25,6 0,020	25,6 0,067
NEPYASSI	12,8 0,075	25,6 1,275	12,8 0,211				12,8 0,300
NEPYCAEC	12,8 0,465	12,8 1,119					
NEPYCIRR				25,6 0,014	25,6 0,014	89,7 0,390	
NOTMLATE							25,6 0,702
OWENFUSI	153,8 0,802	12,8 0,067	25,6 0,080	64,1 0,334		166,7 0,869	51,3 0,267
PECTKORE		12,8 0,000		12,8 0,000			
PHOEBALT			25,6 0,000				
PHYOROSE		12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000			
PODKHELG	25,6 0,000						
POEOSERP	12,8 0,000	25,6 0,000		12,8 0,000		25,6 0,000	12,8 0,000
POCH	12,8 3,701						
POLE					12,8 0,000		
SCOIBONN		12,8 0,001	12,8 0,008				38,5 0,159
SCOSARMI		38,5 0,079	89,7 0,184	12,8 0,026	474,4 0,974		25,6 0,053
SIGLMATH	12,8 0,199	25,6 0,478	12,8 0,028	89,7 1,674	12,8 0,239	12,8 0,442	76,9 0,750
SPIODECO					525,6 0,084		
SPIOFILI	76,9 0,020	153,8 0,002	230,8 0,059		12,8 0,003	76,9 0,020	243,6 0,062
SPIPBOMB	269,2 0,036	384,6 0,495	500,0 0,644	461,5 0,594	461,5 0,594	141,0 0,182	166,7 0,215
STHELIMI				25,6 0,001	12,8 0,000		
Crustacea, Amphipoda							
ABLUOBTU		12,8 0,004					
ARGIHAMA		12,8 0,004		38,5 0,012	38,5 0,012	12,8 0,004	
ATYUFALC				12,8 0,004		12,8 0,004	
BATY	448,7 0,075		89,7 0,015			76,9 0,013	884,6 0,148
BATYELEG	448,7 0,135	282,1 0,085	153,8 0,046	294,9 0,089	38,5 0,012	243,6 0,073	128,2 0,039
BATYGUIL	128,2 0,054	128,2 0,054	128,2 0,054	205,1 0,086	25,6 0,011	25,6 0,011	51,3 0,021
BATYNANA	115,4 0,020		64,1 0,011	256,4 0,044	25,6 0,004	51,3 0,009	128,2 0,022
BATYTENU		64,1 0,019	51,3 0,015	25,6 0,008	153,8 0,046		25,6 0,008
HIPMDENT			12,8 0,004				
IPHMOBES					12,8 0,004		
LEUTINCI				25,6 0,010			76,9 0,030
MEGUAGIL				25,6 0,008		51,3 0,015	51,3 0,015
PAIATYPI		12,8 0,004			25,6 0,008		
PEROLONG	12,8 0,004		25,6 0,008	25,6 0,008	38,5 0,012	64,1 0,019	25,6 0,008
PONOARCT				12,8 0,004		38,5 0,012	64,1 0,019
SIPOKROY	89,7 0,027		153,8 0,046	51,3 0,015	12,8 0,004	12,8 0,004	64,1 0,019
SYNHMACU	25,6 0,008	51,3 0,015			12,8 0,004	25,6 0,008	25,6 0,008
UROTOPSE	166,7 0,050	166,7 0,050		115,4 0,035		51,3 0,015	115,4 0,035
Crustacea, Cumacea							
DIATBRAD			12,8 0,003			12,8 0,003	
PSEOLONG					12,8 0,003	51,3 0,010	25,6 0,005

Density (n/m ²)	DOG01	DOG02	DOG03	DOG04	DOG05	DOG06	DOG07
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	DOGGBK07 n/m ²	DOGGBK02 g/m ²	DOGGBK03 n/m ²	TERSLG235 g/m ²	DOGGBK04 n/m ²	DOGGBK05 g/m ²	DOGGBK08 n/m ²
Crustacea, Decapoda							
EBALCRAN			12,8 0,038				
Mollusca, Bivalvia							
ABRAPRIS				12,8 0,034	12,8 0,044		
BIVA					12,8		12,8
CHAMSTRI		12,8 0,001			12,8 0,008		
DOSILUPI			25,6 0,028			12,8 0,003	
ENSIENSI		12,8 0,526		7,7 8,113		25,6 8,141	
GARIFERV		12,8 0,069					
KURLBIDE	12,8 0,004		38,5 0,009		25,6 0,001		
LUCNBORE							25,6 0,079
PHAXPELL		25,6 0,044			25,6 0,002		
TELYFERR			12,8 0,019			12,8 0,004	
TELYTENE	12,8 0,006						
TELNFABU	102,6 0,175	38,5 0,002	141,0 0,182	141,0 0,521	89,7 0,007	76,9 0,032	179,5 0,191
THRAPAPY			12,8 0,001	25,6 0,014			
THYSFLEX					25,6 0,087		
Mollusca, Gastropoda							
ACTETORN			12,8				
BUCCUNDA					12,8 0,095		
CORUGIBB				12,8 0,002			12,8 0,035
CYLCCYLI				12,8 0,002			
EUSRPULC	12,8 0,023	12,8 0,044			12,8 0,002		12,8 0,064
NUCLNITI		12,8 0,002			25,6 0,237		12,8 0,002
Echinodermata							
ACRNBRAC	38,5 0,005	12,8 0,346		89,7 0,000		38,5 0,264	51,3 0,000
AMPI		51,3 0,008			12,8 0,002		
AMPIFILI						12,8 0,033	
ASTOIRRE					12,8 4,307		
ECHNCORD			12,8 10,443		12,8 0,237		
ECHYPUSI	38,5 0,002						
Cephalochordata							
BRAALANC		12,8 0,001					
Totals	2833,3 6,439	2961,5 6,787	2730,8 12,761	5776,9 13,303	4666,7 7,956	1948,7 11,205	3474,4 5,497

***Oystergrounds (OYS),
Density and biomass of species***

Density (n/m ²)	OYS01	OYS02	OYS03	OYS04	OYS05	OYS06	OYS07	
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	OESTGDN43	FRIESFT16	OESTGDN02	OESTGDN03	FRIESFT02	OESTGDN04	OESTGDN05	
Soort code	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	
Anthozoa								
CERULLOY			12,8	0,000				
EDWA	12,8	0,037		12,8	0,005	12,8	0,039	
Platyhelminthes								
TURB	12,8	0,118						
Nemertea								
NEMR	25,6	0,128		38,5	0,193	217,9	1,091	
Phoronida								
PHOR	12,8	0,004	102,6	0,031	38,5	0,012	12,8	0,004
Polychaeta								
ATHOGUIL		25,6	0,000					
CHAEVARI						12,8	18,513	
CHAZCHRI						12,8	0,000	
CHAZSETO			89,7	0,036			12,8	0,000
CLYM				12,8	0,655			
DIPOGLAU	12,8	0,018		12,8	0,000	38,5	0,001	
EUMISANG							12,8	0,000
EUNELONG		12,8	0,055				12,8	0,033
EUNONODO					12,8	0,037		
GATTCIRR			12,8	0,049			38,5	3,720
GLYC							12,8	0,051
GLYCALBA		12,8	0,011					
GLYCROUX					25,6	0,000		
GLYINORD	12,8	0,000		12,8	0,000	12,8	0,000	
GLYPKLAT	12,8	0,000				12,8	0,000	
GONAMACU	12,8	0,000		12,8	0,000	38,5	0,000	
LANCCCONC						25,6	0,976	
LAONBAHU							12,8	0,075
LEVIGRAC							12,8	0,000
LUMIFRAG					12,8	0,000		
LUMILATR		12,8	0,000			76,9	0,001	
MAGEALLE	12,8	0,031			12,8	0,003		
MAGEFILI		12,8	0,000		1179,5	0,002	76,9	0,000
MAGEJOHN		76,9	0,303		12,8	0,051		
MALD				12,8	0,002			
MALMGLAB						12,8	0,771	
MALMMARP						12,8	0,000	
MEDOFRAG					38,5	0,000	25,6	0,000
MINUMULT	25,6	0,000					12,8	0,000
NEPY		12,8	0,018	51,3	0,038	12,8	0,027	
NEPYASSI					12,8	0,755	12,8	1,168
NEPYHOMB	25,6	0,184	25,6	0,546	12,8	0,480	12,8	0,341
NEPYINCI						38,5	0,549	
NOTMLATE						12,8	0,812	
OPHLACUM							25,6	0,283
OPHRFLEX					25,6	0,001		
OWENFUSI			12,8	0,067	25,6	0,134		
PECTAURI							12,8	0,000
PECTKORE	38,5	1,524						
PHOEBALT	25,6	0,000		12,8	0,000		89,7	0,000
PHYOROSE					12,8	0,000		
PODKHELG		64,1	0,000		12,8	0,000		
POEOSERP					12,8	0,000	12,8	0,000
POCH	12,8	0,737						
RHOILOVE							12,8	0,000
SCOSARMI	38,5	0,079		12,8	0,026	179,5	0,369	
SIGLMATH					12,8	0,239		
SPIODECO					89,7	0,014		
SPIOFILI	12,8	0,003			12,8	0,003	25,6	0,007
SPIPBOMB		51,3	0,066	12,8	0,017	153,8	0,198	
SPIPKROY					12,8	0,017	102,6	0,132
STHELIMI	12,8	0,093		12,8	0,000		12,8	0,000
TERSSTRO							25,6	0,039
Sipunculida								
SIPU					12,8	0,000		
Crustacea, Amphipoda								
ABLUOBTU				38,5	0,012			
AMPE	12,8	0,004						

Density (n/m ²)	OYS01	OYS02	OYS03	OYS04	OYS05	OYS06	OYS07
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	OESTGDN43	FRIESFT16	OESTGDN02	OESTGDN03	FRIESFT02	OESTGDN04	OESTGDN05
Soort code	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²
AMPEBREV				25,6	0,008		
AMPETENU			12,8	0,004			
BATYELEG				38,5	0,012		
BATYTENU	12,8	0,004		12,8	0,004		
HARPANTE	38,5	0,012	25,6	0,008	12,8	0,004	
LEUT					51,3	0,015	25,6
LEUTINCI			12,8	0,005		12,8	0,005
PEROLONG						12,8	0,004
SIPOKROY				12,8	0,004		
SYNHMACU				38,5	0,012		
WESTCAEC			25,6	0,008			
Crustacea, Cumacea							
DIATBRAD				12,8	0,003	12,8	0,003
EUDOTRUN			25,6	0,005			
PSEOLONG						12,8	0,003
Crustacea, Decapoda							
CALNSUBT	64,1	0,677	76,9	2,516		12,8	0,006
Crustacea, Isopoda							
IONETHOR			12,8	0,000		25,6	0,000
PSEIBORE			25,6	0,019			12,8
Mollusca, Bivalvia							
ABRALALBA				12,8	0,001		
ABRANITI	76,9	0,017					
ARCTISLA	12,8	0,003		12,8	0,002		
BIVA					25,6		
CHAMSTRI					12,8	0,005	12,8
DOSILUPI						3,073	
ENSIENSI					5,1	0,156	12,8
HEMLNITI		12,8					
KURLBIDE	153,8	0,022		641,0	0,089		205,1
MYSAUNDA				12,8	0,114		0,050
PHAXPELL					23,1	0,541	
TELNFABU					243,6	0,054	12,8
THRAPAPY					12,8	0,002	0,434
THYSFLEX					102,6	0,124	
Mollusca, Gastropoda							
CORUGIBB	25,6	0,085			12,8	0,002	12,8
CYLCCYLI	89,7	0,056		115,4	0,047		0,002
EUSRPUCL						12,8	0,017
HYAAVITR	51,3	0,008					12,8
NUCLNITI	25,6	0,008		64,1	0,045	166,7	0,088
VITRANTI					51,3	0,037	25,6
Echinodermata							
AMPI						384,6	0,062
AMPIFILI	1846,2	3,727	64,1	0,163	2461,5	6,261	
ASTOIRRE						397,4	0,282
BIRPLYRI						423,1	3,004
OPHU			12,8	0,000			1717,9
						38,5	3,865
						0,000	7,093
Totals	2730,8	7,580	679,5	3,747	3743,6	7,499	2925,6
						6,748	1217,9
						3,991	2397,4
						32,655	2474,4
							25,695

Density (n/m ²)	OYS08	OYS09	OYS10	OYS11	OYS12	OYS13	OYS14
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	FRIESFT03 n/m ²	FRIESFT04 g/m ²	OESTGDN06 n/m ²	FRIESFT05 g/m ²	OESTGDN07 n/m ²	OESTGDN08 g/m ²	OESTGDN09 n/m ²
Anthozoa							
EDWA				12,8 0,039		25,6 0,078	12,8 0,039
Nemertea							
NEMR	38,5 0,193	243,6 0,050	12,8 0,064	25,6 0,336		38,5 0,193	
Phoronida							
PHOR	397,4 0,119	25,6 0,008		1961,5 0,589	128,2 0,038	76,9 0,023	153,8 0,046
Polychaeta							
ATHOGUIL				192,3 0,125			
CHAZ						25,6 0,000	
CHAZCHRI		12,8 0,000		12,8 0,000			12,8 0,000
CHAZSETO			25,6 0,000		12,8 0,000	25,6 0,000	
DIPOGLAU	230,8 0,011	25,6 0,000		12,8 0,000		12,8 0,058	
ENIPKINB						12,8 0,053	
EUNELONG				12,8 0,134			12,8 0,004
EXOGHEBE			12,8 0,000				
GLYC					12,8 0,000		
GLYCALBA		12,8 0,035			12,8 1,922		
GLYCLAPI							38,5 0,000
GLYCROUX				12,8 0,000			
GLYINORD	12,8 0,000			25,6 0,049			
GLYPKLAT					12,8 0,000		
GONAMACU	76,9 0,001	25,6 0,000		12,8 0,000		25,6 0,003	
LAONBAHU							25,6 0,041
LEVIGRAC					25,6 0,000		12,8 0,000
LUMIFRAG					25,6 0,038		
LUMILATR	179,5 0,286			38,5 0,001			
LYSLLOVE				12,8 0,002			
MAGEALLE						38,5 0,171	
MAGEFILI		76,9 0,000	12,8 0,000			115,4 0,000	
MAGEJOHN	12,8 0,051	1948,7 7,679	12,8 0,051				
MALMGLAB				12,8 0,000			
MEDOFRAG	38,5 0,000			153,8 0,000	12,8 0,000		
MINUMULT					64,1 0,000		12,8 0,000
MYROOCUL	153,8 0,000	12,8 0,000		12,8 0,000			
NEPY		12,8 0,009		25,6 0,819	12,8 0,409		
NEPYASSI			25,6 0,217				
NEPYCAEC						38,5 0,199	
NEPYHOMB	12,8 1,201	12,8 0,108	38,5 1,194	12,8 0,834	38,5 0,153	25,6 0,386	51,3 1,159
NOTMLATE	102,6 0,055	12,8 0,387		12,8 0,387			12,8 0,387
OPHRFLEX	38,5 0,024	12,8 0,000		12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000		
OWENFUSI							12,8 0,067
PECTAURI							12,8 0,000
PHOEBALT	25,6 0,000			12,8 0,000		12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000
PHYOROSE	12,8 0,000						
PODKHELG	25,6 0,000			25,6 0,000			
POEOSERP	38,5 0,000	76,9 0,029		25,6 0,000			
POCH	12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000					12,8 0,000
PRIOCIRR				12,8 0,000			
SCOSARMI		38,5 0,030	166,7 0,342				102,6 0,211
SIGLMATH		25,6 0,758	12,8 0,239				
SPIPBOMB	38,5 0,050	217,9 0,281		25,6 0,033		12,8 0,017	
SPIPKROY						12,8 0,059	25,6 0,000
STHELIMI		25,6 0,001			25,6 0,001		
TERSSTRO					38,5 0,000		51,3 0,121
Sipunculida							
PHSOSTRO							12,8 0,005
SIPU					12,8 0,000		
THYNPROC	25,6 0,000			12,8 0,101			
Crustacea, Amphipoda							
AMPETENU							12,8 0,004
ARGIHAMA						12,8 0,004	
BATYTENU			38,5 0,012			25,6 0,008	
HARP				12,8 0,004			
HARPANTE		89,7 0,027	12,8 0,004		25,6 0,008	12,8 0,004	25,6 0,008
HARPPECT							12,8 0,004
LEUT				51,3 0,020			
MEDIAFFI			12,8 0,003				
ORCENANA			12,8 0,004				
UROTELEG		12,8 0,004					

Density (n/m ²)	OYS08	OYS09	OYS10	OYS11	OYS12	OYS13	OYS14							
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	FRIESFT03	FRIESFT04	OESTGDN06	FRIESFT05	OESTGDN07	OESTGDN08	OESTGDN09							
Soort code	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²							
Crustacea, Cumacea														
DIATBRAD			12,8	0,003										
DIATLAEV			12,8	0,011										
EUDOTRUN			12,8	0,003	38,5	0,008	12,8	0,003						
PSEOLONG							12,8	0,003						
Crustacea, Decapoda														
CALNSUBT	128,2	5,612	102,6	0,394	12,8	0,152	115,4	3,228	192,3	4,629	205,1	3,511		
CORTCASS					12,8	14,658								
EBALCRAN										12,8	0,032			
UPOGDELT					12,8	8,421	12,8	5,503						
UPOGSTEL					12,8	1,160								
Crustacea, Isopoda														
GYGEBRAN					25,6	0,000								
PSEIBORE					38,5	0,029	12,8	0,010			25,6	0,019		
Mollusca, Bivalvia														
ABRAALBA	76,9	0,670							25,6	0,002				
ARCTISLA									12,8	0,007				
BIVA					51,3									
HEMLNITI					51,3									
KURLBIDE		25,6	0,009	25,6	0,001			76,9	0,008	141,0	0,026	38,5	0,003	
LEPNSQUA												38,5	0,182	
MYSAUNDA												12,8	0,073	
PHAXPELL	12,8	0,001												
TELYFERR		64,1	0,052	12,8	0,017					38,5	0,034			
THYSFLEX										115,4	0,093			
Mollusca, Gastropoda														
CORUGIBB						153,8	0,051			76,9	0,027			
CYLCCYLI		12,8	0,006	76,9	0,076					64,1	0,052			
EUSRPUCL	12,8	0,157			51,3	0,008								
HYAAVITR							25,6	0,002						
NUCLNITI	102,6	0,449	179,5	0,190	51,3	0,053			12,8	0,014	141,0	0,291	38,5	0,008
Echinodermata														
AMPIFILI	205,1	0,522	25,6	0,065	1089,7	3,648	230,8	0,587	435,9	1,109	1192,3	2,771	410,3	1,999
ECHNCORD			38,5	30,616	25,6	7,530								
OPHUALBI		38,5	0,283				205,1	1,437						
Totals	2051,3	9,683	3384,6	40,737	1743,6	28,282	3589,7	18,351	1397,4	13,896	2423,1	4,780	1384,6	7,707

Density (n/m ²)	OYS15	OYS16	OYS17	OYS18	OYS19	OYS20	OYS21
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	OESTGDN10	OESTGDN11	OESTGDN12	FRIESFT06	OESTGDN13	OESTGDN14	TERSLG50
Soort code	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²
Platyhelminthes							
TURB						12,8 0,061	38,5 0,072
Nemertea							
CEREMARG							12,8 7,814
NEMR	25,6 0,128	51,3 0,257	76,9 0,385	89,7 0,029	12,8 0,064	12,8 0,064	12,8 0,002
Phoronida							
PHOR	115,4 0,035	51,3 0,015	51,3 0,015	12,8 0,004		51,3 0,015	884,6 0,266
Polychaeta							
AMPA							12,8 0,010
APHOACUL						12,8 20,913	
ATHOGUIL							217,9 0,095
CAUEKILL		12,8 0,000					
CHAZCHRI		25,6 0,000					
CHAZSETO	89,7 0,001	12,8 0,000			25,6 0,000		
DIPOGLAU			25,6 0,000				
EUNE			12,8 0,000				12,8 0,005
EXOGHEBE						12,8 0,000	
GLYCROUX	12,8 0,057						
GLYINORD				25,6 0,001			
GLYPKLAT	12,8 0,000	25,6 0,000				51,3 0,000	
GONAMACU			51,3 0,113		12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000	76,9 0,036
HARM						12,8 0,000	
LAONBAHU					12,8 0,000		
LEVIGRAC	12,8 0,000						
LUMILATR						38,5 0,149	115,4 0,254
LYSSLLOVE						12,8 0,571	
MAGEALLE				12,8 0,125			
MAGEFILI			141,0 0,000	89,7 0,000	12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000	
MAGEJOHN			51,3 0,202	307,7 1,212			
MEDOFRAG	12,8 0,000						320,5 0,165
MINU							12,8 0,004
MINUMULT	25,6 0,000						
MYROOCUL							102,6 0,000
NEPY	12,8 0,409	76,9 0,106		12,8 0,009		12,8 0,004	38,5 0,014
NEPYCAEC							12,8 0,037
NEPYHOMB			12,8 0,242	12,8 0,352	12,8 0,067	12,8 0,451	
NEPYINCI	12,8 0,044						
NOTMLATE						25,6 0,251	115,4 7,239
OPHLACUM							12,8 0,129
OPHRFLEX		38,5 0,001	12,8 0,140		12,8 0,000	25,6 0,001	
OWENFUSI		25,6 0,134					12,8 0,002
PECTAURI	12,8 0,000	25,6 0,102					
PECTKORE	12,8 0,000						12,8 0,509
PHOE							12,8 0,020
PHOEBALT	12,8 0,000	38,5 0,000	25,6 0,000		25,6 0,000	51,3 0,000	
PHYOROSE		12,8 0,000					
PODKHELG			12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000		12,8 0,000	25,6 0,024
POEOSERP						12,8 0,000	
PRIOCIRR						25,6 0,000	
SCOSARMI			12,8 0,026				
SIGLMATH			12,8 0,351	25,6 0,048	12,8 0,123		
SPIOFILI						12,8 0,003	
SPIPBOMB			38,5 0,050	38,5 0,050			
STHELIMI		25,6 0,001	25,6 0,169		12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000	
TERSSTRO	25,6 0,000					12,8 0,000	
Sipunculida							
GOLFELON	25,6 0,487						
THYNPROC		12,8 0,023					12,8 0,024
Crustacea, Amphipoda							
AMPETENU		25,6 0,008			12,8 0,004		
ARGIHAMA			12,8 0,004				
BATYELEG		12,8 0,004	12,8 0,004	89,7 0,027			
HARP			25,6 0,008				
HARPARTE	38,5 0,012	128,2 0,038			51,3 0,015	89,7 0,027	
HARPPECT							12,8 0,004
LEUTINCI	12,8 0,005			12,8 0,005	12,8 0,005		
PEROLONG						12,8 0,004	
SYNHMACU				12,8 0,004			
UROTELEG			141,0 0,042			25,6 0,008	

Density (n/m2)	OYS15	OYS16	OYS17	OYS18	OYS19	OYS20	OYS21
Biomass (AFDW g/m2)	OESTGDN10 n/m2	OESTGDN11 g/m2	OESTGDN12 n/m2	FRIESFT06 g/m2	OESTGDN13 n/m2	OESTGDN14 g/m2	TERSLG50 n/m2
Crustacea, Cumacea							
EUDOTRUN		25,6 0,005	25,6 0,005		12,8 0,003		25,6 0,005
EUDRDEF0			25,6 0,005				
Crustacea, Decapoda							
CALNSUBT	76,9 0,018	76,9 0,018	12,8 0,224	38,5 1,481	25,6 0,172	115,4 2,315	192,3 4,705
CORTCASS				12,8 11,887			
PROEMOMO				12,8 0,000			
UPOGDELT	12,8 0,043						51,3 0,171
UPOGSTEL							25,6 0,002
Crustacea, Isopoda							
IONETHOR						25,6 0,000	
PSEIBORE		51,3 0,039		25,6 0,019			
Crustacea, Mysidacea							
HETMMICR							12,8 0,000
Crustacea, Tanaidacea							
TANOGRAC						12,8 0,003	
Mollusca, Bivalvia							
ABRALBALA	25,6 0,008				12,8 0,018	64,1 0,048	128,2 0,008
ARCTISLA			25,6 0,004				
BIVA	12,8 0,000						12,8
CHAMSTRI		12,8 0,001	12,8 0,118		12,8 2,147		
DOSILUPI			12,8 0,007				
KURLBIDE			141,0 0,014		76,9 0,005	12,8 0,001	
SPISSUBT							25,6 0,056
TELYFERR	76,9 0,072	12,8 0,004					12,8 0,004
THRAPAPY				12,8 0,008	12,8 0,006		
THYSFLEX		12,8 0,000			89,7 0,011		
Mollusca, Gastropoda							
CORUGIBB	217,9 0,194	76,9 0,017	1884,6 6,118		12,8 0,009		12,8 0,066
CYLCCYLI	51,3 0,026	38,5 0,020	38,5 0,042		12,8 0,002		25,6 0,047
EUSRPUCL			12,8 0,634				
HYAAVITR					25,6 0,005		
NUCLNITI		12,8 0,003	192,3 0,086	38,5 0,203	51,3 0,017		51,3 0,040
Echinodermata							
AMPIFILI	205,1 0,522	38,5 0,098	576,9 2,488	38,5 0,189	1410,3 3,587	192,3 0,246	551,3 2,012
BRIPLYRI		12,8 13,659					
ECHNCORD	25,6 10,389		12,8 0,227		25,6 2,933	25,6 7,381	38,5 3,904
OPHALALBI							38,5 0,013
Totals	1153,8	12,448	974,4	14,452	3756,4	11,827	935,9
					15,654	2012,8	9,191
						1038,5	32,517
							3294,9
							27,756

Density (n/m ²)	OYS22	OYS23	OYS24	OYS25	OYS26	OYS27	OYS28
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	OESTGDN15	OESTGDN16	BREEVTN34	OESTGDN17	FRIESFT07	OESTGDN18	FRIESFT08
Soort code	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²
Anthozoa							
EDWA	12,8	0,039	25,6	0,078			
Platyhelminthes							
TURB			12,8	0,061			
Nemertea							
NEMR	12,8	0,064	89,7	0,449	64,1	0,321	
Phoronida							
PHOR	51,3	0,015	102,6	0,031	25,6	0,008	
Polychaeta							
APHOACUL	12,8	6,366					
CHAZCHRI	25,6	0,000					
CHAZSETO	12,8	0,000					
DIPOGLAU		64,1	0,001				
EUNELONG		12,8	0,006		12,8	0,016	
EXOGHEBE							12,8 0,000
GLYC						25,6 0,000	
GONAMACU		25,6 0,000	12,8 0,000				51,3 0,118
LUMILATR			12,8 0,000			12,8 0,000	
MAGEFILI	38,5 0,000	294,9 0,001	12,8 0,000			166,7 0,000	141,0 0,000
MAGEJOHN			51,3 0,202			12,8 0,051	2192,3 1,013
MEDOFRAG			192,3 0,033				
NEPY	25,6 0,030	25,6 0,015	89,7 0,032	25,6 0,013			12,8 0,002
NEPYASSI	12,8 0,097						
NEPYCAEC		12,8 8,352					
NEPYCIRR	12,8 0,004						12,8 0,047
NEPYHOMB		25,6 0,287	25,6 1,026		12,8 0,671		
NEID							12,8 0,001
OPHRFLEX	51,3 0,001				12,8 0,000		
OWENFUSI		12,8 0,001				64,1 0,334	
PECTKORE	12,8 0,000						
PHOEBALT	12,8 0,000						
PHYOROSE		12,8 0,000					
PODKHELG	38,5 0,000		51,3 0,000		12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000
POEOSERP	12,8 0,000		25,6 0,000	12,8 0,000	25,6 0,000		38,5 0,000
POCH				12,8 0,000		12,8 0,030	
POLE		12,8 0,000					
SCOSARMI	64,1 0,132	243,6 0,500					51,3 0,038
SIGLMATH		12,8 0,239					25,6 0,961
SPIPBOMB		115,4 0,149	461,5 0,594			12,8 0,017	166,7 0,215
SPIPKROY				12,8 0,000			
STHELIMI	12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000		38,5 0,001		38,5 0,001	
Sipunculida							
SIPU			12,8 0,000				
Crustacea, Amphipoda							
AMPESPIN						12,8 0,004	
AMPETENU		12,8 0,004		25,6 0,008			
BATYELEG						38,5 0,012	51,3 0,015
BATYTENU		38,5 0,012	51,3 0,015				
HARPANTE	89,7 0,027	25,6 0,008	25,6 0,008	102,6 0,031		38,5 0,012	
HARPPECT				12,8 0,004			
PEROLONG				12,8 0,004			
Crustacea, Cumacea							
DIATBRAD					12,8 0,003		
EUDOTRUN			25,6 0,005		12,8 0,003		
PARPSUBT			12,8 0,000				
Crustacea, Decapoda							
CALNSUBT	25,6 0,210		141,0 5,949	51,3 0,763	153,8 3,413	51,3 0,012	89,7 0,021
CORTCASS	12,8 0,083						
Crustacea, Isopoda							
PSEIBORE	25,6 0,019			12,8 0,010			
Mollusca, Bivalvia							
ABRAALBA			371,8 0,135	12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000		
BIVA		25,6 0,000					
DOSILUPI	12,8 2,355						12,8 0,007
KURLBIDE	25,6 0,003	25,6 0,003	38,5 0,005				
LUCNBORE		12,8 0,448					
TELYFERR			12,8 0,003				
TELNFABU		12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000				
THYSFLEX	115,4 0,092	38,5 0,004					

Density (n/m ²)	OYS22	OYS23	OYS24	OYS25	OYS26	OYS27	OYS28
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	OESTGDN15	OESTGDN16	BREEVTN34	OESTGDN17	FRIESFT07	OESTGDN18	FRIESFT08
Soort code	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²
Mollusca, Gastropoda							
CORUGIBB	64,1	0,010			25,6	0,006	
CYLCCYLI	38,5	0,094					
EUSRPUCLC			38,5	0,139			25,6
HYAAVITR					141,0	0,038	
NUCLNITI	333,3	0,399	141,0	0,287	153,8	0,241	12,8
					0,005	12,8	0,002
					0,036	76,9	0,036
					12,8	0,010	
Echinodermata							
AMPIFILI	602,6	1,533	679,5	1,728	25,6	0,065	192,3
ECHNCORD					0,489	179,5	0,457
OPHUALBI					141,0	0,927	
						12,8	0,002
Totals	1769,2	11,575	2102,6	12,601	2115,4	9,770	576,9
							1,335
							679,5
							4,867
							859,0
							1,292
							3205,1
							2,936

Density (n/m ²)	OYS29	OYS30	OYS31	OYS32	OYS33	OYS34	OYS35	
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	OESTGDN19	BREEVTN02	FRIESFT09	FRIESFT10	OESTGDN20	FRIESFT11	FRIESFT12	
Soort code	n/m ²	g/m ²						
Anthozoa								
EDWA					12,8	0,039		
Nemertea								
NEMR	38,5	0,193	51,3	0,140	51,3	0,257		38,5 0,286 64,1 0,008
Phoronida								
PHOR	12,8	0,004		141,0	0,042	51,3	0,015	115,4 0,059 448,7 0,135 25,6 0,008
Oligochaeta								
LIMSCAN			12,8	0,000				
Polychaeta								
ATHOGUIL							89,7	0,086
CHAEVARI				12,8	2,450			
CHAZCHRI	25,6	0,000	12,8	0,001		38,5	0,000	
CHAZSETO								25,6 0,000
DIPOGLAU	25,6	0,000						
EUNEELIT							12,8	0,002
EUNELONG							12,8	0,498
EXOGHEBE								12,8 0,000
GATTCIRR					12,8	0,106		
GLYCALBA				25,6	0,000			
GLYCLAPI								12,8 0,000
GLYINORD	12,8	0,000						
GLYPKLAT			12,8	0,000	12,8	0,000		
GONAMACU	25,6	0,000	12,8	0,007	38,5	0,098		38,5 0,046 12,8 0,006 12,8 0,000
LUMILATR							89,7	0,423
MAGEALLE	12,8	0,073						
MAGEFILI	717,9	0,001		12,8	0,000			128,2 0,000
MAGEJOHN	12,8	0,051	25,6	0,101				192,3 0,758
MALMMCIN								12,8 0,000
MEDOFRAG			128,2	0,000	12,8	0,000		25,6 0,008
MINUMULT				25,6	0,000	153,8	0,000	
MYROOCUL							12,8	0,000
NEPY				12,8	0,409	25,6	0,059	
NEPYASSI	12,8	0,099						
NEPYCAEC			12,8	0,043				
NEPYHOMB	12,8	1,117	12,8	0,157	25,6	1,153		12,8 0,591 25,6 0,740 12,8 1,642
NEPYINCI							12,8	0,016
NOTMLATE				25,6	0,775			
OPHRFLEX							25,6	0,093 12,8 0,000
OWENFUSI						38,5	0,201	12,8 0,010
PECTAURI	38,5	0,055						38,5 0,000
PHOEBAILT				12,8	0,000	25,6	0,000	
PODKHELG			25,6	0,000				64,1 0,052
POEOSERP	12,8	0,000	25,6	0,022	12,8	0,000		25,6 0,027 76,9 0,000
POCH	12,8	0,402				12,8	0,132	
SCOSARMI	51,3	0,105						
SIGLMATH			12,8	0,098				64,1 0,024
SPIOFILI	12,8	0,003						
SPIPBOMB	76,9	0,099	38,5	0,050	38,5	0,050	25,6	0,033 12,8 0,003 166,7 0,215
STHELIMI								12,8 0,000
Sipunculida								
GOLFELON				51,3	0,073			
SIPU						12,8	0,020	
Echiura								
ECHUECHI	12,8	0,813						
Crustacea, Amphipoda								
BATYELEG	12,8	0,004						
BATYTENU								12,8 0,004
HARP	12,8	0,004						
HARPARTE				25,6	0,008	76,9	0,023	
LEUTINCI		25,6	0,010					166,7 0,050
ORCENANA								12,8 0,004
PEROLONG			12,8	0,004				12,8 0,004
SYNHMACU			12,8	0,004				
Crustacea, Cumacea								
DIATBRAD	12,8	0,003				25,6	0,005	
DIATLAEV							38,5	0,033
EUDOTRUN			12,8	0,003				
PSEOLONG								25,6 0,005

Density (n/m ²)	OYS29	OYS30	OYS31	OYS32	OYS33	OYS34	OYS35
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	OESTGDN19	BREEVTN02	FRIESFT09	FRIESFT10	OESTGDN20	FRIESFT11	FRIESFT12
Soort code	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²
Crustacea, Decapoda							
CALNSUBT		51,3 0,012	153,8 1,453	128,2 8,555	141,0 5,082	128,2 3,523	51,3 0,627
CRON							12,8 0,000
LICAHOLS		12,8 5,483					
UPOGDELT						12,8 3,708	
Crustacea, Isopoda							
IONETHOR				12,8 0,000			25,6 0,000
PSEIBORE			25,6 0,019	12,8 0,010	76,9 0,058		25,6 0,019
Mollusca, Bivalvia							
ABRAALBA	12,8 0,142	102,6 0,067				371,8 0,571	38,5 0,002
ACAT	12,8						
ARCTISLA	12,8 0,003						12,8 0,001
KURLBIDE	12,8 0,001	12,8 0,004			179,5 0,022	64,1 0,014	153,8 0,023
PHAXPELL	12,8 0,002						
TELYFERR	12,8 0,002	128,2 0,096			12,8 0,002		25,6 0,004
TELNFABU	76,9 0,012						
THYSFLEX	282,1 0,282						
Mollusca, Gastropoda							
CORUGIBB	12,8 0,004		51,3 0,014	64,1 0,031	64,1 0,053	25,6 0,120	76,9 0,026
CYLCCYLI	12,8 0,002			12,8 0,041	64,1 0,037		38,5 0,018
EUSRPUCL						12,8 0,009	12,8 0,002
HYAAVITR							12,8 0,002
NUCLNITI	153,8 0,177	76,9 0,050	38,5 0,029	12,8 0,004	38,5 0,008	64,1 0,043	371,8 0,232
Echinodermata							
AMPI	64,1 0,009						
AMPIFILI			38,5 0,098	243,6 0,620	1153,8 6,539	230,8 0,198	192,3 0,489
BRIPLYRI					12,8 9,730		
ECHNCORD	12,8 0,138	89,7 16,147	12,8 1,466	12,8 0,348		12,8 2,365	12,8 9,730
LEPPELON				12,8 1,033	12,8 0,021	12,8 3,255	
OPHUALBI						12,8 0,600	12,8 0,001
Totals	1859,0 3,801	692,3 22,347	871,8 4,830	807,7 14,404	2359,0 22,830	1910,3 16,823	2179,5 13,898

Density (n/m ²)	OYS36	OYS37	OYS38	OYS39	OYS40	OYS41	OYS42
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	FRIESFT17 n/m ²	TERSLG100 g/m ²	BREEVTN26 n/m ²	OESTGDN22 g/m ²	OESTGDN21 n/m ²	OESTGDN23 g/m ²	ROTTMPT70 n/m ²
Anthozoa							
EDWA					12,8 0,012	25,6 0,078	
Nemertea							
NEMR	25,6 0,128	12,8 0,064	38,5 0,193		12,8 0,002	500,0 0,144	89,7 0,449
Phoronida							
PHOR	397,4 0,119		51,3 0,015	51,3 0,015	141,0 0,098	192,3 0,058	
Polychaeta							
ATHOGUIL	102,6 0,000						
CAUEKILL				12,8 0,000			
CHAZCHRI		38,5 0,000	89,7 0,000			12,8 0,000	
CHAZSETO				38,5 0,000			
DIPOGLAU						12,8 0,060	
EUNELONG	12,8 0,174						
GLYCLAPI	12,8 0,002						
GLYCROUX		25,6 0,000					
GLYPKLAT		12,8 0,000			12,8 0,000		
GONAMACU	76,9 0,001				38,5 0,054	64,1 0,070	
LEVIGRAC		25,6 0,000					
LUMIFRAG	25,6 0,071						
LUMILATR	141,0 0,261						
MAGEALLE			12,8 0,070		12,8 0,000	102,6 0,150	
MAGEFILI					141,0 0,000	1012,8 0,002	115,4 0,000
MAGEJOHN	12,8 0,051			12,8 0,051		38,5 0,152	666,7 2,627
MAGEMIRA					12,8 0,029		
MALMLJUN	12,8 0,076						
MEDOFRAG	38,5 0,000			51,3 0,000			
MINUMULT		141,0 0,032		38,5 0,000			
NEPY		12,8 0,003	12,8 0,005	38,5 1,228			12,8 0,007
NEPYASSI						38,5 0,394	
NEPYCIRR							12,8 0,027
NEPYHOMB		38,5 0,291	38,5 1,260	38,5 0,544			
NEID						12,8 0,002	
OPHRFLEX	38,5 0,001			25,6 0,001	12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000	
OWENFUSI	38,5 0,201						
PECTAURI						12,8 0,000	
PECTKORE		25,6 0,000					
PHOEBALT		12,8 0,000		115,4 0,001			
PHYOROSE					12,8 0,000		
PODKHELG	25,6 0,000	12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000			38,5 0,000	
POEOSERP	102,6 0,001	12,8 0,000			12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000
POCH		12,8 0,000				12,8 0,694	
SCOSARMI				25,6 0,053	102,6 0,211	615,4 0,525	12,8 0,026
SIGLMATH			76,9 0,168			12,8 0,765	
SPIOFILI			12,8 0,003		25,6 0,007	115,4 0,029	12,8 0,003
SPIPBOMB	12,8 0,017			12,8 0,017		166,7 0,215	38,5 0,050
SPIPKROY	12,8 0,007						
STHELIMI	25,6 0,151		12,8 0,000	25,6 0,001	38,5 0,114	25,6 0,034	
TERSSTRO		38,5 0,000					
Sipunculida							
SIPU		12,8 0,325					
Echiura							
ECHUECHI					12,8 2,837		
Crustacea, Amphipoda							
AMPEBREV					12,8 0,004	12,8 0,004	
AMPETENU		25,6 0,008					
APHROVAL	12,8 0,004						
ARGIHAMA						12,8 0,004	
BATYELEG					115,4 0,035		25,6 0,008
BATYTENU			25,6 0,008			25,6 0,008	12,8 0,004
HARP						12,8 0,004	
HARPARTE		51,3 0,015		76,9 0,023	25,6 0,008		
LEUTINCI		12,8 0,005	38,5 0,015				
LEUTPROC	25,6 0,010						
PEROLONG			38,5 0,012			12,8 0,004	
UROTPOSE							25,6 0,008
Crustacea, Cumacea							
DIAT		12,8 0,003					
DIATLAEV	12,8 0,011						

Density (n/m ²)	OYS36	OYS37	OYS38	OYS39	OYS40	OYS41	OYS42						
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	FRIESFT17 n/m ²	TERSLG100 n/m ²	BREEVTN26 n/m ²	OESTGDN22 n/m ²	OESTGDN21 n/m ²	OESTGDN23 n/m ²	ROTTMPT70 n/m ²						
EUDOTRUN	12,8	0,003	12,8	0,003									
IPHITRIS				12,8	0,003								
PSEOLONG						38,5	0,008						
Crustacea, Decapoda													
CALN				12,8	0,024								
CALNSUBT	205,1	3,711	269,2	4,263	12,8	0,076	12,8	1,625					
CRONCRAN				12,8	1,652								
EBALCRAN							12,8	0,036					
GONLRHOM			12,8	4,330			12,8	0,420					
PROENOHO			12,8	0,116									
Crustacea, Isopoda													
PSEIBORE	12,8	0,010	51,3	0,039									
Mollusca, Bivalvia													
ABRAALBA	359,0	0,191		51,3	0,002	12,8	0,003	38,5	0,001				
ABRAPRIS							12,8	0,086					
ACAT		12,8											
ARCTISLA					25,6	0,001							
BIVA				12,8	0,000								
DOSILUPI							12,8	0,010					
ENSI								5,1	0,156				
KURLBIDE		102,6	0,010	12,8	0,004	64,1	0,003	115,4	0,009				
LUCNBORE							12,8	0,056					
PHAXPELL							12,8	0,019					
SAXCJEFF					25,6	0,017							
TELYFERR				102,6	0,098		89,7	0,051	64,1	0,104			
TELNFABU								102,6	0,003				
TELNPYGM				12,8	0,002				12,8	0,003			
THRAPAPY								12,8	0,000				
THYSFLEX								128,2	0,238				
Mollusca, Gastropoda													
CORUGIBB	25,6	0,018	51,3	0,187		3846,2	0,969	115,4	0,027				
CYLCCYLI	25,6	0,040	25,6	0,011	25,6	0,309	25,6	0,010	12,8	0,073			
EUSRPUCL	12,8	0,016			25,6	0,046	25,6	0,048	38,5	0,072			
HYAAVITR			12,8	0,003									
NUCLNITI	128,2	0,099	128,2	0,045	243,6	0,502	51,3	0,012	141,0	0,407			
TURRCOMM						12,8	0,754						
Echinodermata													
AMPI	12,8	0,002			102,6	0,017		51,3	0,008				
AMPIFILI	64,1	0,163	397,4	2,183	12,8	0,033	833,3	2,120	179,5	0,224			
ASTOIRRE									12,8	5,260			
ECHNCORD			12,8	0,715	70,5	14,410		12,8	6,659	25,6	19,459		
LEPPELON	12,8	2,727											
LEPYINHA	25,6	0,970											
OPHALALBI	25,6	0,505											
Totals	2089,7	9,740	1641,0	12,650	1057,7	18,808	5615,4	5,987	1423,1	12,414	3679,5	9,321	
												1210,3	23,354

Offshore area (OFF),

Density and biomass of species

Density (n/m ²)	OFF01	OFF02	OFF03	OFF04	OFF05	OFF06	OFF07
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	FRIESFT13 n/m ²	WADDKT07 g/m ²	WADDKT02 n/m ²	FRIESFT14 g/m ²	FRIESFT15 n/m ²	BREEVTN03 g/m ²	BREEVTN04 n/m ²
Nemertea							
NEMR		12,8 0,064	64,1 0,037	76,9 0,355	64,1 0,202		25,6 0,128
Phoronida							
PHOR		25,6 0,008	487,2 0,146				576,9 0,173
Polychaeta							
ARIIMINU		12,8 0,000					
CAITCAPI		12,8 0,006					
CHAZCHRI		25,6 0,000	25,6 0,000	12,8 0,000	230,8 0,001		51,3 0,000
CHAZSETO	76,9 0,027						
ETEOLONG	102,6 0,018	89,7 0,103	25,6 0,013	38,5 0,000			51,3 0,006
EXOGHEBE							76,9 0,006
GLYC	12,8 0,001					12,8 0,001	
GLYINORD				12,8 0,000			
GONAMACU	12,8 0,002		12,8 0,000				12,8 0,000
MAGEFILI	564,1 0,226	166,7 0,000	641,0 0,001	192,3 0,000	51,3 0,000		359,0 0,001
MAGEJOHN	1679,5 2,088	9897,4 20,000	1346,2 5,305	3615,4 2,449	333,3 1,314		961,5 3,789
MAGEMIRA		12,8 0,000	12,8 0,000				12,8 0,000
NEPY	25,6 0,003				64,1 0,051	64,1 0,066	
NEPYASSI				12,8 0,258			
NEPYCIRR			12,8 0,032			64,1 0,344	51,3 0,057
NEPYHOMB	12,8 0,205	12,8 2,788		12,8 0,397			
NOTMLATE	141,0 0,063	25,6 0,653		76,9 6,001	141,0 2,679		
OPHELIMA	25,6 0,003						
OWENFUSI	12,8 0,010						
PHYOROSE				12,8 0,000			
PODKHELG				89,7 0,000			
POEOSERP		12,8 0,000			12,8 0,015		
POCH	12,8 0,918	12,8 0,000				12,8 0,253	
SCOSARMI	25,6 0,017					12,8 0,100	
SIGLMATH			12,8 0,073	12,8 0,016	25,6 1,105		12,8 0,019
SPIOFILI					12,8 0,003		12,8 0,003
SPIOMART		12,8 0,000					
SPIPBOMB	12,8 0,030	12,8 0,017	38,5 0,050	76,9 0,099	166,7 0,210	64,1 0,041	
STHELIMI							12,8 0,000
Crustacea, Amphipoda							
APHR						12,8 0,004	
BATY	64,1 0,011						
BATYELEG	76,9 0,023	25,6 0,008		115,4 0,035			25,6 0,008
BATYGUIL			38,5 0,016	25,6 0,011			
BATYTENU				12,8 0,004			
LEUTINCI	102,6 0,039			51,3 0,020			
MEGUAGIL					12,8 0,004		
ORCENANA		12,8 0,004					
PEROLONG	12,8 0,004						12,8 0,004
PONOARCT				12,8 0,004			
SYNHMACU							12,8 0,004
UROTPOSE	89,7 0,027	500,0 0,150	89,7 0,027	12,8 0,004	217,9 0,065		410,3 0,123
Crustacea, Cumacea							
DIAT				12,8 0,003			
PSEOLONG							12,8 0,003
PSEOSIMI					12,8 0,003		12,8 0,003
Crustacea, Decapoda							
CALNTYRR			12,8 0,002				
CORTCASS			12,8 15,026	12,8 2,955			
CRONCRAN						12,8 0,006	
Mollusca, Bivalvia							
DONXVITT		12,8 0,318					
ENSIARCU		12,8 45,457	19,2 22,607				
PHAXPELL	12,8 0,469						
SPISSUBT	25,6 0,009						
TELYFERR	12,8 0,004	38,5 0,022					
TELNFABU	12,8 0,006	141,0 2,008	76,9 0,680	12,8 0,004			205,1 1,171
THRAPAPY	102,6 0,169				12,8 0,001		

Density (n/m ²)	OFF01	OFF02	OFF03	OFF04	OFF05	OFF06	OFF07							
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	FRIESFT13 n/m ²	WADDKT07 g/m ²	WADDKT02 n/m ²	FRIESFT14 n/m ²	FRIESFT15 g/m ²	BREEVTN03 n/m ²	BREEVTN04 g/m ²							
Soort code														
Mollusca, Gastropoda														
CYLCCYLI	12,8	0,197												
EUSRPUCL			12,8	0,185	25,6	0,218	38,5 0,011							
NUCLNITI					12,8	0,162								
Echinodermata														
ASTRRUBE			12,8	0,243										
ECHCORD	25,6	0,122	12,8	4,332		25,6	10,362 89,7 5,416							
ECHYPUSI		25,6 0,001					12,8 7,210							
Totals	3294,9	4,692	11102,0	75,939	2955,1	44,443	4564,1	23,356	1500,0	11,078	256,4	0,813	2923,1	12,707
Density (n/m ²)	OFF08	OFF09	OFF10	OFF11	OFF12	OFF13	OFF15							
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	BREEVTN05 n/m ²	BREEVTN06 g/m ²	BREEVTN07 n/m ²	BREEVTN08 g/m ²	BREEVTN09 n/m ²	BREEVTN10 g/m ²	BREEVTN12 n/m ²							
Soort code														
Platyhelminthes														
TURB					12,8	0,061								
Nemertea														
NEMR	51,3	0,028	76,9	0,178		12,8	0,005							
Oligochaeta														
TUFI						38,5	0,006							
Polychaeta														
ARIIMINU			12,8	0,000		38,5	0,000							
CHAZCHRI	141,0	0,149	38,5	0,043		25,6	0,000							
GLYCLAPI							12,8 0,000							
GONAMACU				25,6	0,032		12,8 0,078							
MAGEFILI	89,7	0,051	51,3	0,023	38,5	0,000	51,3 0,000							
MAGEJOHN	269,2	0,780	141,0	0,462		128,2	0,073							
NEPY	38,5	0,014	25,6	0,004		25,6	0,074							
NEPYCIRR		25,6	0,454	51,3	0,190		179,5 0,226							
NEPYHOMB					25,6	0,107								
NOTMLATE	12,8	0,216			1346,2	6,533								
OPHELIMA				25,6	0,112		12,8 0,056							
PHYOROSE	12,8	0,001												
SCOSARMI		12,8	0,131	12,8	0,026	12,8	0,014							
SPIPBOMB	51,3	0,092		102,6	0,132	128,2	0,165							
					38,5	0,050	12,8 0,015							
							76,9 0,061							
Crustacea, Amphipoda														
BATY	89,7	0,015	64,1	0,011										
BATYELEG	51,3	0,015	128,2	0,039	512,8	0,154	12,8 0,004							
BATYGUIL	51,3	0,021	25,6	0,011	12,8	0,005								
LEUTINCI					38,5	0,015								
MEGUAGIL		25,6	0,008											
PEROLONG					12,8	0,004								
PONOARCT					38,5	0,012	12,8 0,004							
UROTBREV		179,5	0,066	333,3	0,123		141,0 0,052							
UROTOPSE	551,3	0,166			38,5	0,012	12,8 0,004							
							615,4 0,185							
Crustacea, Cumacea														
PSEOLONG			25,6	0,005										
PSEOSIMI	12,8	0,003												
							12,8 0,003							
Crustacea, Decapoda														
CORTCASS					12,8	13,509								
PROEPARV				38,5	0,643									
Mollusca, Bivalvia														
ABRANITI				25,6	0,029									
DONXVITT						12,8	0,011							
KURLBIDE				12,8	0,001		12,8 0,005							
TELYFERR	89,7	0,098		38,5	0,041	64,1	0,047							
TELNFABU	192,3	0,972	51,3	0,037	12,8	0,008								
TELNTENU					25,6	0,001								
Mollusca, Gastropoda														
EUSRPUCL				12,8	0,009									
NUCLNITI				12,8	0,007									
Echinodermata														
ECHCORD	12,8	9,730	12,8	0,138	38,5	9,173	64,1 28,259							
Totals	1717,9	12,350	859,0	1,603	1256,4	10,613	2141,0	35,401	525,6	14,010	1076,9	1,184	1000,0	5,322

Density (n/m ²)	OFF16	OFF17	OFF18	OFF20	OFF21	OFF22	OFF23
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	BREEVTN13	BREEVTN14	BREEVTN15	BREEVTN17	BREEVTN18	BREEVTN19	BREEVTN20
Soort code	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²
Anthozoa							
ACNI		12,8	0,003				
Platyhelminthes							
TURB					12,8	0,006	
Nemertea							
NEMR		25,6	0,018				
Phoronida							
PHOR		12,8	0,004		38,5	0,012	25,6 0,008
Polychaeta							
ARIISUEC						64,1 0,010	
CHAZCHRI	12,8	0,016	25,6 0,035	12,8 0,000			
EUZOFLAB					12,8 0,005		
GLYCLAPI					12,8 0,046		
MAGEFILI	12,8 0,000						
MAGEMIRA			12,8 0,000				12,8 0,173
NEPY	128,2 0,056	102,6 0,090		51,3 0,050	12,8 0,002		51,3 0,011
NEPYCAEC	12,8 0,105						
NEPYCIRR	25,6 0,308		102,6 0,707	12,8 1,099	64,1 0,090	76,9 0,690	51,3 0,484
NEPYHOMB		12,8 0,156					
NOTMLATE		12,8 0,082					
PHYOROSE		12,8 0,005					
SCOIBONN	12,8 0,043			12,8 0,026			
SCOISQUA			76,9 0,728				
SCOSARMI	12,8 0,042	25,6 0,146					
SPIOGONI				12,8 0,005			
SPIPBOMB	25,6 0,052	179,5 0,231					
STREPTER					12,8 0,000		
TRAVFORB			12,8 0,434				
Crustacea, Amphipoda							
ATYUSWAM					12,8 0,004		
BATYELEG	64,1 0,019	717,9 0,216				12,8 0,004	
BATYGUIL	12,8 0,005	153,8 0,064				25,6 0,011	
MEGUAGIL		12,8 0,004					
ORCENANA		12,8 0,004					
PEROLONG		12,8 0,004					
SYNHMACU						12,8 0,004	
UROTBREV	371,8 0,137	153,8 0,057	179,5 0,066			179,5 0,066	76,9 0,028
Crustacea, Cumacea							
PSEOSIMI					12,8 0,003		
Crustacea, Decapoda							
PROEMOMO		25,6 0,000					
Mollusca, Bivalvia							
SPISSOLI						25,6 1,254	
TELYFERR		12,8 0,019					
TELNPYGM					25,6 0,042		
Mollusca, Gastropoda							
EUSRPUCL			12,8 0,002			12,8 0,064	
Echinodermata							
ECHNCORD		25,6 24,705					
OPHUALBI						12,8 0,009	
Totals	692,3 0,783	1551,3 25,842	410,3 1,938	115,4 1,230	192,3 0,157	423,1 2,112	217,9 0,704

Density (n/m ²)	OFF24	OFF25	OFF26	OFF27	OFF28	OFF29	OFF30
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	BREEVTN21	BREEVTN22	BREEVTN23	BREEVTN24	BREEVTN25	ROTTMPT50	TERSLG30
Soort code	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²
Nemertea							
NEMR	12,8	0,064			12,8	0,064	64,1 0,184
Phoronida							
PHOR		25,6 0,008					
Polychaeta							
CHAZCHRI						51,3 0,025	
ETEOLONG						128,2 0,022	
EUZOFLAB		12,8 0,000			25,6 0,000		
EXOGNAID			12,8 0,000				
GLYC			12,8 0,002				
GLYCLAPI				12,8 0,000		12,8 0,062	
MAGEFILI						76,9 0,052	
MAGEJOHN						1884,6 2,313	
MAGEMIRA		25,6 0,274	12,8 0,123			12,8 0,058	
NEPY					38,5 0,022	51,3 0,026	
NEPYCIRR	38,5 0,438	141,0 0,079	12,8 0,021	64,1 2,031	51,3 1,048	38,5 0,307	51,3 0,241
NOTMLATE							38,5 1,451
OPHELIMA		25,6 1,138				12,8 0,021	
POCH							12,8 0,147
SCOSARMI			12,8 0,106				12,8 0,011
SPIOGONI		12,8 0,000					
SPIPBOMB		25,6 0,033			12,8 0,017	12,8 0,017	38,5 0,061
STREPTER		12,8 0,000					
Crustacea, Amphipoda							
BATY						141,0 0,024	
BATYELEG	12,8 0,004	12,8 0,004		12,8 0,004		256,4 0,077	
BATYGUIL						12,8 0,005	38,5 0,016
HAUTAREN			25,6 0,008				
MEUAGIL	12,8 0,004						
PONOALTA				12,8 0,004	51,3 0,015		
PONOARCT						12,8 0,004	
UROTPOSE						25,6 0,008	76,9 0,023
Crustacea, Cumacea							
PSEOLONG						12,8 0,003	38,5 0,008
PSEOSIMI	12,8 0,003						
Crustacea, Decapoda							
PROEMOMO					25,6 0,000		
Mollusca, Bivalvia							
TELYFERR						51,3 0,052	
TELNFABU						38,5 0,027	
TELNPYGM					12,8 0,002	25,6 0,045	
Mollusca, Gastropoda							
EUSRPULC						25,6 0,016	
Echinodermata							
ECHNCORD						12,8 2,637	12,8 1,664
Totals	89,7 0,512	294,9 1,535	89,7 0,260	89,7 2,039	217,9 1,167	307,7 3,311	3038,5 6,718

Density (n/m ²)	OFF31	OFF32	OFF33	OFF34	OFF35	OFF36
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	BREEVTN27	NOORDWK30	NOORDWK50	NOORDWK70	WALCRN30	WALCRN70
Soort code	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²
Nemertea						
NEMR	12,8	0,033		12,8	0,064	
Phoronida						
PHOR					128,2	0,038
Polychaeta						
AONIPAUC						38,5 0,000
ARIIMINU	25,6	0,000	25,6	0,004		
CHAZCHRI	12,8	0,000			25,6	0,000
ETEOLONG						25,6 0,004
EUZOFLAB						12,8 0,001
EXOGHEBE			12,8 0,000			
GLYC						25,6 0,005
GONAMACU	12,8	0,000		12,8	0,105	
MAGEFILI			12,8 0,000			
NEPY	38,5	0,008	128,2 0,166		89,7 0,090	51,3 0,084
NEPYCIRR	64,1	0,142	25,6 0,384	115,4 0,453	89,7 0,432	25,6 1,109
NEPYHOMB					12,8 0,195	12,8 0,045
NOTMLATE						12,8 0,011
OPHELIMA			38,5 0,168			12,8 0,006
POCH		12,8 0,081				
SCOIBONN		12,8 0,123				
SCOSARMI			25,6 0,053	25,6 0,053		
SPIOGONI						25,6 0,013
SPIPBOMB	25,6	0,033		12,8 0,017	12,8 0,017	25,6 0,032
STREPTER						25,6 0,035
						38,5 0,000
Crustacea, Amphipoda						
APHROVAL			12,8 0,004			
BATYLEG	166,7	0,050		76,9 0,023	205,1 0,062	64,1 0,019
BATYGUIL				76,9 0,032	38,5 0,016	25,6 0,011
MEGUAGIL	12,8	0,004		25,6 0,008	12,8 0,004	
SYNHMACU				12,8 0,004		
UROTBREV	89,7	0,033	38,5 0,014	25,6 0,009	76,9 0,028	
UROTPOSE					12,8 0,004	
Crustacea, Cumacea						
PSEO					51,3 0,010	
PSEOSIMI	12,8	0,003			51,3 0,010	12,8 0,003
Crustacea, Decapoda						
PROEPARV			25,6 0,502			
THIASCUT			12,8 0,711			
Mollusca, Bivalvia						
GOODTRIA						12,8 0,003
SPISSUBT		12,8 0,905				
TELNPYGM						115,4 0,099
Mollusca, Gastropoda						
EUSRPULC	12,8	0,034				12,8 0,004
Echinodermata						
ECHNCORD	12,8	0,008	12,8 3,246	38,5 12,442	12,8 1,664	
OPHUALBI	12,8	0,026		25,6 0,502		
OPHUOPHI						25,6 1,403
Totals	512,8	0,373	269,2	4,924	474,4	14,955
					589,7	2,598
					525,6	1,342
					448,7	1,713

Coastal area (COA),

Density and biomass of species

Density (n/m ²)	COA01	COA02	COA03	COA04	COA06	COA07	COA08			
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	WADDKT03 n/m ²	WADDKT04 g/m ²	HOLLSKT03 n/m ²	HOLLSKT02 g/m ²	WADDKT06 n/m ²	ROTTMPT3 g/m ²	TERSLG4 n/m ²			
Nemertea										
NEMR				12,8	0,169	38,5	0,193			
Oligochaeta										
TUCODIAZ	12,8	0,000								
Polychaeta										
CAITCAPI			89,7	0,020	25,6	0,002	51,3	0,025		
CHAZCHRI	12,8	0,003								
EUMISANG	25,6	0,011		76,9	0,034		38,5	0,001		
GATTICIRR	12,8	0,176								
LANCCONC	128,2	2,542		115,4	8,238		76,9	3,699		
MAGEFILI				12,8	0,000					
MAGEJOHN	25,6	0,016	64,1	0,253	153,8	0,606	12,8	0,019		
MAGEMIRA							38,5	0,001		
MALMDARB				25,6	0,362		12,8	0,193		
NEPY	51,3	0,069		89,7	0,097	51,3	0,022			
NEPYASSI				38,5	2,023	12,8	3,362			
NEPYCIRR		51,3	0,448				76,9	0,380		
NEPYHOMB					51,3	3,662	25,6	3,241		
NOTMLATE	12,8	0,385		89,7	3,677					
OWENFUSI	38,5	0,111		89,7	0,468	25,6	0,148	64,1	0,334	
PHYOMUCO	38,5	0,202			12,8	0,014				
POCH	12,8	1,685			12,8	0,319		12,8	0,016	
SIGLMATH				12,8	0,223					
SPIOMART				76,9	0,000	102,6	0,000	25,6	0,008	
SPIPBOMB	115,4	0,108	25,6	0,033	51,3	0,066		166,7	0,215	
							25,6	0,033	12,8	0,008
Crustacea, Amphipoda										
BATY								12,8	0,002	
BATYELEG							12,8	0,004		
BATYGUIL		25,6	0,011						153,8	0,046
LEUTINCI				51,3	0,020				25,6	0,010
MICUMACU							12,8	0,003		
ORCENANA				12,8	0,004					
PONOALTA					12,8	0,004	25,6	0,008		
PONOARCT				12,8	0,004		12,8	0,004		
UROTPOSE	166,7	0,050	12,8	0,004	307,7	0,092	38,5	0,012	192,3	0,058
									38,5	0,012
Crustacea, Cumacea										
PSEOLONG						12,8	0,003			
Crustacea, Decapoda										
CRONCRAN								12,8	0,006	
DIOPUGI							12,8	0,099		
LICAHOLS			12,8	0,063						
Mollusca, Bivalvia										
ABRAALBA	12,8	0,010		12,8	0,268	51,3	0,190	12,8	0,002	
DONXVITT		25,6	0,012						12,8	0,006
ENSI				12,8	0,523					
ENSIRARCU							12,8	23,980		
ENSIDIRE	141,0	103,2	51,3	62,159					44,9	74,523
KURLBIDE	192,3	0,128		25,6	0,008	38,5	0,004			
MACOBALT			89,7	0,757				38,5	0,755	
MYTIEDUL									12,8	0,000
SPISSUBT	12,8	0,004		12,8	0,082					
TELYFERR	679,5	0,306	12,8	0,001	435,9	0,231		76,9	0,032	
TELNFABU	25,6	0,419		25,6	0,369	12,8	0,120	25,6	0,804	
TELNTENU	12,8	0,169							51,3	0,002
Echinodermata										
ECHNCORD	487,2	101,1		89,7	16,517		25,6	4,841		
OPHUOPHI				12,8	0,541					
Totals	2217,9	210,7	448,7	63,740	1961,5	34,473	397,4	8,054	2807,7	45,542
									384,6	1,821
									2147,4	84,737

Density (n/m ²)	COA09	COA10	COA11	COA12	COA13	COA14	COA15							
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	HOLLSKTO4	NOORDWK2	NOORDWK10	VOORDTA2	VOORDTA3	VOORDTA4	VOORDTA5							
Soort code	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²							
Anthozoa														
ACNI						12,8	3,271							
Phoronida														
PHOR	12,8	0,004												
Oligochaeta														
TUCODIAZ						102,6	0,000							
Polychaeta														
APLOMARI						128,2	0,062							
CAITCAPI							38,5	0,002						
CHAZCHRI	64,1	0,000												
ETEOLONG				25,6	0,010		38,5	0,000						
EUNELONG						25,6	1,483	12,8	2,297					
LANCCONC			12,8	0,488										
MAGEFILI	51,3	0,000												
MAGEJOHN	25,6	0,101	51,3	0,092			1128,2	4,446						
MAGEMIRA							12,8	0,000						
MALMDARB			12,8	0,193										
NEPY	25,6	0,004	12,8	0,000	12,8	0,012		12,8	0,054					
NEPYASSI								12,8	1,492					
NEPYCIRR	64,1	0,231	12,8	0,044	89,7	0,294	89,7	0,537	25,6	0,236				
NEPYHOMB			25,6	0,509					115,4	0,826				
NOTMLATE	89,7	3,916		12,8	0,387			333,3	4,070	12,8	0,387			
OWENFUSI			38,5	0,054	12,8	0,067		64,1	1,733	12,8	0,067			
PHOEBALT								12,8	0,000					
POCH		12,8	0,000											
POYDCORN							12,8	0,000						
PYGOELEG							12,8	0,000						
SCOIBONN	12,8	0,042												
SIGLMATH	12,8	0,047												
SPIMART		25,6	0,005					76,9	0,000					
SPIPBOMB	12,8	0,017		12,8	0,017	141,0	0,133	12,8	0,017	166,7	0,215			
STSPSHRU								12,8	0,002					
Crustacea, Amphipoda														
BATYELEG	51,3	0,015			38,5	0,012	12,8	0,004		38,5	0,012			
GAMA								12,8	0,004					
LEUTINCI			12,8	0,005										
MEGUAGIL			12,8	0,004										
ORCENANA								1871,8	0,563					
PONOALTA		12,8	0,004											
PONOARCT	12,8	0,004				12,8	0,004		25,6	0,008				
SYNHMACU								12,8	0,004					
UROTOPSE	1282,1	0,385	25,6	0,008	115,4	0,035	51,3	0,015		12,8	0,004	756,4	0,227	
Crustacea, Cumacea														
DIATLUCI	12,8	0,003												
Crustacea, Decapoda														
CRONCRAN							38,5	0,017						
DIOPUGI		25,6	0,000											
LICAHOLS							12,8	5,672						
Mollusca, Bivalvia														
ABRAALBA							12,8	0,005						
ENSI	1,3	0,894												
ENSIDIRE		115,4	21,895	38,5	40,014	25,6	2,864		12,8	13,522	12,8	3,435		
KURLBIDE		12,8	0,004				12,8	0,007	128,2	0,070	64,1	0,011		
TELYFERR	89,7	0,015		12,8	0,002									
TELNFABU	141,0	1,631						6,4	0,003					
Mollusca, Gastropoda														
NASARETI								12,8						
POPYANTI						12,8								
Echinodermata														
ECHNCORD	25,6	4,841	12,8	1,466	12,8	11,977			12,8	6,659				
OPHALALBI								12,8	0,020					
OPHUOPHI				12,8	0,823									
Totals	1988,5	12,150	384,6	24,083	371,8	54,304	384,6	3,584	76,9	0,251	948,7	24,259	4480,8	26,400

Density (n/m ²)	COA16	COA17	COA18
Biomass (AFDW g/m ²)	TERHDE1	EGMAZE1	WADDKT08
Soort code	n/m ²	g/m ²	n/m ²
Polychaeta			
MAGEFILI			12,8 0,000
MAGEJOHN			38,5 0,152
NEPY		89,7 0,145	
NEPYCAEC	12,8 0,314		
NEPYCIRR		115,4 0,611	128,2 0,658
POCH	12,8 1,928	12,8 0,023	
SCOISQUA			12,8 0,001
SPIOMART	12,8 0,000		
Crustacea, Amphipoda			
BATYELEG		12,8 0,004	
BATYPELA			243,6 0,073
Mollusca, Bivalvia			
MACOBALT			12,8 0,005
Totals	38,5 2,242	230,8 0,783	448,7 0,889